Operator's Manual

ZAXIS
70-3
70LC-3
75US-3
80LCK-3
85USB-3

Hydraulic Excavator

Serial No.

080000	and up
080001	and up
060001	and up
080001	and up
080001	and up
	080000 080001 060001 080001

URL:http://www.hitachi-c-m.com

INTRODUCTION

Read this manual carefully to learn how to operate and service your machine correctly. Failure to do so could result in personal injury or machine damage.

This standard specification machine can be operated under the following conditions without being modified. Atmospheric Temperature: $-20 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $40 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($-4 \,^{\circ}\text{F}$ to $104 \,^{\circ}\text{F}$) Altitude: $0 \,^{\circ}\text{m}$ to $2000 \,^{\circ}\text{m}$ ($0 \,^{\circ}\text{f}$ to $6600 \,^{\circ}\text{f}$ t)

In case the machine is used under conditions other than described above, consult your nearest Hitachi dealer.

This manual should be considered a permanent part of your machine and should remain with the machine when you sell it.

This machine is of metric design. Measurements in this manual are metric. Use only metric hardware and tools as specified.

Right-hand and left-hand sides are determined by facing in the direction of forward travel.

Write product identification numbers in the Machine Numbers section. Accurately record all the numbers to help in tracing the machine should it be stolen. Your dealer also needs these numbers when you order parts. If this manual is kept on the machine, also file the identification numbers in a secure place off the machine.

Use only diesel fuel with quality specified in JIS K-2204, EN-590, ASTM D-975, GOST R52368 or GB252. Failure to use diesel fuel with quality as specified above may allow the engine to emit exhaust gas which cleanness can not conform to the requests in various relevant regulations. In addition, serious damage to the engine may result. Consult with your nearest Hitachi dealer for detailed information.

Warranty is provided as a part of Hitachi's support program for customers who operate and maintain their equipment as described in this manual. The warranty is explained on the warranty certificate which you should have received from your dealer.

This warranty provides you the assurance that Hitachi will back its products where defects appear within the warranty period. In some circumstances, Hitachi also provides field improvements, often without charge to the customer, even if the product is out of warranty.

Should the equipment be abused, or modified to change its performance beyond the original factory specifications, the warranty will become void and field improvements may be denied.

Setting fuel delivery above specifications or otherwise overpowering machines will result in such action.

Only qualified, experienced operators officially licensed (according to local law) should be allowed to operate the machine. Moreover, only officially licensed personnel should be allowed to inspect and service the machine.

PRIOR TO OPERATING THIS MACHINE, INCLUDING COMMUNICATION SYSTEM, IN A COUNTRY OTHER THAN A COUNTRY OF ITS INTENDED USE, IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO MAKE MODIFICATIONS TO IT SO THAT IT COMPLIES WITH THE LOCAL REGULATORY STANDARDS (INCLUDING SAFETY STANDARDS) AND LEGAL REQUIREMENTS OF THAT PARTICULAR COUNTRY. PLEASE DO NOT EXPORT OR OPERATE THIS MACHINE OUTSIDE OF THE COUNTRY OF ITS INTENDED USE UNTIL SUCH COMPLIANCE HAS BEEN CONFIRMED. PLEASE CONTACT HITACHI CONSTRUCTION MACHINERY CO., LTD. OR ANY OF OUR AUTHORIZED DISTRIBUTOR OR DEALER IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS CONCERNING COMPLIANCE.

All information, illustrations and specifications in this manual are based on the latest product information available at the time of publication. The right is reserved to make changes at any time without notice.

CALIFORNIA Proposition 65 Warning

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

INDEX (MACHINE NUMBERS BREAK-IN ERATING THE PERATING THE MACHINE ITENANCE UNDER SPECIAL ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS 「ORAGE

TROUBLESHOOTING

SPECIFICATIONS

OPTIONAL ATTACHMENTS AND DEVICES

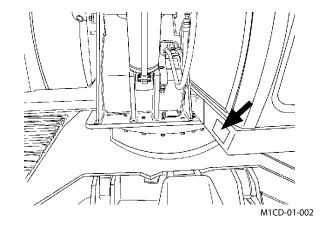
INDEX

MACHINE NUMBERS

The manufacturing Nos. explained in this group is the individual number (serial No.) given to each machine and hydraulic components. These numbers are requested when inquiring any information on the machine and/or components. Fill these serial Nos. in the blank spaces in this group to immediately make them available upon request.

MACHINE

TYPE:
PRODUCT
IDENTIFICATION
NUMBER:

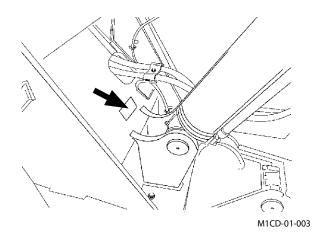


PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

PRODUCT
IDENTIFICATION
NUMBER:_____

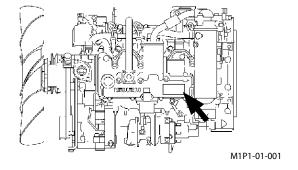
Marks to indicate the start and end of the PIN

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION
NUMBER (PIN)



ENGINE

TYPE:_____

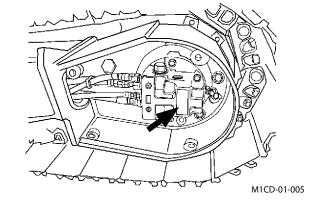


MACHINE NUMBERS

TRAVEL MOTOR

TYPE:____

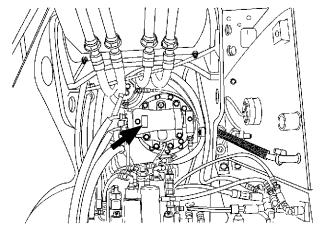
MFG. NO.:_____



SWING MOTOR

TYPE:_____

MFG. NO.:_____

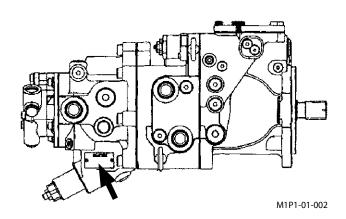


M1CD-07-004

HYDRAULIC PUMP

TYPE:_____

MFG. NO.:_____



MACHINE NUMBERS		Beware of Exhaust Fumes	
		Precautions for Welding and Grinding	
SAFETY		Avoid Heating Near Pressurized Fluid Lines	S-29
Recognize Safety Information	S-1	Avoid Applying Heat to Lines Containing	
Understand Signal Words	S-1	Flammable Fluids	
Follow Safety Instructions	S-2	Remove Paint Before Welding or Heating	
Prepare for Emergencies	S-3	Beware of Asbestos Dust	
Wear Protective Clothing	S-3	Prevent Battery Explosions	
Protect Against Noise	S-3	Service Air Conditioning System Safely	
Inspect Machine	S-4	Handle Chemical Products Safely	
General Precautions for Cab	S-4	Dispose of Waste Properly	
Use Handholds and Steps	S-5	Precaution for Communication Teaminal Equipmer	ıt S-32
Adjust the Operator's Seat	S-5		
Ensure Safety Before Rising From or		SAFETY SIGNS	S-33
Leaving Operator's Seat	S-5		
Fasten Your Seat Belt	S-6	COMPONENTS NAME	1-1
Move and Operate Machine Safely	S-6		
Handle Starting Aids Safely	S-6	GETTING ON/OFF THE MACHINE	1-2
Operate Only From Operator's Seat		GETTING ON/OTT THE MACHINE	1 2
Jump Starting		ODEDATOR/S STATION	
Keep Riders Off Machine		OPERATOR'S STATION	
Precautions for Operations		Cab Features	
Investigate Job Site Beforehand		Multi Function Monitor	
Equipment of Head Guard, Rops, Fops		Basic Screen	
Provide Signals for Jobs Involving Multiple		Monitor Operation	
Numbers of Machines	S-10	Displaying Basic Screen	
Confirm Direction of Machine to Be Driven		Hour Meter (8)	
Drive Machine Safely		Fuel Gauge (10)	
Avoid Injury From Rollaway Accidents		Clock (13)	
Avoid Injury From Back-over and Swing Accidents		Coolant Temperature Gauge (21)	
Keep Person Clear From Working Area		Back Monitor Screen Selector (14) (Optional)	
Never Position Bucket Over Anyone		Menu Key (15)	
Avoid Undercutting		Optional Function Keys (16, 17, 18 and 19)	
Avoid Tipping		Return to basic Screen Key (20)	
Never Undercut a High Bank		Menu Screen	
Dig with Caution		Alarm Occurrence Screen	
Operate with Caution		Alarm List	
Avoid Power Lines		Clock Setting	1-20
Precautions for Lightning		Maintenance Setting	1-21
Object Handling		Mail (Optional)	1-27
Protect Against Flying Debris		Password Revising (Optional)	1-29
Park Machine Safely		Back Monitor Setting (Optional)	1-32
Handle Fluids Safely—avoid Fires		Language Setting	1-35
Transport Safely		Monitoring	1-37
Practice Safe Maintenance		Switch Panel	1-38
Warn Others of Service Work		Engine Control Dial	1-40
Support Machine Properly		Auto-idle Switch	1-40
		Power Mode Switch	1-4 1
Stay Clear of Moving Parts Prevent Parts From Flying		Travel Mode Switch	1-4 1
		Work Light Switch	1-42
Store Attachments Safely		Wiper/Washer Switch	
Prevent Burns		Switch Panel (Optional)	
Replace Rubber Hoses Periodically		Key Switch	
Avoid High-pressure Fluids		Horn Switch	
Prevent Fires		Cigar Lighter	
Evacuating in Case of Fire	5-28	Cab Light	

Installing Fire Extinguisher (Optional)	1-49	Attachment Pedal (Hydraulic Breaker)	5-2
Pilot Control Shut-off Lever	1-50	Attachment Pedal (Hydraulic Crusher)	5-3
Engine Stop Knob	1-51	Blade Lever	5-4
Fuse Box	1-52	Precautions For Blade Operation	5-4
Auto Air Conditioner	1-53	Pilot Control Shut-off Lever	5-5
Cab Heater Operation	1-56	Warming-up Operation	5-6
Cooling Operation	1-57	Engine Speed Control	5-7
Defroster Operation		Auto-idle	
Tips for Optimal Air Conditioner Usage		Power Mode	
Cab Heater (Optional)		Operating Backhoe	
Cab Heater Operation		Grading Operation	
Defroster Operation		Face Shovel Operation	
AM/FM Radio Operation		Avoid Abusive Operation	
Cab Door Release Lever		Operating Tips	
Opening Upper Front Window		Select Correct Track Shoes	
Closing Upper Front Window		Avoid Hitting Blade With Front-end Attachment	
Removing and Storing Lower Front Window		Avoid Hitting Blade With Bucket	
Opening Side Windows		Avoid Striking The Blade Into A Rock	
Opening/Closing Overhead Window		Hydraulic Breaker and Hydraulic Crusher	
Emergency Exit		Pipings for Breaker and Crusher	
Adjusting the Seat		Secondary Relief Pressure Adjustment	
Adjusting the Seat (Optional)		Precautions for Breaker Operation	
Adjusting Console Height		Breaker Maintenance	
Seat Belt		Precautions for Crusher Operation	
Seat Deit	1-00	Attachment	
BREAK-IN		Attachment Connection Parts	
	2.1	Precaution for Arm Roll-in/bucket Roll-in	5-20
Observe Engine Operation Closely		Combined Operation If Headguard-integrated	
Every 8 Hours or Daily		Cab or Rainguard is Equipped	
After the First 50 Hours			3-27
After the First 100 Hours	2-1	When Installing an Attachment Longer Than Standard Bucket	<i>-</i> 27
OPERATING THE ENGINE		Shackle Hole Usage	
Inspect Machine Daily Before Starting		Overnight Storage Instructions	5-28
Before Starting Engine		Emergency Boom Lowering Procedure	F 20
Starting the Engine in Ordinary Temperature		(Without Hose-rupture Safety Valve)	
Starting in Cold Weather		Object Handling If Equipped	5-30
Check Instruments After Starting			
Using Booster Batteries	3-7	TRANSPORTING	
Stopping the Engine	3-9	Transporting by Road	
		Loading/Unloading on a Trailer	
DRIVING THE MACHINE		Machine Lifting Procedure	6-5
Drive the Machine Carefully	4-1		
Steering the Machine Using Pedals	4-2	MAINTENANCE	
Steering the Machine Using Levers	4-3	Correct Maintenance and Inspection Procedures	7-1
Travel Mode Switch		Check the Hour Meter Regularly	7-2
Travel Alarm (Optional)	4-5	Use Correct Fuels and Lubricants	7-2
Operating on Soft Ground		Layout	7-3
Raise One Track Using Boom and Arm		Maintenance Guide Table	
Towing Machine a Short Distance		Prepare Machine for Maintenance	7-6
Operating in Water or Mud		Hood and Access Covers	
Parking the Machine on Slopes		Periodic Replacement of Parts	
Parking the Machine		Use Electrical Outlet	
		Maintenance Guide	
OPERATING THE MACHINE		A. Greasing	
Control Lever (ISO Pattern)	5_1	Front Joint Pins	
CONTROL LEVEL (IDO I atterIII)	۱ -ر		_

	C. t D t	7 10	Classes I Dealers At a Conduction of Files	
	Swing Bearing		Clean and Replace Air Conditioner Filter	7.7
	Swing Internal Gear		Clean Filter	
_	Maintenance Blade Joint Pins		Replace Filter	
В.	Engine		Check the Air Conditioner	
	Engine Oil Level		Clean Cab Floor	
	Change Engine Oil		Check Injection Nozzle	
_	Replace Engine Oil Filter		Retighten Cylinder Head Bolt	
C.	Transmission		Inspect and Adjust Valve Clearance	
	Travel Reduction Gear		Check Fuel Injection Timing	
D.	Hydraulic System	7-26	Check Starter and Alternator	7-80
	Inspection and Maintenance of		Check and Replace EGR Device	7-80
	Hydraulic Equipment	7-26	Measure Engine Compression Pressure	7-80
	Breaker Maintenance	7-28	Check Tightening Torque of Bolts and Nuts	7-81
	Check Hydraulic Oil Level	7-29		
	Drain Hydraulic Oil Tank Sump	7-30	MAINTENANCE UNDER SPECIAL	
	Change Hydraulic Oil		ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS	
	Suction Filter Cleaning		Maintenance Under Special Environmental Condit	ions 9-1
	Replace Hydraulic Oil Tank Filter		Maintenance officer Special Environmental Conditi	10115 7
	Replace Pilot Oil Filter		STORAGE	
	Replace Swing Drain Filter Element			10 1
	Replace Air Breather Element		Storing the Machine	
	Check Hoses and Lines		Removing the Machine from Storage	10-2
	Service Recommendations for Hydraulic Fittings			
Ε.			TROUBLESHOOTING	
⊏,	Fuel System		Impossible to Start the Engine	11-1
	Drain Fuel Tank Sump		Engine	
	Check Water Separator		Electrical System	11- <i>6</i>
	Replace Fuel Filter Element		Mode Selection	11-8
	Clean Fuel Solenoid Pump Strainer		Control Levers	11-9
_	Check Fuel Hoses		Hydraulic System	11-10
F.	Air Cleaner		,	
	Clean the Air Cleaner Outer Element		SPECIFICATIONS	
	Replace the Air Cleaner Outer and Inner Elements.	7-51	Specifications	
G.	Cooling System		(ZX70-3, 70LC-3)	12-1
	Check Coolant Level	7-54	Working Ranges	12
	Check and Adjust Fan Belt Tension	7-55	(ZX70-3, 70LC-3)	12-2
	Change Coolant		Shoe Types and Applications	1 Z - Z
	Clean Radiator Interior		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10.2
	Clean Radiator, Oil Cooler and Inter Cooler Core		(ZX70-3, 70LC-3)	12-3
	Clean Oil Cooler, Radiator and Inter		Specifications	12 /
	Cooler Front Screen	7-57	(ZX75US-3)	12-4
	Clean Air Conditioner Condenser		Working Ranges	12.5
н	Electrical System		(ZX75US-3)	12-5
٠	Batteries		Shoe Types and Applications (with Blade)	
	Replace Batteries		(ZX75US-3)	12-6
	·		Specifications	
	Replacing Fuse Rev (Optional)		(ZX80LCK-3)	12-7
	Additional Fuse Box (Optional)		Working Ranges	
١.	Miscellaneous		(ZX80LCK-3)	12-8
	Check Bucket Teeth		Shoe Types and Applications	
	Change Bucket		(ZX80LCK-3)	12-9
	Convert Bucket Connection Into Face Shovel		Specifications	
	Adjust the Bucket Linkage		(ZX85USB-3)	12-10
	Remove the Travel Levers	7-70	Working Ranges	
	Check and Replace Seat Belt Check			12-11
		7-71	(ZX85USB-3)Shoe Types and Applications	12-11

OPTIONAL A	TTACHMENTS A	AND DEVICES
------------	--------------	-------------

Specifications
(ZX70-3, 70LC-3) (with Blade)13-1
Working Ranges
(ZX70-3, 70LC-3) (with Blade)13-2
Shoe Types and Applications
(ZX70-3, 70LC-3) (with Blade)13-3
Specifications
(ZX75US-3) (with Blade)13-4
Working Ranges
(ZX75US-3) (with Blade)13-5
Shoe Types and Applications
(ZX75US-3) (with Blade)13-6
Specifications
(ZX80LCK-3) (with Blade)13-7
Working Ranges
(ZX80LCK-3) (with Blade)13-8
Shoe Types and Applications
(ZX80LCK-3) (with Blade)13-9
Offset Arm Front13-10
Precautions For Operating With The Offset Function13-12
Maintenance13-13
Specifications
(ZX70-3,70LC-3) (with Offset Arm Front)13-14
Working Ranges
(ZX70-3,70LC-3) (with Offset Arm Front)13-17
Shoe Types and Applications
(ZX70-3,70LC-3) (with Offset Arm Front)13-18
Specifications
(ZX75US-3) (with Offset Arm Front)13-20
Working Ranges
(ZX75US-3) (with Offset Arm Front)13-21
Shoe Types and Applications
(ZX75US-3) (with Offset Arm Front)13-22
Registration/Registration
Cancellation Of Ordinary Operation Key13-23
Additional Registration Procedure13-24
Registration Deactivation Procedure
(To Make The Lost Key Unavailable)13-25
INDEX

RECOGNIZE SAFETY INFORMATION

- These are the **SAFETY ALERT SYMBOLS**.
 - When you see these symbols on your machine or in this manual, be alert to the potential for personal injury.
 - Follow recommended precautions and safe operating practices.





001-E01A-0001

SA-688

UNDERSTAND SIGNAL WORDS

- On machine safety signs, signal words designating the degree or level of hazard - DANGER, WARNING, or CAUTION - are used with the safety alert symbol.
 - **DANGER** indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
 - WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
 - CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.
 - DANGER or WARNING safety signs are located near specific hazards. General precautions are listed on CAUTION safety signs.
 - Some safety signs do not use any of the designated signal words above after the safety alert symbol are occasionally used on this machine.
- To avoid confusing machine protection with personal safety messages, a signal word IMPORTANT indicates a situation which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the machine.
- **ONOTE** indicates an additional explanation for an element of information.

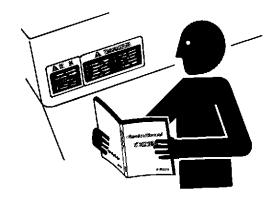
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FOLLOW SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

- Carefully read and follow all safety signs on the machine and all safety messages in this manual.
- Safety signs should be installed, maintained and replaced when necessary.
 - If a safety sign or this manual is damaged or missing, order a replacement from your authorized dealer in the same way you order other replacement parts (be sure to state machine model and serial number when ordering).
- Learn how to operate the machine and its controls correctly and safely.
- Allow only trained, qualified, authorized personnel to operate the machine.
- Keep your machine in proper working condition.
 - Unauthorized modifications of the machine may impair its function and/or safety and affect machine life.
 - Do not modify any machine parts without authorization.
 Failure to do so may deteriorate the part safety, function, and/or service life. In addition, personal accident, machine trouble, and/or damage to material caused by unauthorized modifications will void Hitachi Warranty Policy.
 - Do not use attachments and/or optional parts or equipment not authorized by Hitachi. Failure to do so may deteriorate the safety, function, and/or service life of the machine. In addition, personal accident, machine trouble, and/or damage to material caused by using unauthorized attachments and/or optional parts or equipment will void Hitachi Warranty Policy.
- The safety messages in this SAFETY chapter are intended to illustrate basic safety procedures of machines. However it is impossible for these safety messages to cover every hazardous situation you may encounter. If you have any questions, you should first consult your supervisor and/or your authorized dealer before operating or performing maintenance work on the machine.

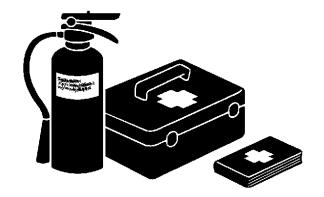
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PREPARE FOR EMERGENCIES

- Be prepared if a fire starts or if an accident occurs.
 - Keep a first aid kit and fire extinguisher on hand.
 - Thoroughly read and understand the label attached on the fire extinguisher to use it properly.
 - To ensure that a fire extinguisher can be always used when necessary, check and service the fire extinguisher at the recommended intervals as specified in the fire extinguisher manual.
 - Establish emergency procedure guidelines to cope with fires and accidents.
 - Keep emergency numbers for doctors, ambulance service, hospital, and fire department posted near your telephone.

004-E01A-0437



SA-437

WEAR PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

Wear close fitting clothing and safety equipment appropriate to the job.

You may need:

A hard hat

Safety shoes

Safety glasses, goggles, or face shield

Heavy gloves

Hearing protection

Reflective clothing

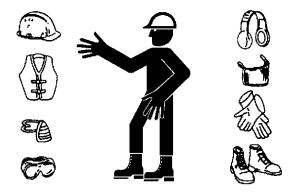
Wet weather gear

Respirator or filter mask.

Be sure to wear the correct equipment and clothing for the job. Do not take any chances.

- Avoid wearing loose clothing, jewelry, or other items that can catch on control levers or other parts of the machine.
- Operating equipment safely requires the full attention of the operator. Do not wear radio or music headphones while operating the machine.

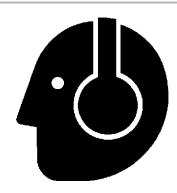
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SA-438

PROTECT AGAINST NOISE

- Prolonged exposure to loud noise can cause impairment or loss of hearing.
 - Wear a suitable hearing protective device such as earmuffs or earplugs to protect against objectionable or uncomfortably loud noises.



006-E01A-0434

INSPECT MACHINE

- Inspect your machine carefully each day or shift by walking around it before you start it to avoid personal injury.
 - In the walk-around inspection be sure to cover all points described in the "PRE-START INSPECTION" chapter in the operator's manual.



SA-435

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS FOR CAB

- Before entering the cab, thoroughly remove all dirt and/ or oil such as mud, grease, soil or stones that may mess up the cab from the soles of your work boots. If any controls such as a pedal is operated while with dirt and/or oil on the soles of the operator's work boots the operator' s foot may slip off the pedal, possibly resulting in a personal accident.
- Do not mess up around the operator's seat with parts, tools, soil, stones, obstacles that may fold up or turn over, cans or lunch box. The levers or pedals become inoperable if obstacle jams in operation stroke of the travel levers/pedals, pilot control shut-off lever or control levers, which may result in serious injury or death.
- Avoid storing transparent bottles in the cab. Do not attach any transparent type window decorations on the windowpanes as they may focus sunlight, possibly starting a fire.
- Refrain from listening to the radio, or using music headphones or mobile telephones in the cab while operating the machine.
- Keep all flammable objects and/or explosives away from the machine.
- After using the ashtray, always cover it to extinguish the match and/or tobacco.
- Do not leave cigarette lighters in the cab. When the temperature in the cab increases, the lighter may explode.
- Use proper floor mat dedicated to the machine. If another floor mat is used, it may be displaced and contact with the travel pedals during operation, resulting in serious injury or death.

524-E01A-0000

USE HANDHOLDS AND STEPS

- Falling is one of the major causes of personal injury.
 - When you get on and off the machine, always face the machine and maintain a three-point contact with the steps and handrails.
 - Do not use any controls as hand-holds.
 - Never jump on or off the machine. Never mount or dismount a moving machine.
 - Be careful of slippery conditions on platforms, steps, and handrails when leaving the machine.



SA-439

008-E01A-0439

ADJUST THE OPERATOR'S SEAT

- A poorly adjusted seat for either the operator or for the work at hand may quickly fatigue the operator leading to misoperations.
 - The seat should be adjusted whenever changing the operator for the machine.
 - The operator should be able to fully depress the pedals and to correctly operate the control levers with his back against the seat back.
 - If not, move the seat forward or backward, and check again.
 - Adjust the rear view mirror position so that the best rear visibility is obtained from the operator's seat. If the mirror is broken, immediately replace it with a new one.



SA-378

009-E01A-0462

ENSURE SAFETY BEFORE RISING FROM OR LEAV-ING OPERATOR'S SEAT

- Before rising from the operator's seat to open/close either side window or to adjust the seat position, be sure to first lower the front attachment to the ground and then move the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position. Failure to do so may allow the machine to unexpectedly move when a body part unintentionally comes in contact with a control lever, possibly resulting in serious personal injury or death.
- Before leaving the machine, be sure to first lower the front attachment to the ground and then move the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position. Turn the key switch OFF to stop the engine.
- Before leaving the machine, close all windows, doors, and access covers and lock them up.

FASTEN YOUR SEAT BELT

- If the machine should overturn, the operator may become injured and/or thrown from the cab. Additionally the operator may be crushed by the overturning machine, resulting in serious injury or death.
 - Prior to operating the machine, thoroughly examine webbing, buckle and attaching hardware. If any item is damaged or worn, replace the seat belt or component before operating the machine.
 - Be sure to remain seated with the seat belt securely fastened at all times when the machine is in operation to minimize the chance of injury from an accident.
 - We recommend that the seat belt be replaced every three years regardless of its apparent condition.



SA-237

010-E01A-0237

MOVE AND OPERATE MACHINE SAFELY

- Bystanders can be run over.
 - Take extra care not to run over bystanders. Confirm the location of bystanders before moving, swinging, or operating the machine.
 - Always keep the travel alarm and horn in working condition (if equipped). It warns people when the machine starts to move.
 - Use a signal person when moving, swinging, or operating the machine in congested areas. Coordinate hand signals before starting the machine.
 - Use appropriate illumination. Check that all lights are operable before operating the machine. If any faulty illumination is present, immediately repair it.



SA-426

011-E01A-0398

HANDLE STARTING AIDS SAFELY

Starting fluid:

- Starting fluid is highly flammable.
 - Keep all sparks and flame away when using it.
 - Keep starting fluid well away from batteries and cables.
 - Remove container from machine if engine does not need starting fluid.
 - To prevent accidental discharge when storing a pressurized container, keep the cap on the container, and store it in a cool, well-protected location.
 - Do not incinerate or puncture a starting fluid container.



SA-293

036-E01A-0293-3

OPERATE ONLY FROM OPERATOR'S SEAT

- Inappropriate engine starting procedures may cause the machine to runaway, possibly resulting in serious injury or death.
 - Start the engine only when seated in the operator's seat.
 - NEVER start the engine while standing on the track or on ground.
 - Do not start engine by shorting across starter terminals.
 - Before starting the engine, confirm that all control levers are in neutral.
 - Before starting the engine, confirm the safety around the machine and sound the horn to alert bystanders.

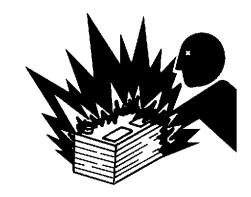


SA-444

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JUMP STARTING

- Battery gas can explode, resulting in serious injury.
 - If the engine must be jump started, be sure to follow the instructions shown in the "OPERATING THE ENGINE" chapter in the operator's manual.
 - The operator must be in the operator's seat so that the machine will be under control when the engine starts. Jump starting is a two-person operation.
 - Never use a frozen battery.
 - Failure to follow correct jump starting procedures could result in a battery explosion or a runaway machine.



SA-032

S013-E01A-0032

KEEP RIDERS OFF MACHINE

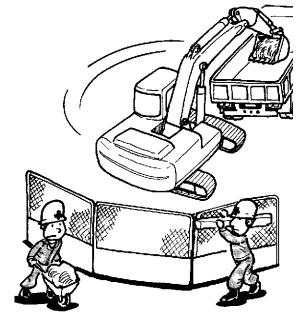
- Riders on machine are subject to injury such as being struck by foreign objects and being thrown off the machine.
 - Only the operator should be on the machine. Keep riders off.
 - Riders also obstruct the operator's view, resulting in the machine being operated in an unsafe manner.



014-E01B-0427

PRECAUTIONS FOR OPERATIONS

- Investigate the work site before starting operations.
 - Be sure to wear close fitting clothing and safety equipment appropriate for the job, such as a hard hat, etc. when operating the machine.
 - Clear all persons and obstacles from area of operation and machine movement.
 Always beware of the surroundings while operating.
 When working in a small area surrounded by obstacles, take care not to hit the upperstructure against obstacles.
 - When loading onto trucks, bring the bucket over the truck beds from the rear side. Take care not to swing the bucket over the cab or over any person.



M178-05-007

INVESTIGATE JOB SITE BEFOREHAND

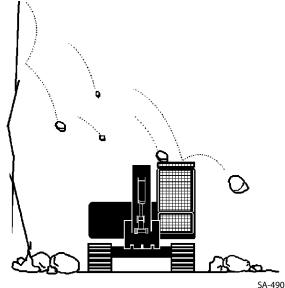
- When working at the edge of an excavation or on a road shoulder, the machine could tip over, possibly resulting in serious injury or death.
 - Investigate the configuration and ground conditions of the job site beforehand to prevent the machine from falling and to prevent the ground, stockpiles, or banks from collapsing.
 - Make a work plan. Use machines appropriate to the work and job site.
 - Reinforce ground, edges, and road shoulders as necessary.
 Keep the machine well back from the edges of excavations and road shoulders.
 - When working on an incline or on a road shoulder, employ a signal person as required.
 - Confirm that your machine is equipped a FOPS cab before working in areas where the possibility of falling stones or debris exist.
 - When the footing is weak, reinforce the ground before starting work.
 - When working on frozen ground, be extremely alert. As ambient temperatures rise, footing becomes loose and slippery.
 - Beware the possibility of fire when operating the machine near flammable objects such as dry grass.
- Make sure the work site has sufficient strength to firmly support the machine.
 - When working close to an excavation or at road shoulders, operate the machine with the tracks positioned perpendicular to the cliff face with travel motors at the rear, so that the machine can more easily evacuate if the cliff face collapses.
- If working on the bottom of a cliff or a high bank is required, be sure to investigate the area first and confirm that no danger of the cliff or bank collapsing exists. If any possibility of cliff or bank collapsing exists, do not work on the area.
- Soft ground may collapse when operating the machine on it, possibly causing the machine to tip over. When working on soft ground is required, be sure to reinforce the ground first using large pieces of steel plates strong and firm enough to easily support the machine.
- Note that there is always a possibility of machine tipping over when working on rough terrain or on slopes. Prevent machine tipping over from occurring. When operating on rough terrain or on slopes:
 - Reduce the engine speed.
 - · Select slow travel speed mode.
 - Operate the machine slowly and be cautious with machine movements.



EQUIPMENT OF HEAD GUARD, ROPS, FOPS

In case the machine is operated in areas where the possibility of falling stones or debris exist, equip a head guard, ROPS, or FOPS according to the potential hazardous conditions. (The standard cab for this machine corresponds to ROPS and FOPS.)

ROPS: Roll-Over Protective Structure FOPS: Falling Object Protective Structure



PROVIDE SIGNALS FOR JOBS INVOLVING MUL-**TIPLE NUMBERS OF MACHINES**

• For jobs involving multiple numbers of machines, provide signals commonly known by all personnel involved. Also, appoint a signal person to coordinate the job site. Make sure that all personnel obey the signal person's directions.

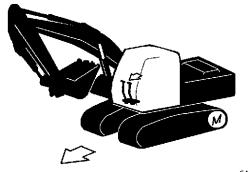


SA-481

018-E01A-0481

CONFIRM DIRECTION OF MACHINE TO BE DRIVEN

- Incorrect travel pedal/lever operation may result in serious injury death.
 - Before driving the machine, confirm the position of the undercarriage in relation to the operator's position. If the travel motors are located in front of the cab, the machine will move in reverse when travel pedals/levers are operated to the front.

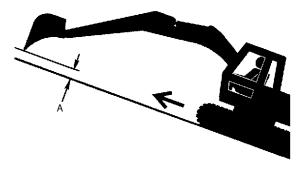


SA-491

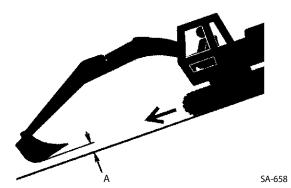
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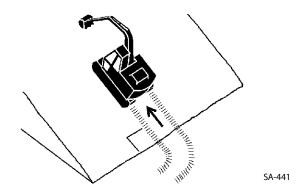
DRIVE MACHINE SAFELY

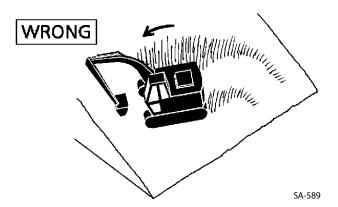
- Before driving the machine, always confirm that the travel levers/pedals direction corresponds to the direction you wish to drive.
 - Be sure to detour around any obstructions.
 - Avoid traveling over obstructions. Soil, fragments of rocks, and/or metal pieces may scatter around the machine. Do not allow personnel to stay around the machine while traveling.
- Driving on a slope may cause the machine to slip or overturn, possibly resulting in serious injury or death.
 - Never attempt to ascend or descend 35 degrees or steeper slopes.
 - Be sure to fasten the seat belt.
 - When driving up or down a slope, keep the bucket facing the direction of travel, approximately 0.5 to 1.0 m (A) above the ground.
 - If the machine starts to skid or becomes unstable, immediately lower the bucket to the ground and stop.
 - Driving across the face of a slope or steering on a slope may cause the machine to skid or turnover. If the direction must be changed, move the machine to level ground, then, change the direction to ensure safe operation.
 - Avoid swinging the upperstructure on slopes. Never attempt to swing the upperstructure downhill. The machine may tip over. If swinging uphill is unavoidable, carefully operate the upperstructure and boom at slow speed.
 - If the engine stalls on a slope, immediately lower the bucket to the ground. Return the control levers to neutral. Then, restart the engine.
 - Be sure to thoroughly warm up the machine before ascending steep slopes. If hydraulic oil has not warmed up sufficiently, sufficient performance may not be obtained.



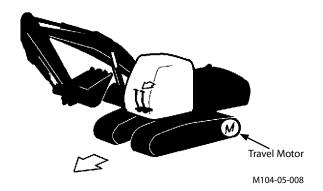


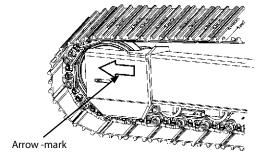




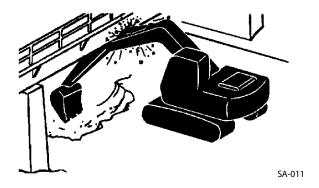


- Use a signal person when moving, swinging or operating the machine in congested areas. Coordinate hand signals before starting the machine.
- Before moving machine, determine which way to move travel pedals/levers for the direction you want to go.
 When the travel motors are in the rear, pushing down on the front of the travel pedals or pushing the levers forward moves the machine forward, towards the idlers.
 An arrow-mark seal is stuck on the inside surface of the side frame to indicate the machine front direction.
- Select a travel route that is as flat as possible. Steer the machine as straight as possible, making small gradual changes in direction.
- Before traveling on them, check the strengths of bridges and road shoulders, and reinforce if necessary.
- Use wood plates in order not to damage the road surface.
 Be careful of steering when operating on asphalt roads in summer.
- When crossing train tracks, use wood plates in order not to damage them.
- Do not make contact with electric wires or bridges.
- When crossing a river, measure the depth of the river using the bucket, and cross slowly. Do not cross the river when the depth of the river is deeper than the upper edge of the upper roller.
- When traveling on rough terrain, reduce engine speed.
 Select slow travel speed. Slower speed will reduce possible damage to the machine.
- Avoid operations that may damage the track and undercarriage components.
- During freezing weather, always clean snow and ice from track shoes before loading and unloading machine, to prevent the machine from slipping.





M178-03-001



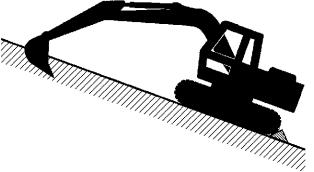
AVOID INJURY FROM ROLLAWAY ACCIDENTS

• Death or serious injury may result if you attempt to mount or stop a moving machine.

To avoid rollaways:

- Select level ground when possible to park the machine.
- Do not park the machine on a grade.
- Lower the bucket and/or other work tools to the ground.
- Turn the auto-idle switch OFF.
- Run the engine at slow idle speed without load for 5 minutes to cool down the engine.
- Stop the engine and remove the key from the key switch.
- Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to LOCK position.
- Block both tracks and lower the bucket to the ground.
 Thrust the bucket teeth into the ground if you must park on a grade.
- · Position the machine to prevent rolling.
- Park a reasonable distance from other machines.





020-E02A-0493

AVOID INJURY FROM BACK-OVER AND SWING ACCIDENTS

 If any person is present near the machine when backing or swinging the upperstructure, the machine may hit or run over that person, resulting in serious injury or death.

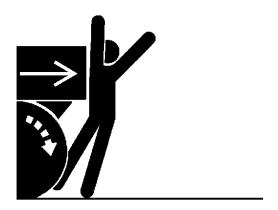
To avoid back-over and swing accidents:

- Always look around BEFORE YOU BACK UP AND SWING THE MACHINE. BE SURE THAT ALL BYSTANDERS ARE CLEAR.
- Keep the travel alarm in working condition (if equipped).
 ALWAYS BE ALERT FOR BYSTANDERS MOVING INTO THE WORK AREA. USE THE HORN OR OTHER SIGNAL TO WARN BYSTANDERS BEFORE MOVING MACHINE.
- USE A SIGNAL PERSON WHEN BACKING UP IF YOUR VIEW IS OBSTRUCTED. ALWAYS KEEP THE SIGNAL PERSON IN VIEW.

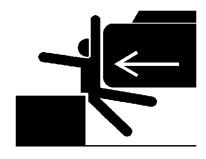
Use hand signals, which conform to your local regulations, when work conditions require a signal person.

- No machine motions shall be made unless signals are clearly understood by both signalman and operator.
- Learn the meanings of all flags, signs, and markings used on the job and confirm who has the responsibility for signaling.
- Keep windows, mirrors, and lights clean and in good condition.
- Dust, heavy rain, fog, etc., can reduce visibility. As visibility decreases, reduce speed and use proper lighting.
- Read and understand all operating instructions in the operator's manual.



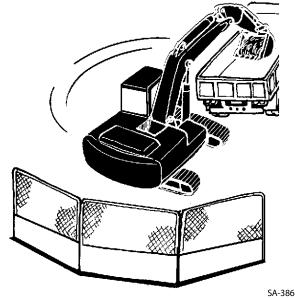


SA-383



KEEP PERSON CLEAR FROM WORKING AREA

- A person may be hit severely by the swinging front attachment or counterweight and/or may be crushed against an other object, resulting in serious injury or death.
 - Keep all persons clear from the area of operation and machine movement.
 - Before operating the machine, set up barriers to the sides and rear area of the bucket swing radius to prevent anyone from entering the work area.



022-E01A-0386

NEVER POSITION BUCKET OVER ANYONE

• Never lift, move, or swing bucket above anyone or a truck cab.

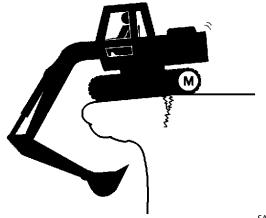
Serious injury or machine damage may result due to bucket load spill or due to collision with the bucket.



023-E01A-0487

AVOID UNDERCUTTING

- In order to retreat from the edge of an excavation if the footing should collapse, always position the undercarriage perpendicular to the edge of the excavation with the travel motors at the rear.
 - · If the footing starts to collapse and if retreat is not possible, do not panic. Often, the machine can be secured by lowering the front attachment, in such cases.



024-E01A-0488

AVOID TIPPING

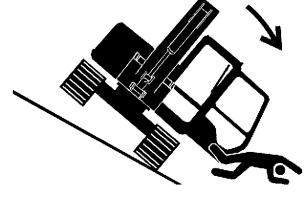
DO NOT ATTEMPT TO JUMP CLEAR OF TIPPING MACHINE ---SERIOUS OR FATAL CRUSHING INJURIES WILL RESULT MACHINE WILL TIP OVER FASTER THAN YOU CAN JUMP FREE

FASTEN YOUR SEAT BELT

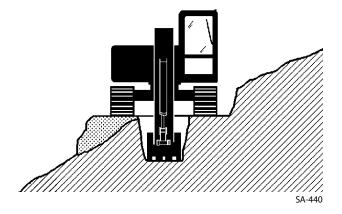
• The danger of tipping is always present when operating on a grade, possibly resulting in serious injury or death.

To avoid tipping:

- Be extra careful before operating on a grade.
 - Prepare machine operating area flat.
 - Keep the bucket low to the ground and close to the machine.
 - Reduce operating speeds to avoid tipping or slipping.
 - Avoid changing direction when traveling on grades.
 - NEVER attempt to travel across a grade steeper than 15 degrees if crossing the grade is unavoidable.
 - Reduce swing speed as necessary when swinging loads.
- Be careful when working on frozen ground.
 - Temperature increases will cause the ground to become soft and make ground travel unstable.



SA-012



025-E03B-0463

NEVER UNDERCUT A HIGH BANK

• The edges could collapse or a land slide could occur causing serious injury or death.

026-E01A-0519

DIG WITH CAUTION

- Accidental severing of underground cables or gas lines may cause an explosion and/or fire, possibly resulting in serious injury or death.
 - Before digging check the location of cables, gas lines, and water lines.
 - Keep the minimum distance required, by law, from cables, gas lines, and water lines.
 - If a fiber optic cable should be accidentally severed, do not look into the end. Doing so may result in serious eye injury.
 - Contact your local "diggers hot line" if available in your area, and/or the utility companies directly.
 Have them mark all underground utilities.



027-E01A-0382

OPERATE WITH CAUTION

- If the front attachment or any other part of the machine hits against an overhead obstacle, such as a bridge, both the machine and the overhead obstacle will be damaged, and personal injury may result as well.
 - Take care to avoid hitting overhead obstacles with the boom or arm.



SA-389

028-E01A-0389

AVOID POWER LINES

- Serious injury or death can result if the machine or front attachments are not kept a safe distance from electric lines.
 - When operating near an electric line, NEVER move any part of the machine or load closer than 3 m plus twice the line insulator length.
 - Check and comply with any local regulations that may apply.
 - Wet ground will expand the area that could cause any person on it to be affected by electric shock. Keep all bystanders or co-workers away from the site.





SA-381

PRECAUTIONS FOR LIGHTNING

- The machine is vulnerable to lightning strikes.
 - In the event of an electrical storm, immediately stop operation, and lower the bucket to the ground. Evacuate to a safe place far away from the machine.
 - After the electrical storm has passed, check all of the machine safety devices for any failure. If any failed safety devices are found, operate the machine only after repairing them.

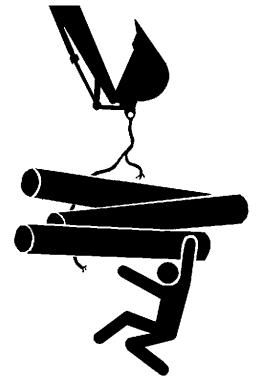




SA-1088

OBJECT HANDLING

- If a lifted load should fall, any person nearby may be struck by the falling load or may be crushed underneath it, resulting in serious injury or death.
 - When using the machine for craning operations, be sure to comply with all local regulations.
 - Do not use damaged chains or frayed cables, sables, slings, or ropes.
 - Before craning, position the upperstructure with the travel motors at the rear.
 - Move the load slowly and carefully. Never move it suddenly.
 - Keep all persons well away from the load.
 - Never move a load over a person's head.
 - Do not allow anyone to approach the load until it is safely and securely situated on supporting blocks or on the ground.
 - Never attach a sling or chain to the bucket teeth. They may come off, causing the load to fall.

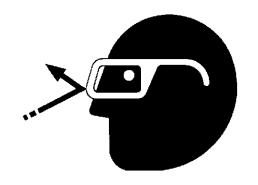


032-E01A-0132

PROTECT AGAINST FLYING DEBRIS

- If flying debris hit eyes or any other part of the body, serious injury may result.
 - Guard against injury from flying pieces of metal or debris; wear goggles or safety glasses.
 - Keep bystanders away from the working area before striking any object.

031-E01A-0432



SA-432

PARK MACHINE SAFELY

To avoid accidents:

- Park machine on a firm, level surface.
- Lower bucket to the ground.
- Turn auto-idle switch OFF.
- Run engine at slow idle speed without load for 5 minutes.
- Turn key switch to OFF to stop engine.
- · Remove the key from the key switch.
- Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position.
- Close windows, roof vent, and cab door.
- · Lock all access doors and compartments.



SA-390

HANDLE FLUIDS SAFELY-AVOID FIRES

- Handle fuel with care; it is highly flammable. If fuel ignites, an explosion and/or a fire may occur, possibly resulting in serious injury or death.
 - Do not refuel the machine while smoking or when near open flame or sparks.
 - Always stop the engine before refueling the machine.
 - · Fill the fuel tank outdoors.
- All fuels, most lubricants, and some coolants are flammable.
 - Store flammable fluids well away from fire hazards.
 - Do not incinerate or puncture pressurized containers.
 - Do not store oily rags; they can ignite and burn spontaneously.
 - Securely tighten the fuel and oil filler cap.

034-E01A-0496



SA-018

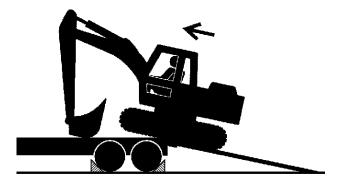


TRANSPORT SAFELY

- Take care the machine may turn over when loading or unloading the machine onto or off of a truck or trailer.
 - Observe the related regulations and rules for safe transportation.
 - Select an appropriate truck or trailer for the machine to be transported.
 - Be sure to use a signal person.
 - Always follow the following precautions for loading or unloading:
 - 1. Select solid and level ground.
 - 2. Always use a ramp or deck strong enough to support the machine weight.
 - 3. Turn auto-idle switch OFF.
 - Always select the slow speed mode with the travel mode switch.
 - 5. Never load or unload the machine onto or off a truck or trailer using the front attachment functions when driving up or down the ramp.
 - 6. Never steer the machine while on the ramp. If the traveling direction must be changed while the ramp, unload the machine from the ramp, reposition the machine on the ground, then try loading again.
 - 7. The top end of the ramp where it meets the flatbed is a sudden bump. Take care when traveling over it.
 - 8. Place blocks in front of and behind the tires. Securely hold the machine to the truck or trailer deck with wire ropes.

Be sure to further follow the details described in the TRANS-PORTING section.





PRACTICE SAFE MAINTENANCE

To avoid accidents:

- Understand service procedures before starting work.
- Keep the work area clean and dry.
- Do not spray water or steam inside cab.
- Never lubricate or service the machine while it is moving.
- Keep hands, feet and clothing away from power-driven parts.

Before servicing the machine:

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface.
- 2. Lower the bucket to the ground.
- 3. Turn the auto-idle switch off.
- 4. Run the engine at slow idle speed without load for 5 min-
- 5. Turn the key switch to OFF to stop engine.
- 6. Relieve the pressure in the hydraulic system by moving the control levers several times.
- 7. Remove the key from the key switch.
- 8. Attach a "Do Not Operate" tag on the control lever.
- 9. Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position.
- 10. Allow the engine to cool.
- If a maintenance procedure must be performed with the engine running, do not leave the machine unattended.
- If the machine must be raised, maintain a 90 to 110° angle between the boom and arm. Securely support any machine elements that must be raised for service work.
- Inspect certain parts periodically and repair or replace as necessary. Refer to the section discussing that part in the "MAINTENANCE" chapter of this manual.
- Keep all parts in good condition and properly installed.
- Fix damage immediately. Replace worn or broken parts. Remove any buildup of grease, oil, or debris.
- When cleaning parts, always use nonflammable detergent oil. Never use highly flammable oil such as fuel oil and gasoline to clean parts or surfaces.
- Disconnect battery ground cable (–) before making adjustments to electrical systems or before performing welding on the machine.

500-E02C-0520



SA-028



- Sufficiently illuminate the work site. Use a maintenance work light when working under or inside the machine.
- Always use a work light protected with a guard. In case the light bulb is broken, spilled fuel, oil, antifreeze fluid, or window washer fluid may catch fire.



SA-037

WARN OTHERS OF SERVICE WORK

- Unexpected machine movement can cause serious injury.
 - Before performing any work on the machine, attach a "Do Not Operate" tag on the control lever.

This tag is available from your authorized dealer.



501-E01A-0287

SS2045102

SUPPORT MACHINE PROPERLY

- Never attempt to work on the machine without securing the machine first.
 - Always lower the attachment to the ground before you work on the machine.
 - If you must work on a lifted machine or attachment, securely support the machine or attachment. Do not support the machine on cinder blocks, hollow tires, or props that may crumble under continuous load. Do not work under a machine that is supported solely by a jack.

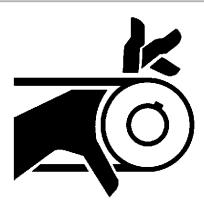


SA-527

519-E01A-0527

STAY CLEAR OF MOVING PARTS

- Entanglement in moving parts can cause serious injury.
 - To prevent accidents, care should be taken to ensure that hands, feet, clothing, jewelry and hair do not become entangled when working around rotating parts.



502-E01A-0026

PREVENT PARTS FROM FLYING

- Grease in the track adjuster is under high pressure.
 Failure to follow the precautions below may result in serious injury, blindness, or death.
 - Do not attempt to remove GREASE FITTING or VALVE AS-SEMBLY.
 - As pieces may fly off, be sure to keep body and face away from valve.
 - Never attempt to disassemble the track adjuster. Inadvertent disassembling of the track adjuster may cause the parts such as a spring to fly off, possibly resulting in severe personal injury or death.
- Travel reduction gears are under pressure.
 - As pieces may fly off, be sure to keep body and face away from AIR RELEASE PLUG to avoid injury.
 - GEAR OIL is hot. Wait for GEAR OIL to cool, then gradually loosen AIR RELEASE PLUG to release pressure.





SA-344

503-E01B-0344

STORE ATTACHMENTS SAFELY

- Stored attachments such as buckets, hydraulic hammers, and blades can fall and cause serious injury or death.
 - Securely store attachments and implements to prevent falling. Keep children and bystanders away from storage areas.



504-E01A-0034

PREVENT BURNS

Hot spraying fluids:

After operation, engine coolant is hot and under pressure.
 Hot water or steam is contained in the engine, radiator and heater lines.

Skin contact with escaping hot water or steam can cause severe burns.

- To avoid possible injury from hot spraying water. DO NOT remove the radiator cap until the engine is cool. When opening, turn the cap slowly to the stop. Allow all pressure to be released before removing the cap.
- The hydraulic oil tank is pressurized. Again, be sure to release all pressure before removing the cap.



 Engine oil, gear oil and hydraulic oil also become hot during operation.

The engine, hoses, lines and other parts become hot as well.

• Wait for the oil and components to cool before starting any maintenance or inspection work.



SA-039



SA-225

505-E01B-0498

REPLACE RUBBER HOSES PERIODICALLY

- Rubber hoses that contain flammable fluids under pressure may break due to aging, fatigue, and abrasion. It is very difficult to gauge the extent of deterioration due to aging, fatigue, and abrasion of rubber hoses by inspection alone.
 - Periodically replace the rubber hoses. (See the page of "Periodic replacement of parts" in the operator's manual.)
- Failure to periodically replace rubber hoses may cause a fire, fluid injection into skin, or the front attachment to fall on a person nearby, which may result in severe burns, gangrene, or otherwise serious injury or death.



SA-019

S506-E01A-0019

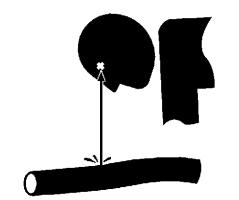
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AVOID HIGH-PRESSURE FLUIDS

- Fluids such as diesel fuel or hydraulic oil under pressure can penetrate the skin or eyes causing serious injury, blindness or death.
 - Avoid this hazard by relieving pressure before disconnecting hydraulic or other lines.
 - Tighten all connections before applying pressure.
 - Search for leaks with a piece of cardboard; take care to protect hands and body from high-pressure fluids. Wear a face shield or goggles for eye protection.
 - If an accident occurs, see a doctor familiar with this type of injury immediately. Any fluid injected into the skin must be surgically removed within a few hours or gangrene may result.

SAL

SA-031



SA-292



SAFETY

PREVENT FIRES

Check for Oil Leaks:

- Fuel, hydraulic oil and lubricant leaks can lead to fires.
 - Check for oil leaks due to missing or loose clamps, kinked hoses, lines or hoses that rub against each other, damage to the oil-cooler, and loose oil-cooler flange bolts.
 - Tighten, repair or replace any missing, loose or damaged clamps, lines, hoses, oil-cooler and oil-cooler flange bolts.
 - Do not bend or strike high-pressure lines.
 - Never install bent or damaged lines, pipes, or hoses.

SA-019

Check for Shorts:

- Short circuits can cause fires.
 - Clean and tighten all electrical connections.
 - Check before each shift or after eight (8) to ten (10) hours operation for loose, kinked, hardened or frayed electrical cables and wires.
 - Check before each shift or after eight (8) to ten (10) hours operation for missing or damaged terminal caps.
 - DO NOT OPERATE MACHINE if cable or wires are loose, kinked, etc..

SAFETY

Clean up Flammables:

- Spilled fuel and oil, and trash, grease, debris, accumulated coal dust, and other flammables may cause fires.
 - Prevent fires by inspecting and cleaning the machine daily, and by removing adhered oil or accumulated flammables immediately. Check and clean high temperature parts such as the exhaust outlet and mufflers earlier than the normal interval.
 - Do not wrap high temperature parts such as a muffler or exhaust pipe with oil absorbents.
 - Do not store oily cloths as they are vulnerable to catching fire.
 - Keep flammables away from open flames.
 - Do not ignite or crush a pressurized or sealed container.
- Wire screens may be provided on openings on the engine compartment covers to prevent flammables such as dead leaves from entering. However, flammables which have passed through the wire screen may cause fires. Check and clean the machine every day and immediately remove accumulated flammables.

Check Key Switch:

• If a fire breaks out, failure to stop the engine will escalate the fire, hampering fire fighting.

Always check key switch function before operating the machine every day:

- 1. Start the engine and run it at slow idle.
- 2. Turn the key switch to the OFF position to confirm that the engine stops.
- If any abnormalities are found, be sure to repair them before operating the machine.

508-E02B-0019

Check Heat Shields:

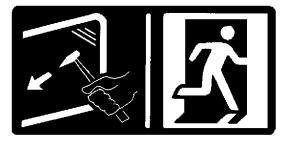
- Damaged or missing heat shields may lead to fires.
 - Damaged or missing heat shields must be repaired or replaced before operating the machine.

508-E02A-0393

EVACUATING IN CASE OF FIRE

- If a fire breaks out, evacuate the machine in the following way:
 - · Stop the engine by turning the key switch to the OFF position if there is time.
 - Use a fire extinguisher if there is time.
 - Exit the machine.
- In an emergency, if the cab door or front window can not be opened, break the front or rear window panes with the emergency evacuation hammer to escape from the cab. Refer the explanation pages on the Emergency Evacuation Method.





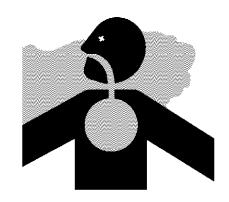
SS-1510

18-E02B-0393

BEWARE OF EXHAUST FUMES

- Prevent asphyxiation. Engine exhaust fumes can cause sickness or death.
 - If you must operate in a building, be sure there is adequate ventilation. Either use an exhaust pipe extension to remove the exhaust fumes or open doors and windows to bring enough outside air into the area.

509-E01A-0016



SA-016

PRECAUTIONS FOR WELDING AND GRINDING

- Welding may generate gas and/or small fires.
 - Be sure to perform welding in a well ventilated and prepared area. Store flammable objects in a safe place before starting welding.
 - Only qualified personnel should perform welding. Never allow an unqualified person to perform welding.
- Grinding on the machine may create fire hazards. Store flammable objects in a safe place before starting grinding.
- After finishing welding and grinding, recheck that there are no abnormalities such as the area surrounding the welded area still smoldering.



SA-818

AVOID HEATING NEAR PRESSURIZED FLUID LINES

- Flammable spray can be generated by heating near pressurized fluid lines, resulting in severe burns to yourself and bystanders.
 - Do not heat by welding, soldering, or using a torch near pressurized fluid lines or other flammable materials.
 - Pressurized lines can be accidentally cut when heat goes beyond the immediate flame area. Install temporary fireresistant guards to protect hoses or other materials before engaging in welding, soldering, etc..



SA-030

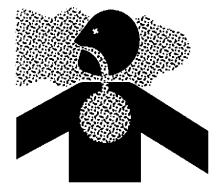
AVOID APPLYING HEAT TO LINES CONTAINING FLAMMABLE FLUIDS

- Do not weld or flame cut pipes or tubes that contain flammable fluids.
- Clean them thoroughly with nonflammable solvent before welding or flame cutting them.

510-E01B-0030

REMOVE PAINT BEFORE WELDING OR HEATING

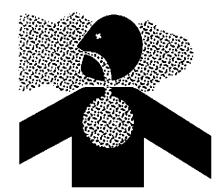
- Hazardous fumes can be generated when paint is heated by welding, soldering, or using a torch. If inhaled, these fumes may cause sickness.
 - Avoid potentially toxic fumes and dust.
 - Do all such work outside or in a well-ventilated area. Dispose of paint and solvent properly.
 - Remove paint before welding or heating:
 - If you sand or grind paint, avoid breathing the dust.
 Wear an approved respirator.
 - If you use solvent or paint stripper, remove stripper with soap and water before welding. Remove solvent or paint stripper containers and other flammable material from area. Allow fumes to disperse at least 15 minutes before welding or heating.



SA-029

BEWARE OF ASBESTOS DUST

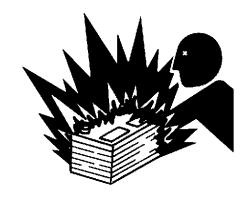
- Take care not to inhale dust produced in the work site. Inhalation of asbestos fibers may be the cause of lung cancer.
 - Depending on the wok site conditions, the risk of inhaling asbestos fiber may exist. Spray water to prevent asbestos from becoming airborne. Do not use compressed air.
 - When operating the machine in a work site where asbestos might be present, be sure to operate the machine from the upwind side and wear a mask rated to prevent the inhalation of asbestos.
 - Keep bystanders out of the work site during operation.
 - Asbestos might be present in imitation parts. Use only genuine Hitachi Parts.



SA-029

PREVENT BATTERY EXPLOSIONS

- Battery gas can explode.
 - Keep sparks, lighted matches, and flame away from the top of battery.
 - Never check battery charge by placing a metal object across the posts. Use a voltmeter or hydrometer.
 - Do not charge a frozen battery; it may explode. Warm the battery to 16 °C (60 °F) first.
 - Do not continue to use or charge the battery when electrolyte level is lower than specified. Explosion of the battery may result.
 - Loose terminals may produce sparks. Securely tighten all terminals.
- Battery electrolyte is poisonous. If the battery should explode, battery electrolyte may be splashed into eyes, possibly resulting in blindness.
 - Be sure to wear eye protection when checking electrolyte specific gravity.



SA-032

512-E01B-0032

SERVICE AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM SAFELY

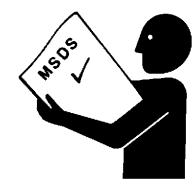
- If spilled onto skin, refrigerant may cause a cold contact burn.
 - Refer to the instructions described on the container for proper use when handling the refrigerant.
 - Use a recovery and recycling system to avoid leaking refrigerant into the atmosphere.
 - · Never touch the refrigerant.

•

SA-405

HANDLE CHEMICAL PRODUCTS SAFELY

- Direct exposure to hazardous chemicals can cause serious injury. Potentially hazardous chemicals used with your machine include such items as lubricants, coolants, paints, and adhesives.
 - A Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) provides specific details on chemical products: physical and health hazards, safety procedures, and emergency response techniques.
 - Check the MSDS before you start any job using a hazardous chemical. That way you will know exactly what the risks are and how to do the job safely. Then follow procedures and use recommended equipment.
 - See your authorized dealer for MSDS's (available only in English) on chemical products used with your machine.

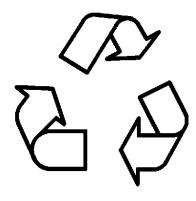


SA-309

515-E01A-0309

DISPOSE OF WASTE PROPERLY

- Improperly disposing of waste can threaten the environment and ecology. Potentially harmful waste used with
 HITACHI equipment includes such items as oil, fuel, coolant,
 brake fluid, filters, and batteries.
 - Use leakproof containers when draining fluids. Do not use food or beverage containers that may mislead someone into drinking from them.
 - Do not pour waste onto the ground, down a drain, or into any water source.
 - Air conditioning refrigerants escaping into the air can damage the Earth's atmosphere. Government regulations may require a certified air conditioning service center to recover and recycle used air conditioning refrigerants.
 - Inquire on the proper way to recycle or dispose of waste from your local environmental or recycling center, or from your authorized dealer.



SA-226

PRECAUTION FOR COMMUNICATION TERMINAL EQUIPMENT

This machine has a communication terminal equipment emitting electrical waves installed inside a rear tray which is situated at the back of the driver's seat. There is a possibility that a medical device, including an implantable device such as a cardiac pacemaker, would be affected and would malfunction by the electrical waves emitted from the communication terminal equipment.

Any person affixed with a medical device such as the above should not use this machine, unless the medical device and the rear tray are at least 22 centimeters (8.662 inches) apart at all times. If such condition cannot be met, please contact our company's nearest dealer and have the person in charge stop the communication terminal equipment from functioning completely and confirm that it is not emitting electrical waves.

Specific Absorption Rate ("SAR") (measured by 10 g per unit) of communication terminal equipments:

E-GSM900 0.573 W/Kg (914.80 MHz) DCS-1800 0.130 W/Kg (1710.20 MHz) WCDMA B and I 0.271 W/Kg (1950.00 MHz)

- * This data was measured by having each type of communication terminal equipment, such as the communication terminal equipment used with this machine, and a human body set apart by 3 cm (1.18 inches).
- * SAR is a measure of the amount of radio frequency energy absorbed by the body when using a wireless application such as a mobile phone.

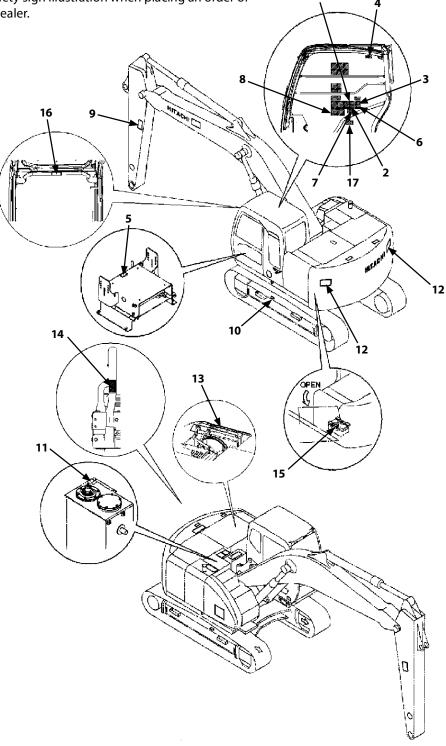
In Japan: *Under the Japanese Radio Act and other relevant Japanese regulations, the maximum SAR value is 2 W/kg (as of March 2010).

In EU Member nation: *Under the "Council Recommendation 1999/519/EC 12 July 1999", the maximum SAR value is 2 W/kg (as of March 2010).



SA-2293

All safety signs and their locations affixed on the machine are illustrated in this group. Make sure of the contents described in the safety signs through reading actual ones affixed on the machine to ensure safe machine operation. Always keep the safety signs clean. In case a safety sign is broken or lost, immediately, obtain a new replacement and affix it again in position on the machine. Use the part No. indicated under the right corner of each safety sign illustration when placing an order of it to the Hitachi dealer.

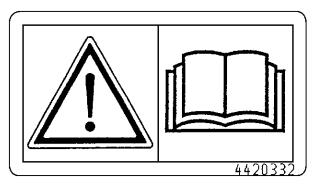


SS-3371

1.

WARNING!

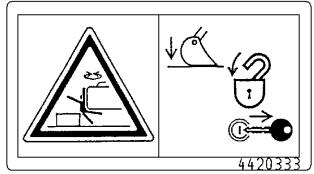
Prior to operation, maintenance, disassembling, and transportation of the machine, be sure to read and understand the Operator's Manual.



SS-1616

2.

If the parked machine is unexpectedly moved, serious injury or death due to crushing may result. Be sure to lower the front attachment to the ground, lock the control levers, and remove the engine key before leaving the machine unattended.

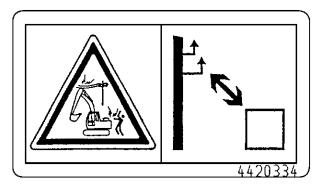


SS4420333

3.

Sign indicates an electrocution hazard if machine is brought too near electric power lines.

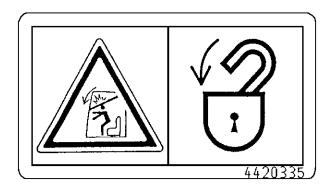
Keep a safe distance from electric power lines.



SS-1613

4.

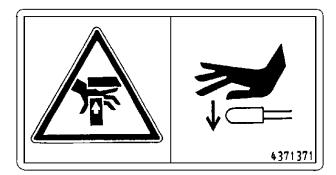
Sign indicates a hazard from falling window. After raising window, be sure to lock it in place with lock pins.



SS-1618

5.

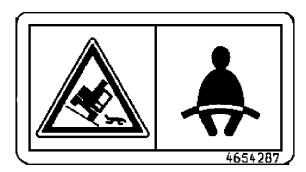
When moving the seat height/tilt lever downward, press the lever grip with a palm from the top side. Do not grasp the lever grip to operate the lever, possibly resulting in pinch of your fingers into the seat stand.



SS-955

6.

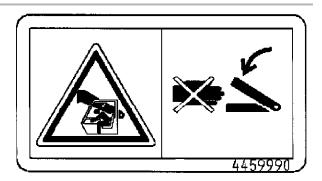
If the machine should overturn, the operator may become injured and/or thrown from the cab and/or crushed by the overturning machine.



SS4654287

7.

Do not extend your hands or head from the window. Your hands or head may come in contact with the boom.



SS4459990

8.

- Before operating machine always ensure to :
 -Read and understand the Operator's Manual.
 -Understand the Location and function of each control.
 -Source the horn to alent people meantly, and onsure all persons are alear of

- Some the horn to elect people nearby, and ensure all persons are alear of work area.

 Always be aware of the Auto-Idle ON/OFF condition.

 Always ensure when leaving operator's seat to:
 Lamer bucket or other working tools to the ground.

 Place pilot control shut-off lever in OFF position.

 Turn key OFF and rework from switch.

 Never up under working tools it raised with the boom and arm.

 When loading or unloading working from a trailer always ensure the Auto Idle switch is OFF.

 When retroiting arm with reversed-installed bucket use couldon not to hit cob.

 In case the machine must be operated with insufficient visibility, use a signal person and be sure to follow his instructions.

9.

Sign indicates a hazard of being hit by the working device of the machine.

Keep away from machine during operation.

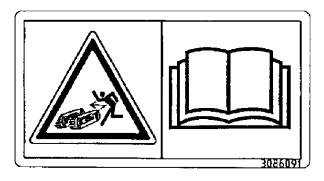


SS3089581

10.

Sign indicates a hazard of a flying plug from track adjuster that could cause injury.

Read manual before adjusting track for safe and proper handling.

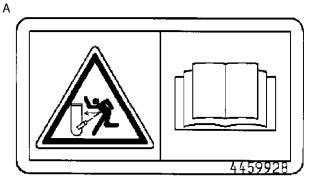


SS3086091

11.

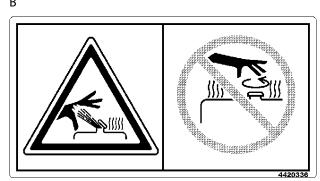
Sign indicates a burn hazard from compressed air and spurting hot oil if the oil inlet is uncapped during or right after operation.

Read manual for safe and proper handling.



SS4459928

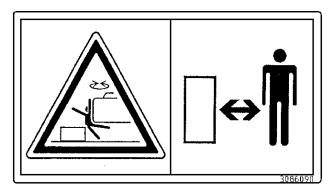
Sign indicates a burn hazard from spurting hot water or oil if radiator or hydraulic oil tank is uncapped while hot. Allow radiator or hydraulic oil tank to cool before removing cap.



12.

Sign indicates a crush hazard by rotation of upper structure of the machine.

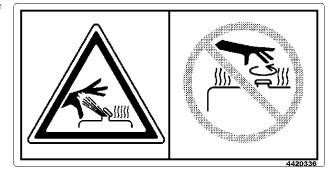
Keep away from swinging area of machine.



SS-1614

13.

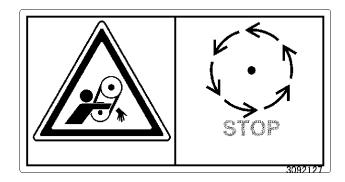
Sign indicates a burn hazard from spurting hot water or oil if radiator or hydraulic oil tank is uncapped while hot. Allow radiator or hydraulic oil tank to cool before removing cap.



SS4420336

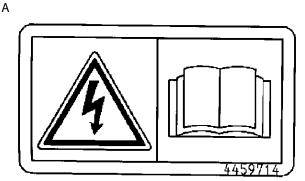
14.

Sign indicates a hazard of rotating parts, such as belt. Turn off before inspection and maintenance.



15.

Sign indicates an electrical hazard from handling the cable. Read manual for safe and proper handling.



SS4459714

Sign indicates an explosion hazard. Keep fire and open flames away from this area. В



SS4460067

C

Skin contact with electrolyte will cause burns. Splashed electrolyte into eyes will cause blindness. Take care not to touch electrolyte.



SS4460056

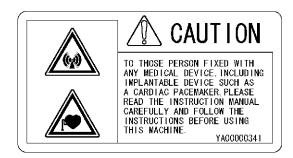
16.

A CAUTION

Use the handle only to open or close the front window. Do not use the handle to enter or leave the cabilif the window is not locked, it may move possibly causing you to loose your balance and fall.

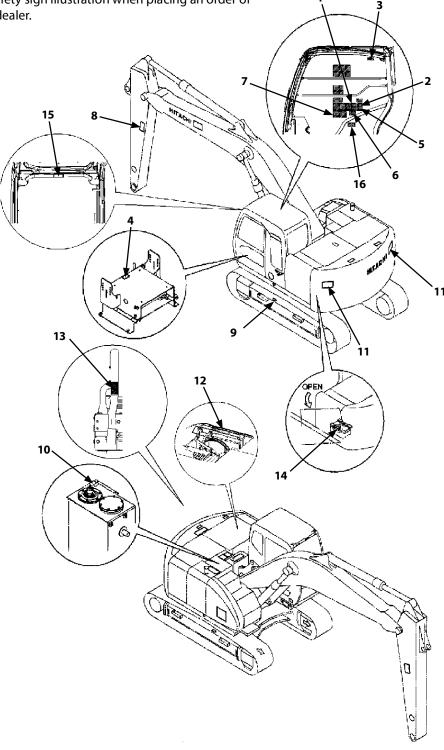
4467093

17.



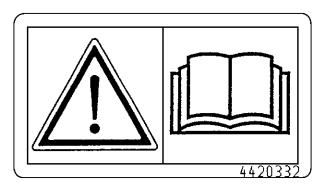
SSYA0000341

All safety signs and their locations affixed on the machine are illustrated in this group. Make sure of the contents described in the safety signs through reading actual ones affixed on the machine to ensure safe machine operation. Always keep the safety signs clean. In case a safety sign is broken or lost, immediately, obtain a new replacement and affix it again in position on the machine. Use the part No. indicated under the right corner of each safety sign illustration when placing an order of it to the Hitachi dealer.



1. WARNING!

Prior to operation, maintenance, disassembling, and transportation of the machine, be sure to read and understand the Operator's Manual.

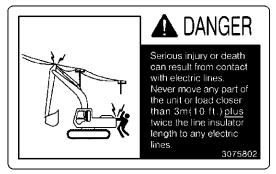


SS-1616

2.

Sign indicates an electrocution hazard if machine is brought too near electric power lines.

Keep a safe distance from electric power lines.



SS-862

3.

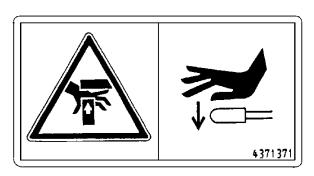
Sign indicates a hazard from falling window. After raising window, be sure to lock it in place with lock pins.



SS-863

4.

When moving the seat height/tilt lever downward, press the lever grip with a palm from the top side. Do not grasp the lever grip to operate the lever, possibly resulting in pinch of your fingers into the seat stand.



SS-955

5.

If the machine should overturn, the operator may become injured and/or throw from the cab and/or crushed by the overturning machine.



SS3088058

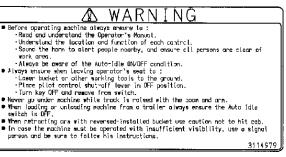
6.

Do not extend your hands or head from the window. Your hands or head may come in contact with the boom.



SS-859

7.



SS3114979

8.

Sign indicates a hazard of being hit by the working device of the machine.

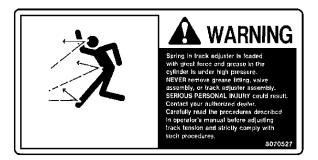
Keep away from machine during operation.



9.

Sign indicates a hazard of a flying plug from track adjuster that could cause injury.

Read manual before adjusting track for safe and proper handling.



SS-408

10.

Sign indicates a burn hazard from compressed air and spurting hot oil if the oil inlet is uncapped during or right after operation.

Read manual for safe and proper handling.

INFORMATION

TO PREVENT PUMP DAMAGE:
After refilling hydraulic
oil tank bleed air from
pump inlet.
(See operator's manual for
proper procedure)
4371799

SS4371799

Sign indicates a burn hazard from spurting hot water or oil if B radiator or hydraulic oil tank is uncapped while hot.

Allow radiator or hydraulic oil tank to cool before removing cap.

● BEFORE REMOVING HYDRAULIC RESERVOIR CAP AND AIR BREATHER ALWAYS STOP ENGINE.

● BEFORE REMOVING CAP ALWAYS PRESS AIR BREATHER BUTTON TO RELEASE INTERNAL PRESSURE.

● DO NOT REMOVE CAP WHEN OIL TEMPERATURE IS HOT.

■ DO NOT LOOSEN DRAIN PLUG WHEN OIL TEMPERATURE IS HOT.

3077560

SS-864

11.

Sign indicates a crush hazard by rotation of upper structure of the machine.

Keep away from swinging area of machine.



SS-024

12.

Sign indicates a burn hazard from spurting hot water or oil if radiator or hydraulic oil tank is uncapped while hot. Allow radiator or hydraulic oil tank to cool before removing cap.



SS4456963

13.

Sign indicates a hazard of rotating parts, such as belt. Turn off before inspection and maintenance.



14.

Sign indicates an explosion hazard. Keep fire and open flames away from this area. Skin contact with electrolyte will cause burns. Splashed electrolyte into eyes will cause blindness. Take care not to touch electrolyte.



SS-411

15.

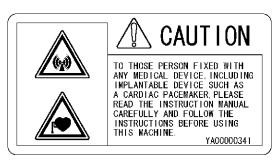
⚠ CAUTION

Use the handle only to open or close the front window. Do not use the handle to enter or leave the cability the window is not locked, it may move possibly causing you to loose your balance and fall.

4487093

SS4467093

16.



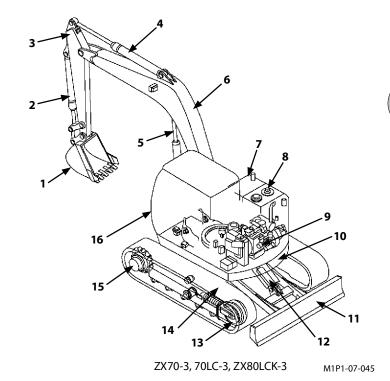
SSYA0000341

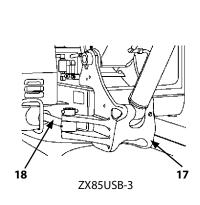
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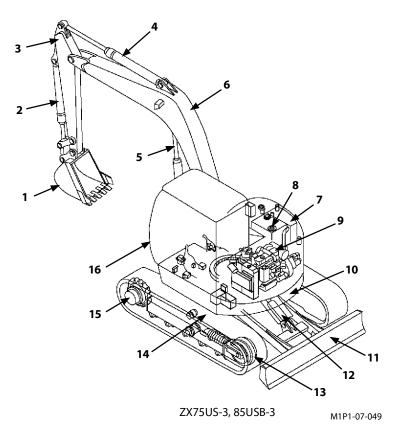
COMPONENTS NAME

COMPONENTS NAME

- 1- Bucket
- 2- Bucket Cylinder
- 3- Arm
- 4- Arm Cylinder
- 5- Boom Cylinder
- 6- Boom
- 7- Fuel Tank
- 8- Hydraulic Oil Tank
- 9- Engine
- 10- Counterweight
- 11- Blade
- 12- Blade Cylinder
- 13- Front Idler
- 14- Track
- 15- Travel Device
- 16- Cab
- 17- Boom Swing Post
- 18- Boom Swing Cylinder







GETTING ON/OFF THE MACHINE

GETTING ON/OFF THE MACHINE

Foot holds (1) and handrails (2) are provided in and around the machine.

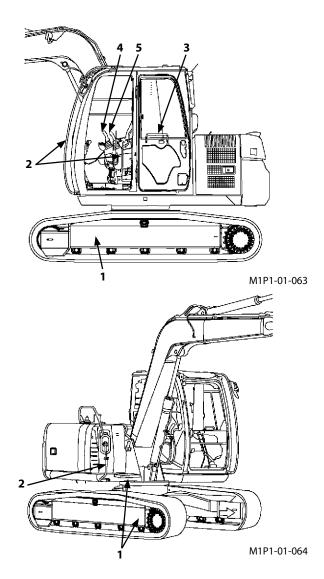
These are used to get on and off the cab safely as well as to do inspection and maintenance of the machine safely.

Never jump on or off the machine as it is very dangerous.



WARNING:

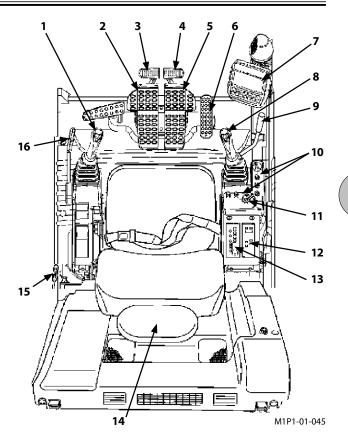
- Never attach a wire on the foot holds (1) to lift the cab or main body or while transporting the mahine on a truck or trailer as it is dangerous.
- The door handle (3) is not a handrail. Do not hold the door handle (3) as a handrail when getting on and off the machine.
- Do not hold the control levers (4), steering wheel or forward/reverse lever when getting on and off the machine.

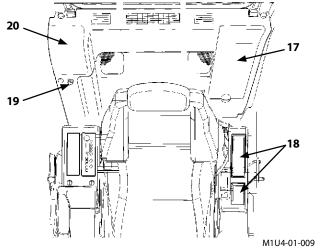


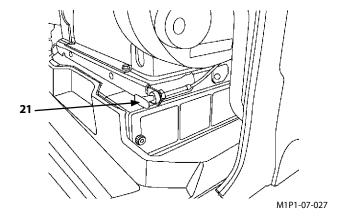
CAB FEATURES

ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3

- 1- Left Control Lever/Horn Switch (On Top of Lever)
- 2- Left Travel Pedal
- 3- Left Travel Lever
- 4- Right Travel Lever
- 5- Right Travel Pedal
- 6- Attachment Pedal (Optional)
- 7- Multi Function Monitor Panel
- 8- Right Control Lever
- 9- Blade Lever
- 10- Switch Panel
- 11- Key Switch
- 12- Air Conditioner Panel
- 13- Radio
- 14- Operator's Seat
- 15- Cab Door Release Lever
- 16- Pilot Control Shut-Off Lever
- 17- Fuse Box
- 18- Switch Panel
- 19- Cigar Lighter
- 20- Hot & Cool Box
- 21- Engine Stop knob



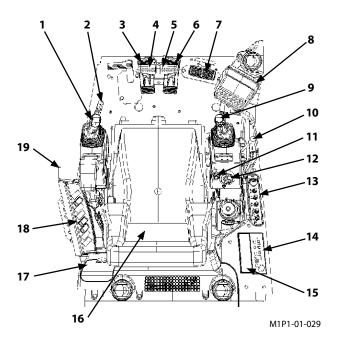


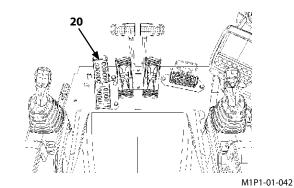


CAB FEATURES

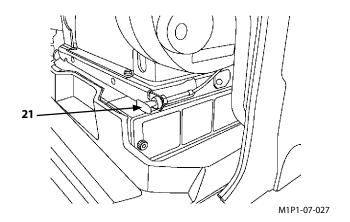
ZX85USB-3

- 1- Left Control Lever
- 2- Pilot Control Shut-Off Lever
- 3- Left Travel Pedal
- 4- Left Travel Lever
- 5- Right Travel Lever
- 6- Right Travel Pedal
- 7- Boom Swing Pedal
- 8- Multi Function Monitor Panel
- 9- Right Control Lever/Horn Switch (On Top of Lever)
- 10- Blade Lever
- 11- Cigar Lighter
- 12- Key Switch
- 13- Switch Panel
- 14- Radio
- 15- Air Conditioner Panel
- 16- Operator's Seat
- 17- Fuse Box
- 18- Switch Panel
- 19- Cab Door Release Lever
- 20- Attachment Pedal (Optional)
- 21- Engine Stop knob









MULTIFUNCTION MONITOR

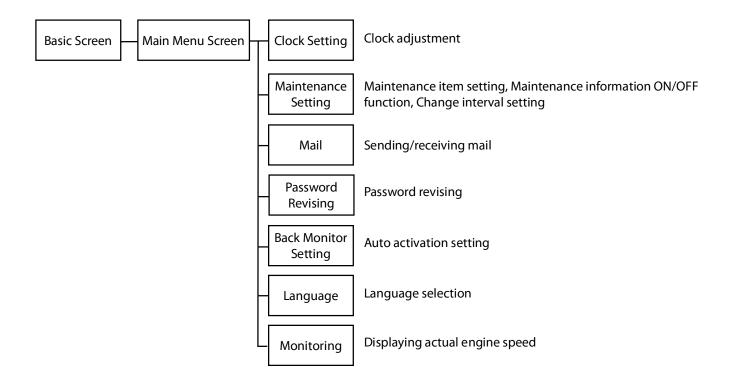
Function

The multifunction monitor on this machine functions as follows:

- 1. Displaying various kinds of meters and indicators
- 2. Operating TEN- key lock function
- 3. Setting the back monitor
- 4. Control of maintenance data

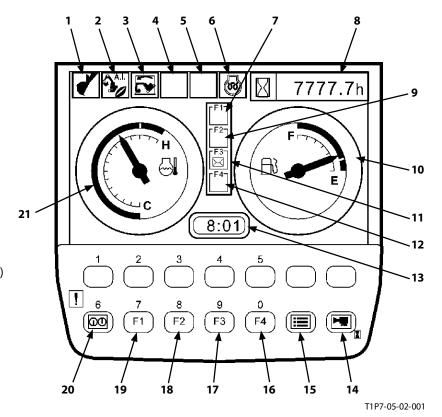
Screen

The monitor screen is organized as shown below. The main menu screen consists of 7 kinds of individual function screen.



BASIC SCREEN

- 1- Work mode indicator
- 2- Auto-idle indicator
- 3- Overload alarm indicator (Optional)
- 4- Auxiliary
- 5- Auxiliary
- 6- Preheat indicator
- 7- Auxiliary
- 8- Hour meter
- 9- Auxiliary
- 10- Fuel gauge
- 11- Mail indicator (Optional)
- 12- Auxiliary
- 13- Clock
- 14- Back monitor screen selector (Optional)
- 15- Menu key
- 16- Auxiliary selector
- 17- Mail selector (Optional)
- 18- Auxiliary selector
- 19- Auxiliary selector
- 20- Return to basic screen key
- 21- Coolant temperature gauge

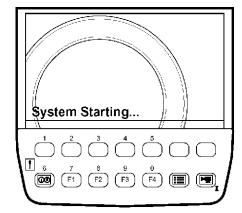


MONITOR OPERATION

Displaying Basic Screen

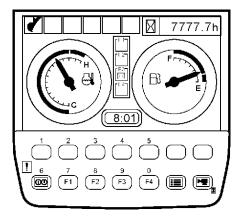
IMPORTANT: Start the engine after displaying the basic screen.

When the key switch is turned ON, the starting screen is displayed for about two seconds and the basic screen is displayed in series.



Key Switch ON (Starting screen)

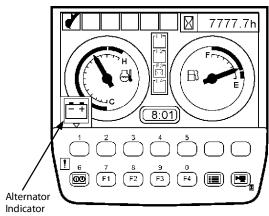
T1V1-05-01-115



Basic Screen

T1P1-05-02-009

IMPORTANT: After the engine starts, the alternator indicator is displayed on the basic screen until the alternator starts generating power.

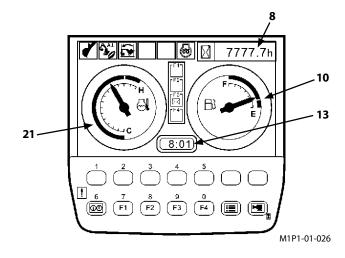


T1P1-05-02-005

• Displaying meters

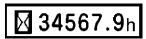
Items to be displayed

- 8- Hour meter
- 10- Fuel gauge
- 13- Clock
- 21- Coolant temperature gauge



Hour meter (8)

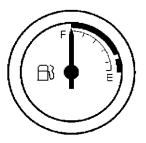
Total (accumulated) machine operation hours counted since the machine started working, are displayed in the unit of "Hour." One digit after the decimal point indicates the tenth of an hour (6 minutes).



M81U-01-058

Fuel gauge (10)

The fuel amount in the fuel tank is indicated. Refuel before the needle reaches "E."



M1U1-01-039

Clock (13)

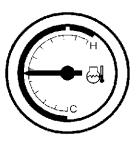
Indicates the present time.



M1U1-01-040

Coolant temperature gauge (21)

Indicates the engine coolant temperature. Normally the needle displays around center during operation.



M1U1-01-047

Indicators

Items to be displayed

- 1- Work mode
- 2- Auto-idle
- 3- Overload alarm
- 6- Preheat
- Work mode indicator (1)

Digging mode is displayed.

Digging mode



T1V1-05-01-108

• Auto-idle indicator (2)

Is displayed when the auto-idle switch on the switch panel is turned ON. In addition, this indicator (2) flashes for 10 seconds after the key switch is turned ON.

• Overload alarm indicator (3)

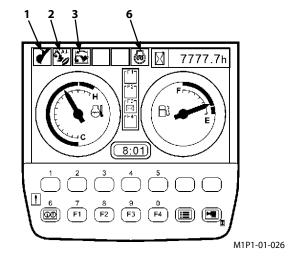


T1V1-05-02-002

Displays the alarm when the boom cylinder bottom pressure sensor detects overloading.

• Preheat indicator (6)

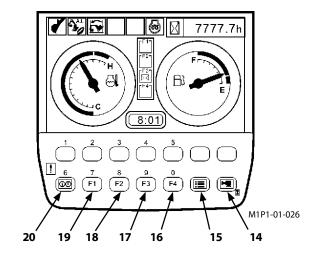
While the current is being supplied to the glow plug, indicator (6) is displayed.



• Key function

Items to be displayed

- 14- Back monitor screen selector
- 15- Menu key
- 16- Optional function
- 17- Optional function
- 18- Optional function
- 19- Optional function
- 20- Return to basic screen key



Back monitor screen selector (14) (Optional)

Shifts the monitor screen to the back monitor screen and vice versa.



M1U1-01-041

Menu key (15)

Shift the basic screen to the menu screen.



M1U1-01-042

Optional function keys (16, 17, 18 and 19)

Without operating the menu selector, the pre-set function is selected.

F1: Auxiliary selection

F2: Auxiliary selection

F3: Mail (optional) selection

F4: Auxiliary selection



M1U1-01-043

Return to basic screen key (20)

Allows any screen to return to the basic screen.



M1U1-01-044

Others

Optional function display Fuel sensor error display Coolant sensor error display Selection keys TEN-keys Alarm light

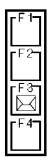
· Optional function display

Displays the optional function that was preset with the optional function keys.

F1: Auxiliary F2: Auxiliary

F3: Mail (Optional)

F4: Auxiliary



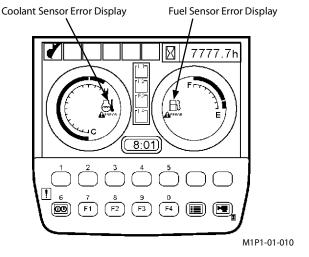
M1P1-01-046

· Fuel sensor error display

Is displayed in the fuel gauge screen when the fuel sensor fails or harness between the fuel sensor and the monitor unit is broken.

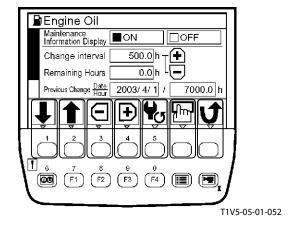
· Coolant sensor error display

Is displayed in the coolant temperature gauge screen when the coolant temperature sensor fails or harness between the coolant sensor and monitor unit is broken.



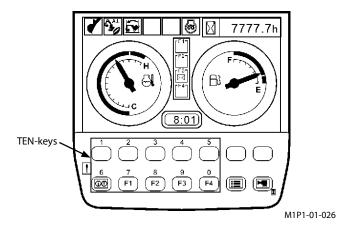
Selection keys

Push the key located under the attachment icon to be selected.



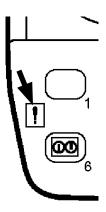
• TEN-keys

Use to enter numerals (0 to 9) such as the password.



• Alarm light

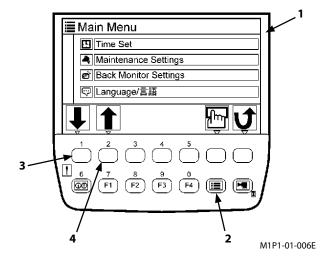
Comes ON when any abnormality arises.



M1U1-01-045

MENU SCREEN

Press menu key (2) when the basic screen is displayed to move to main menu screen (1). Select the desired menu by operating key either (3) or (4).



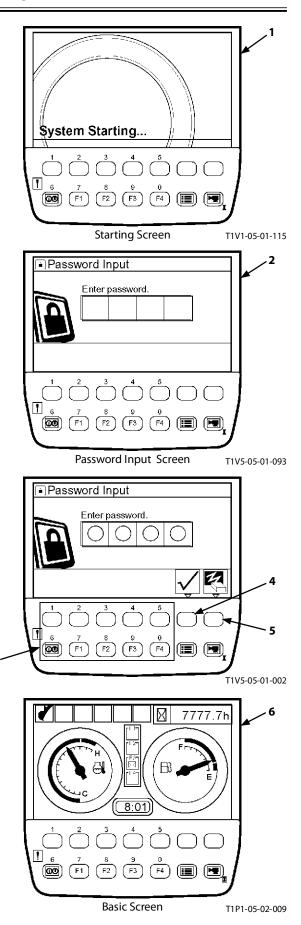
Displaying Basic Screen by Inputting Password (Optional)

IMPORTANT: When required to activate the TEN-key function, consult your nearest Hitachi dealer. If the password ever escapes the customer's memory, the machine must be modified. Be extra careful not to forget the password.

1. Turn the key switch ON. After the starting screen is displayed, password input screen (2) will be displayed.

2. Using TEN keys (3) located underside of the screen, input the password. Press determination key (4). The monitor unit verifies the input password and the registered one. When they match, basic screen is (6) displayed.

NOTE: When required to correct the password, press key (5) to erase the entered characters.

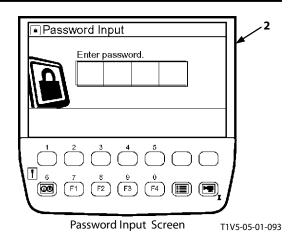


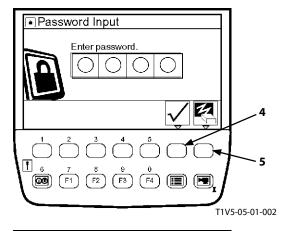
In Case of Inputting an Inputting Password

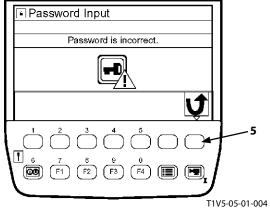
1. If a wrong password is input, the message "Password is incorrect" is displayed by pressing determination key (4).

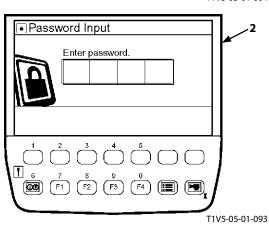
2. Press key (5) to return to password input screen (2).

NOTE: When performing password input operation again, press key (5) to erase the entered password.

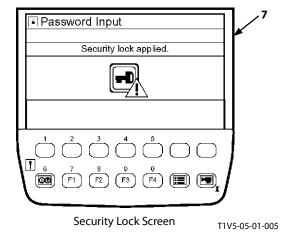






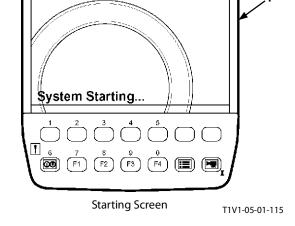


3. If wrong password is input three times, security lock screen (7) appears and the buzzer sounds. As long as the key switch is ON, security lock screen (7) is displayed and the buzzer continues to sound. When the key switch is turned OFF, security lock screen (7) disappears but the buzzer continues to sound for more 30 seconds and stops afterward.

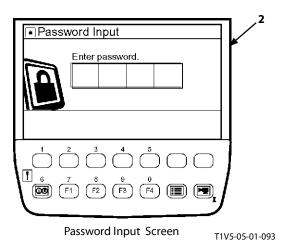


4. After the buzzer stops sounding, turn the key switch ON. After starting screen (1) is displayed, password input screen (2) is displayed again. Password input screen (2) appears again so that password input operation can be performed.

However, if incorrect password is input once more, security lock screen (7) appears again and the buzzer sounds. The buzzer continues to sound as long as the key switch is kept ON. The buzzer sounds for more 30 seconds after the key switch is turned OFF.



- 5. After the buzzer stops sounding, the password can be input. Turn the key switch ON. After displaying password input screen (2), input the correct password.
- 6. If an incorrect password is input again, security lock screen (7) is displayed once over and the buzzer sounds. The buzzer continues to sound as long as the key switch is ON. The buzzer sounds for more 30 seconds after the key switch is turned OFF.



Extending password validity time

IMPORTANT: This operation is applicable only to those machines that display the basic screen based on password input.

The password validity time that was input when starting the engine on extension screen (1), is extended. Accordingly, the monitor can be operated without inputting the password when the engine is restarted in the extended validity time.

- 1. Turn the key switch OFF. The monitor unit displays extension screen (1) for 10 seconds.
- Press a time extension key before extension screen (1) disappears to assign the password validity extension time as follows:

Key (2): 0 minute

Key (3): 30 minutes

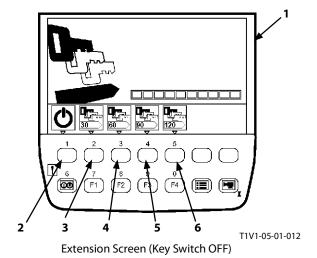
Key (4): 60 minutes

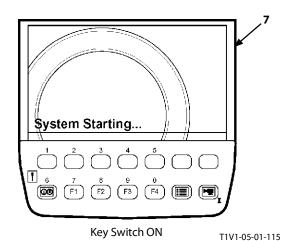
Key (5): 90 minutes

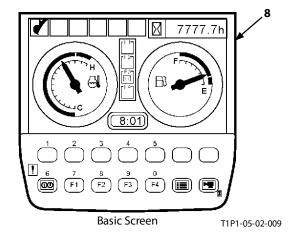
Key (6): 120 minutes

NOTE: In case time extension operation is not done, 0-minute extension time is set.

3. When the key switch is turned ON before the password validity time expires, the monitor unit displays starting screen (7) and basic screen (8) in series.



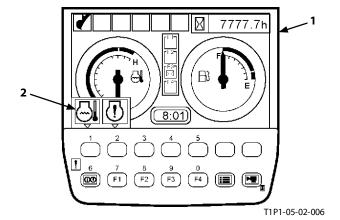




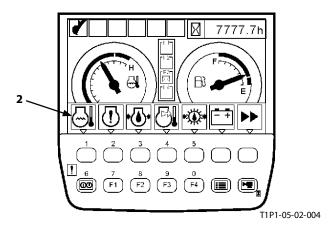
ALARM OCCURRENCE SCREEN

In case any abnormality occurs, alarm marks (2) are displayed on basic screen (1).

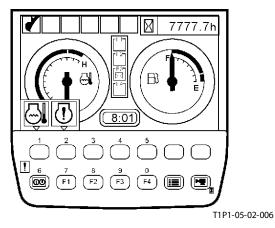
• When the number of alarms is two or less:

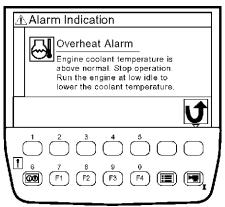


• When the number of alarms is three or more:



When any alarm marks are displayed, press the key located under alarm marks (2) concerned to display the corrective measure to be applied to the corresponding abnormality.





T1V5-05-01-013

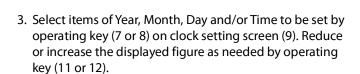
Alarm List

lcon	Contents of Alarms	Cause and Solution
M178-01-036	Overheat	Abnormally increased engine coolant temperature. Stop operation. Run the engine at slow idle to cool the coolant.
M183-01-080	Engine warning	Abnormal engine and/or engine related parts. Consult your nearest Hitachi dealer.
M178-01-037	Engine oil pressure	Reduced engine oil pressure. Immediately stop the engine. Check the engine oil pressure system and engine oil level.
M183-01-071	Alternator	Abnormal electrical system. Check the alternator and battery systems.
M178-01-034	Remaining fuel	Reduced fuel remaining in the fuel tank. Refill fuel as soon as possible.
M1/0-01-039	Hydraulic oil filter	Clogged hydraulic oil filter. Clean or replace.
M183-01-067	Air filter restriction	Restricted air filter. Clean or replace.
M103-01-007	Fuel filter restriction	Fuel filter is clogged. Clean or replace.
	Work mode	Abnormal network system. Consult your nearest Hitachi dealer.
71V1-05-01-102	Pilot control shut-off lever	Abnormal pilot control shut-off lever system. Consult your nearest Hitachi dealer.
T1V1-05-01-103		

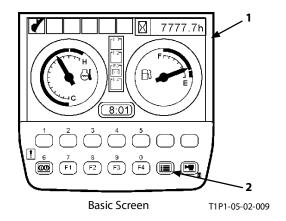
CLOCK SETTING

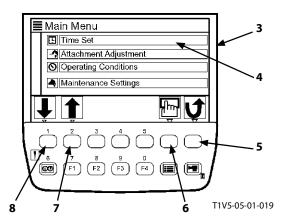
1. After displaying basic screen (1), press menu key (2) to display main menu (3).

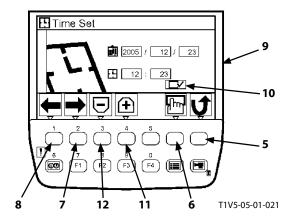
2. Select clock set menu (4) on main menu (3) by operating key (7 or 8). Press determination key (6) to display clock setting screen (9).

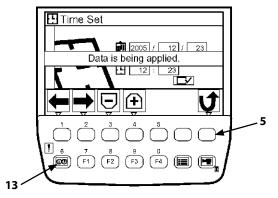


- 4. After the setting is complete, select icon (10) and press determination key (6) to finalize the setting.
- NOTE: When required to return the previous screen, press key
 - 5. Press key (13) to return to basic screen (1).









T1V5-05-01-022

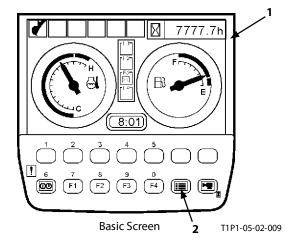
MAINTENANCE SETTING

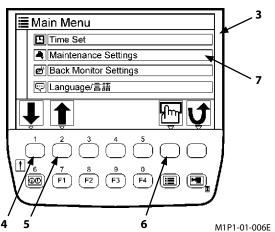
- 1. After displaying basic screen (1), press menu key (2) to display main menu screen (3).
- 2. Select maintenance set menu (7) on main menu screen (3) by operating keys (4 and 5). Press determination key (6) to display maintenance set screen (8).
- Select a menu desired to set on maintenance set screen

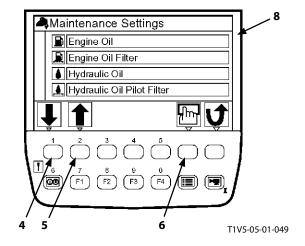
 (8) by operating keys (4 and 5). Press determination key (6) to display interval ON/OFF set screen (9). (As an example, selecting the menu for Engine oil is explained in this section.)

Maintenance menu items to be set in the monitor

- · Engine oil
- Engine oil filter
- · Hydraulic oil
- Hydraulic oil pilot filter
- · Hydraulic oil filter
- · Travel reduction gear oil
- · Swing drain filter
- Swing bearing grease
- · Air filter
- · Fuel filter
- · Air conditioner filter







Maintenance Information ON/OFF Setting

When required to display "maintenance information" on the monitor, set ON/OFF function.

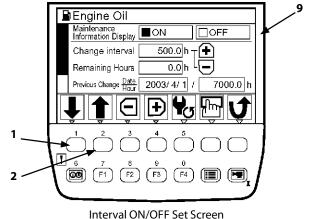
ON setting: When maintenance time arrives, the moni-

tor displays the corresponding maintenance

required items.

OFF setting: No maintenance information is displayed.

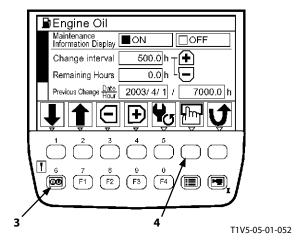
1. Select an item desired to be informed with keys (1 and 2). The item displayed in yellow is set ON.



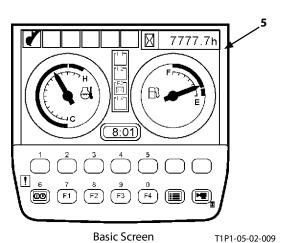
interval ON/OTT Set Screen

T1V5-05-01-052

2. Press key (4) to execute ON setting.



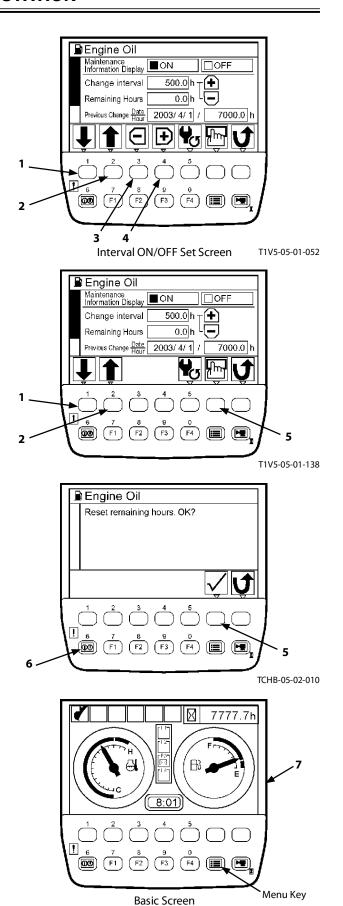
3. When completing set-operation, press key (3). The screen is returned to basic screen (5).



Change (Replacement) Interval Setting

IMPORTANT: Change (replacement) interval setting can only be achieved when maintenance information function is set ON.

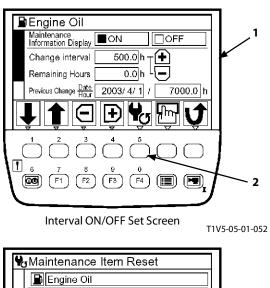
- 1. Select "Change Interval" by operating keys (1 and 2).
- 2. Set the change interval hours by operating keys (3 and 4).
- 3. Select "Remaining Hours" by operating keys (1 and 2). Press determination key (5).
- 4. As the monitor displays the message "Remaining hour is reset. OK?", press determination key (5).
- 5. Press key (6) to return to basic screen (7).

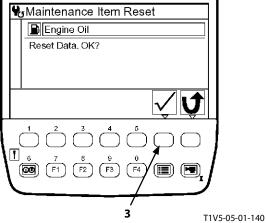


T1P1-05-02-009

Data Resetting

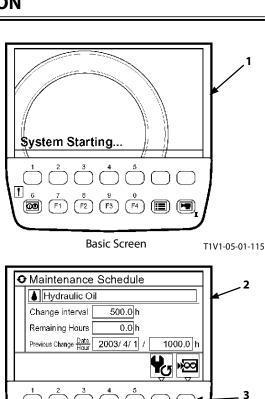
When required to reset data, press key (2) on the interval ON/OFF set screen. The monitor displays the message "Data is reset. OK?" Then, press determination key (3). The remaining hour display becomes equal to the change interval hours. The previous change date and hour are updated to the present date and hour.





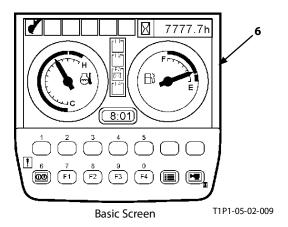
Screen Display when ON-set Maintenance Information is Present

- When single ON-set information is present:
 - 1. When the key switch is turned ON, the starting screen (1) displays. Then, the maintenance information screen is displayed for three to ten seconds. Finally basic screen (6) is displayed. (Hydraulic oil maintenance information is shown as an example in this section.)
- MOTE: In case a machine is set to display the basic screen only after the password is entered, input the password first. Then, press the determination key to display the maintenance information screen for three to ten seconds. Finally the basic screen is displayed.
 - 2. When data resetting is required, press key (4) on maintenance information screen (2) before maintenance information screen (2) disappears. The message "Data is reset. OK?" and reset screen (5) are displayed. Press key (4). The remaining hour display becomes equal to the change interval hours. The previous change date and hour are updated to the present date and hour.
- NOTE: When key (3) is pressed on maintenance information screen (2), basic screen (6) is displayed.
- NOTE: When key (3) is pressed on reset screen (5), maintenance information screen (2) is displayed.



Maintenance Information Screen T1V5-05-01-170

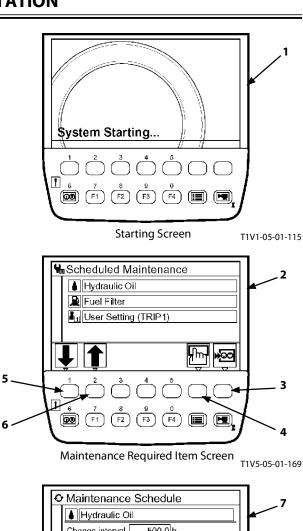
₩₃ Maintenance Item Reset **♦** Hydraulic Oil Reset Data, OK? 3 Reset Screen T1V5-05-01-171

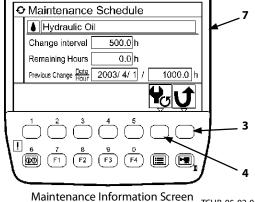


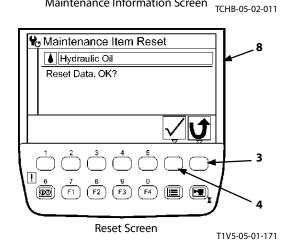
- When two or more ON-set information are present:
 - 1. When the key switch is turned ON, starting screen (1) displays. Then, the maintenance information screen is displayed for three to ten seconds. Finally the basic screen is displayed.
- NOTE: In case a machine is set to display the basic screen only after the password is entered, input the password first.

 Then, press the determination key to display the maintenance information screen for three to ten seconds.

 Finally the basic screen is displayed.
 - 2. When data resetting is required, select the maintenance item by operating keys (5 and 6) on maintenance required item screen (2) before maintenance required item screen (2) disappears. Press key (4) to display maintenance information screen (7) for the selected maintenance item. (Hydraulic oil is selected as an example in this section.)
- NOTE: When key (3) is pressed on maintenance required item screen (2), basic screen (1) is displayed.
 - 3. After displaying maintenance information screen (7), press key (4). The message "Reset Data. OK?" and reset screen (8) are displayed. Press key (4). The remaining hour display becomes equal to the change interval hours. The previous change date and hour are updated to the present date and hour.
- NOTE: When key (3) is pressed on maintenance information screen (7), maintenance required item screen (2) is displayed.
- NOTE: When key (3) is pressed on reset screen (8), maintenance information screen (7) is displayed.







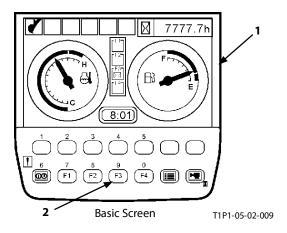
MAIL (OPTIONAL)

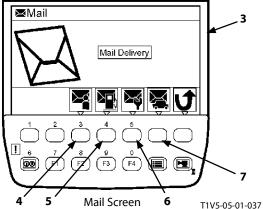
IMPORTANT: This function is available only to machines equipped with a communication terminal.

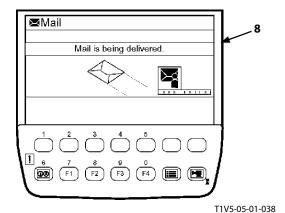
When using the mail function, consult your nearest Hitachi dealer.

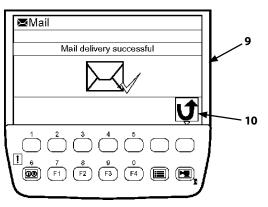
- 1. After displaying basic screen (1), press mail selection key F3 (2) to display mail screen (3).
- 2. Press a corresponding request key as shown below to send mail information to the satellite communication terminal.
 - 4- General request
 - 5- Fuel replenishment request
 - 6- Service maintenance request
 - 7- Forwarding request
- 3. When sending mail information to the communication terminal, the message "Mail is being delivered" is displayed on screen (8).

- 4. When communication terminal receives mail information, the massage "Mail delivery successful" is displayed on screen (9). Press key (10) to return to mail screen (3).
- 5. Then, the mail is sent to the central server from the communication terminal.
- NOTE: Depending on machine's operating environment, the mail may not be sent.



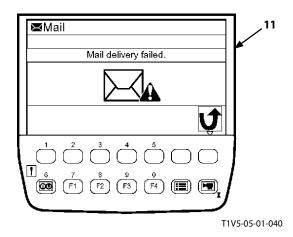






T1V5-05-01-039

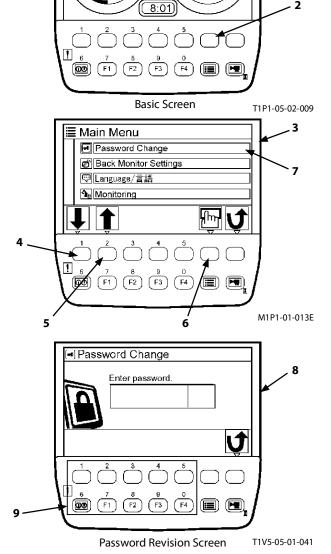
NOTE: If the satellite communication terminal fails to delivered a mail, the message "Mail delivery failed" is displayed on screen (11).



PASSWORD REVISING (OPTIONAL)

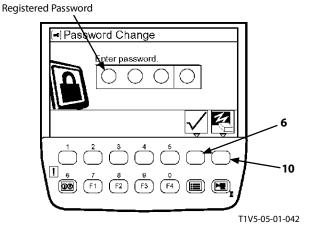
1. After displaying basic screen (1), press menu key (2) to display main menu screen (3).

2. Select password change menu (7) on main menu screen (3) by operating keys (4 and 5). Press key (6) to display password revision screen (8).



7777.7h

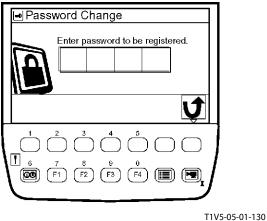
- 3. Enter the registered password with TEN-keys (9). Press key (6).
- 4. When retrying password input operation, press key (10) to erase the previously input password.

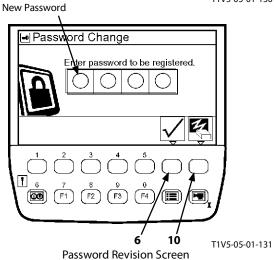


NOTE: After pressing key (6), if the entered password is incorrect, the massage "Password is incorrect" is displayed.

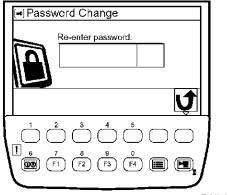
Press key (10) to return to the previous screen. Enter the password again.

- 5. When the message "Enter password to be registered" is displayed, enter a new password in three or four digits. Press key (6).
- 6. When retrying password input operation, press key (10).

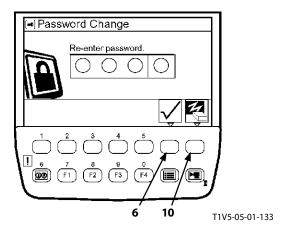




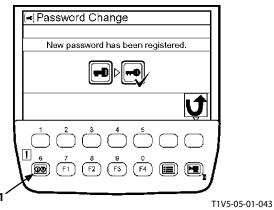
- 7. The message "Re-enter password" is displayed. After entering a new password, press key (6).
- 8. When retrying password input operation, press key (10).



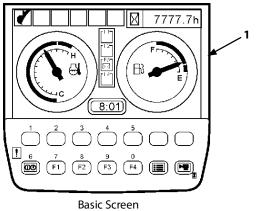
T1V5-05-01-132



9. When the message "New password has been registered" is displayed, password revising operation is complete.



10. Press key (11) to return to basic screen (1).



BACK MONITOR SETTING (OPTIONAL)

IMPORTANT: The image displayed on the back monitor is to be used as an assist view. Operate the machine while paying thorough attention to the surroundings.

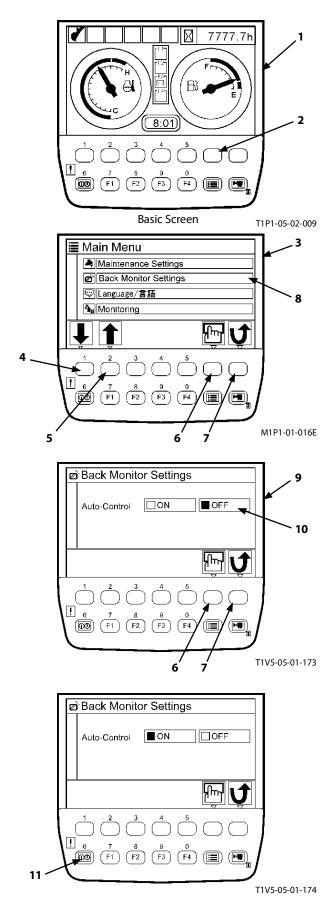
Auto activation: ON

When the travel lever (Pedal) is shifted to the forward or reverse position, the image on the monitor unit is automatically shifted to the back monitor image.

- 1. After displaying basic screen (1), press menu key (2) to display main menu screen (3).
- 2. Select back monitor setting (8) menu on main menu screen (3) by operating keys (4 and 5). Press key (6) to display back monitor set screen (9).
- 3. In case the auto activation is set OFF (10), the "ON" column is displayed in yellow. Press key (6) to set the auto activation ON.

ONOTE: Press key (7) to return to the previous screen.

4. Press key (11) to return to basic screen (1).



5. When the travel lever (Pedal) is shifted to the forward or reverse position, the monitor unit screen shows the image viewed through the back monitor.

IMPORTANT: Once the rear view image is displayed on the monitor screen, the rear view image is kept displayed for three seconds. If the travel lever (Pedal) is shifted to the forward or reverse position within three seconds after the displayed rear view image screen is shifted to the basic screen, the rear view image will not be displayed on the monitor. Wait for more than three seconds until the rear view image is displayed again.

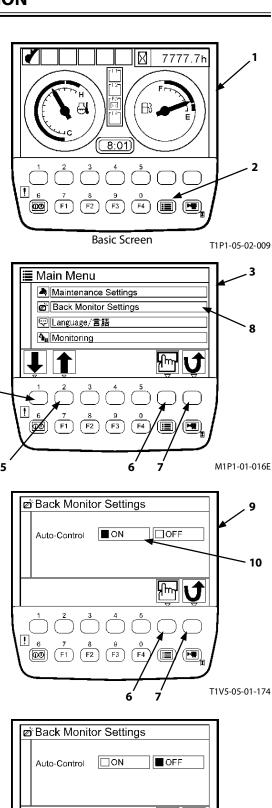
Auto activation: OFF

Even though the travel lever (Pedal) is shifted to the forward or reverse position, the monitor unit image is not automatically shifted to the back monitor image.

1. After displaying basic screen (1), press menu key (2) to display main menu screen (3).

2. Select back monitor setting (8) menu on main menu screen (3) by operating keys (4 and 5). Press key (6) to display back monitor set screen (9).

- 3. In case the auto activation is set ON (10), the "OFF" column is displayed in yellow. Press key (6) to set the auto activation OFF.
- NOTE: Press key (7) to return to the previous screen.
 - 4. Press key (11) to return to basic screen (1).

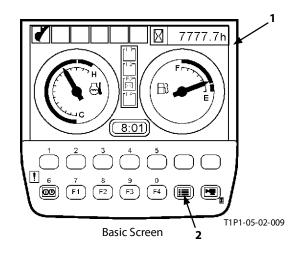


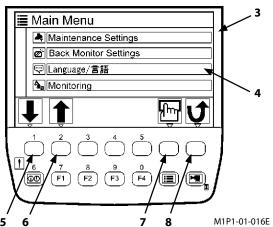
T1V5-05-01-173

LANGUAGE SETTING

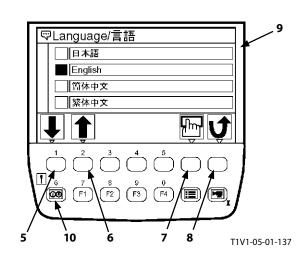
1. After displaying basic screen (1), press menu key (2) to display main menu screen (3).

2. Select language menu (4) on main menu screen (3) by operating keys (5 and 6). Press key (7) to display language set screen (9).





- 3. Select the language to be set by operating keys (5 and 6).
- NOTE: Initially set language to be displayed on the monitor unit is selected from twelve languages listed in displaylanguage table 1 or 2. (Refer to the next page.)
 - 4. Press key (10) to display basic screen (1).



Lists of Display Language

Display Languages 1

Language	Screen Display	
Japanese	日本語	T1V1-05-01-141
English	English	T1V1-05-01-142
Chinese (Simplified)	簡体中文	T1V1-05-01-143
Chinese (Traditional)	繁体中文	T1V1-05-01-144
Korean	한국어	T1V1-05-01-145
Indonesian	Bahasa Indonesia	T1V1-05-01-146
Thai	ภาษาไทย	T1V1-05-01-147
Vietnamese	Tiếng Việt	T1V1-05-01-148
Myanmarese	မြန်မာဘာသာ	T1V1-05-01-149
Arabic	للفة العربية	T1V1-05-01-150
Persian	اللغة الفارسية	T1V1-05-01-151
Turkish	Türkçe	T1V1-05-01-152

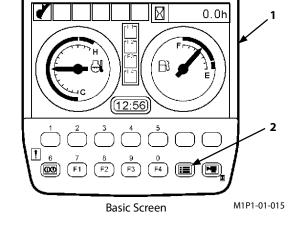
Display Languages 2

Language	Screen Display	
English	English	T1/4 05 01 142
Spanish	Español	T1V1-05-01-142
Italian	Italiano	T1V1-05-01-154
French	Français	T1V1-05-01-155
German	Deutsch	T1V1-05-01-156
Dutch	Nederlands	T1V1-05-01-157
Russian	Русский	T1V1-05-01-158
Portuguese	Português	T1V1-05-01-159
Finnish	Suomi	T1V1-05-01-160
Swedish	Svensk	T1V1-05-01-161
Norwegian	Norsk	T1V1-05-01-162
Danish	Dansk	T1V1-05-01-163

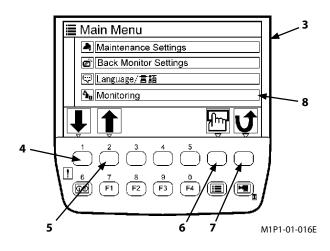
MONITORING

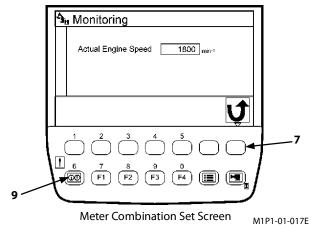
Actual Engine Speed is Displayed

1. After displaying basic screen (1), press menu key (2) to display main menu screen (3).



- 2. Select monitoring menu (8) by operating keys (4 and 5) on main menu screen (3). Press key (6) to display monitoring screen.
- NOTE: Press key (7) to return to the previous screen.
 - 3. Press key (9) to display basic screen (1).

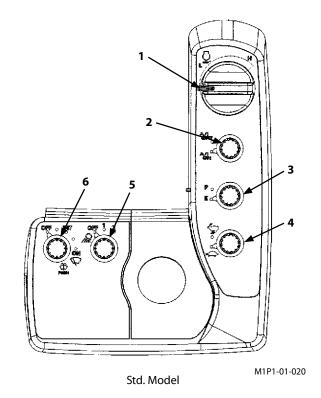


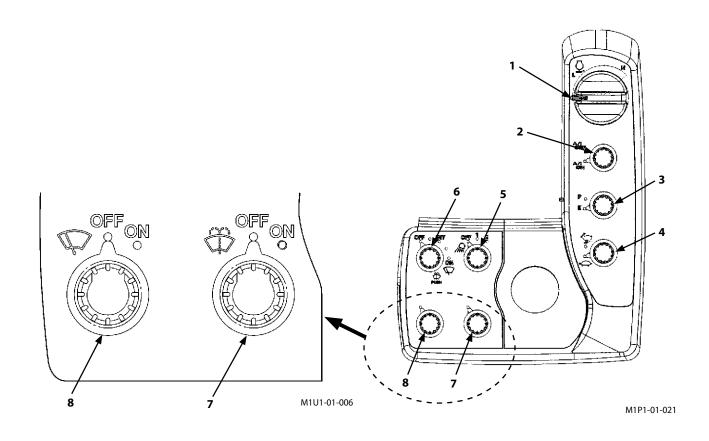


SWITCH PANEL

ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3

- 1-Engine Control Dial
- 2-Auto-Idle Switch
- 3-Power Mode Switch
- 4-Travel Mode Switch
- 5-Work Light Switch
- 6-Wiper/Washer Switch
- 7-Overhead Window Washer Switch (ZX80LCK-3)
- 8-Overhead Window Wiper Switch (ZX80LCK-3)

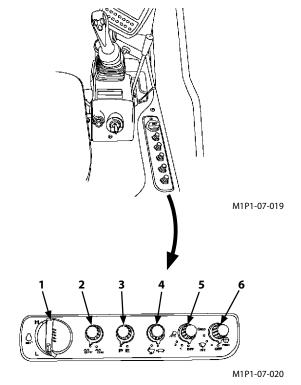




SWITCH PANEL

ZX85USB-3

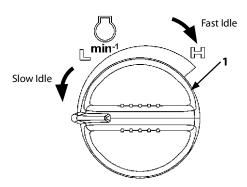
- 1-Engine Control Dial
- 2-Auto-Idle Switch
- 3-Power Mode Switch
- 4-Travel Mode Switch
- 5-Work Light Switch
- 6-Wiper/Washer Switch



ENGINE CONTROL DIAL

Use engine control dial (1) to adjust engine speed. Turn it clockwise to increase engine speed or counterclockwise to decrease engine speed.

The fully clockwise position : Fast idle The fully counterclockwise position : Slow idle



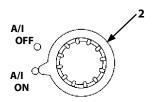
M1U1-01-033

AUTO-IDLE SWITCH

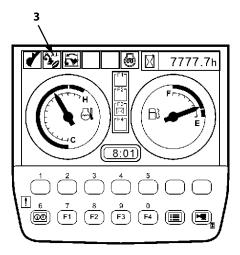
Auto-idle switch (2) sets the engine speed control mode to either Auto-Idle ON or OFF.

• Auto-Idle Mode

When auto-idle switch (2) is turned to the A/I ON position, the engine speed is reduced to slow idle speed 4 seconds after releasing all control levers (neutral), reducing the fuel consumption. When the auto-idle mode is selected, auto-idle indicator (3) on the monitor panel lights.



M1U1-01-017



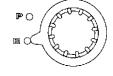
M1P1-01-026

POWER MODE SWITCH

Two engine speed modes, E and P modes, are selected by operating the power mode switch to either position.

• E (Economy) Mode

Although production is slightly reduced more than in the P mode, the fuel consumption and noise levels are reduced, allowing the machine to operate efficiently.



M1CC-01-103

• P (Power) Mode

Use the P mode when general digging work is needed.

TRAVEL MODE SWITCH

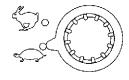
Two travel modes, FAST and SLOW, are selected by turning the travel mode switch to either position.



Mark (Fast Speed Mode)



Mark (Slow Speed Mode)



M178-01-096

WORK LIGHT SWITCH

Work light switch has the following positions:

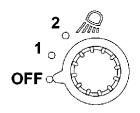
• 1 Position

Work light (1) on the base machine will light. Also, the instrument panel illumination will light.

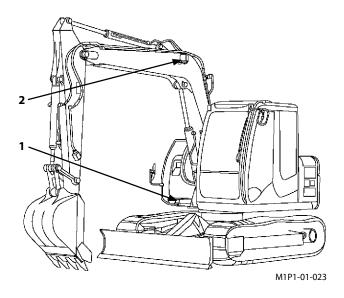
2 Position
 Work light (2) will light in addition.

OFF Position

Work lights (1) and (2) and the instrument panel illumination will turn off.



M178-01-015



WIPER/WASHER SWITCH

The wiper and the window washer are operated using the wiper/washer switch.

Wiper

Turn the wiper/washer switch to the specified position to operate the wiper.

OFF Position: The wiper stops and is retracted.

INT Position: The wiper operates intermittently at the

interval selected by the switch position as

described below.

INT (Slow): The wiper operates at 8-second interval. INT (Mid): The wiper operates at 6-second interval. INT (Fast): The wiper operates at 3-second interval.

ON Position: The wiper operates continuously.

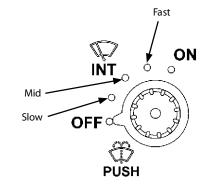


- NOTE: When the front window (upper) is opened, the wiper and washer will not operate. Even if the front window (upper) is closed, the wiper and washer will not operate until the lock pin on the right side is placed in the lock position. If the front window is opened while during operating the wiper, the wiper will be retracted and the washer function is deactivated.
 - In case either the wiper or washer is operated with the front window (upper) opened, or if front window (upper) is opened while operating either the wiper or washer, the front window opening alarm buzzer will sound intermittently at one-second intervals. Close the front window (upper).

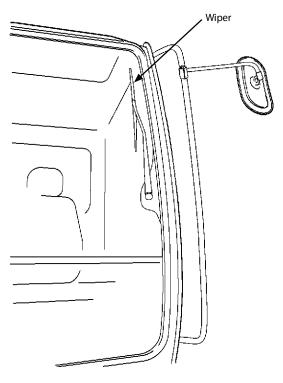
• Washer (Std. Model)

Press and hold the wiper/washer switch to squirt washer fluid onto the front window. When the wiper/washer switch is pressed for more than 2 seconds, the wiper operates until the switch is released. When the wiper/washer switch is released, the wiper automatically retracts. While operating the wiper in the INT mode, when the wiper/washer switch is pressed, the wiper operation mode is changed to the continuous operation mode.

IMPORTANT: Washer motor may be damaged if wiper/ washer switch is held for more than 20 seconds, or continually operated with no fluid in the washer tank.



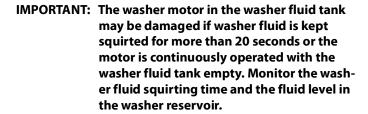
M178-01-016



M1U1-01-018

• Washer (Overhead Window: Optional)

As long as wiper washer switch (1) is held down, washer fluid will be squirted from the nozzles on the front window and overhead window. Continue holding wiper washer switch (1) for more than 2 seconds to automatically operate the front window wiper. Release wiper washer switch (1) to stop fluid from being squirted from the nozzles and to automatically stop and retract the wipers. While the wiper is operating in the INT position, when wiper washer switch (1) is pushed, the wiper will change to operate continuously.

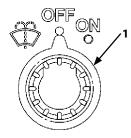


Wiper Switch (2) (Overhead Window: ZX80LCK-3)

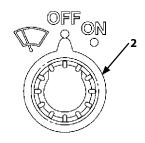
Wiper switch (2) has two positions as follows:

ON PositionOverhead window wiper (3) operates.

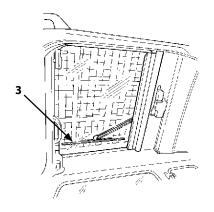
OFF Position......Overhead window wiper (3) stops.



M1U1-01-007



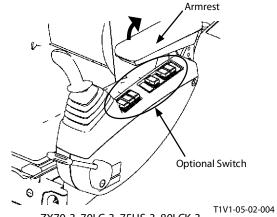
M1U1-01-008

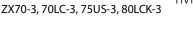


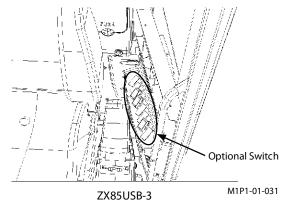
M157-01-081

SWITCH PANEL (Optional)

- NOTE: The optional switch locations differ depending on the kinds of optional devices are equipped. Before using the switches on the switch panel, make sure what kind of optional devices are equipped. All available optional devices are shown below.
 - Raise the armrest when operating the optional switch.
 - Travel Alarm Deactivation
 - Swing Alarm
 - · Rear Light
 - Electric Type Control Lever

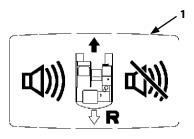






Travel Alarm Deactivation Switch (Optional)

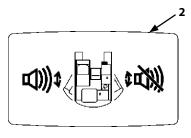
The travel alarm buzzer sounds during travel operation. When push travel alarm deactivation switch (1) to the off position (), the travel alarm buzzer function is deactivated.



M1U1-01-035

Swing Alarm Switch (Optional)

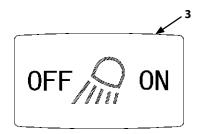
The swing alarm system sounds the buzzer and turns the beacon light ON during swing operation. When push swing alarm switch (2) to the off position (), the swing alarm buzzer function is deactivated.



M1U1-01-036

Rear Light Switch (Optional)

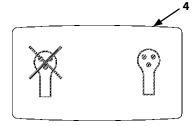
When rear light switch (3) is turned ON. The rear light at the rear of the cab roof comes ON.



M1U1-01-009

Electrical Control Main Switch (Optional)

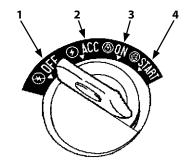
When the ($^{\circ}$) mark side of electrical control main switch (4) is pressed, the electrical control (grip switch) system becomes operable. When there is no need to use the electrical control (grip switch) system, press the ($^{\times}$) mark side of main switch (4) to avoid misoperation.



M1U1-01-013

KEY SWITCH

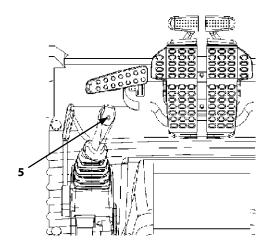
- 1- OFF (Engine Off)
- 2- ACC (Horn, Radio etc.)
- 3- ON (Engine On)
- 4- START (Engine Start)



M178-01-049

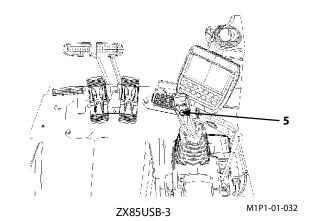
HORN SWITCH

Horn switch (5) is provided on the top of the left control lever. The horn continuously sounds as long as switch (5) is pressed.



ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3

M1J1-01-025



CIGAR LIGHTER

Operation

IMPORTANT: In case cigar lighter (2) does not pop out automatically 30 seconds after pushing cigar lighter (2) in, pull out cigar lighter (2) manually. Then, consult the your nearest Hitachi dealer.

- 1. Turn key switch (1) to the ACC or ON position.
- 2. Press and release cigar lighter (2) knob.
- 3. Cigar lighter (2) knob will return to the original position when cigar lighter (2) becomes usable. Pull cigar lighter (2) out to use.
- 4. After using cigar lighter (2), insert cigar lighter (2) into the panel until the knob is seated in the original position.

Using Cigar Lighter (2) Port as External Power Source

Use cigar lighter (2) port to supply power to lighting equipment for servicing the machine.

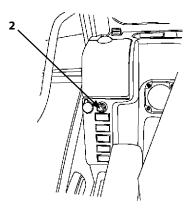
IMPORTANT: Only 24 V electric power is available from the cigar lighter port on this machine. Never connect accessories that use power other than 24 V. Damage to the batteries and accessories may result.

> Do not supply power to accessories for a long time without running the engine. Failure to do so may discharge the batteries.

- 1. Pull cigar lighter (2) knob out.
- 2. Correctly insert the accessory socket into cigar lighter (2) port.
- 3. Turn key switch (1) to the ACC or ON position. Power is supplied to the connected accessory.
- 4. After using the accessory, disconnect the accessory socket and insert cigar lighter (2) into the port.

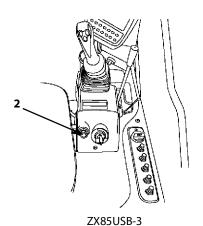


M178-01-049



ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3

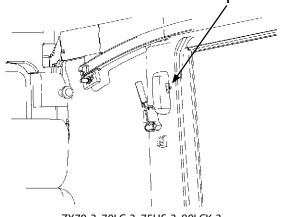
M1P1-07-057



M1P1-07-019

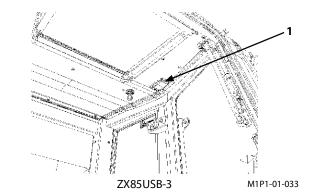
CAB LIGHT

Turn the cab light ON or OFF by using switch (1).



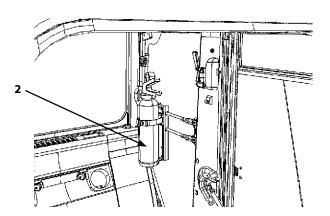
ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3

M1U1-01-022



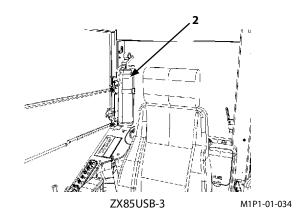
INSTALLING FIRE EXTINGUISHER (Optional)

A fire extinguisher (2) can be installed at the left or right rear corner inside the cab. Consult your nearest HITACHI dealer to install a fire extinguisher (2).



ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3

M1U4-01-005



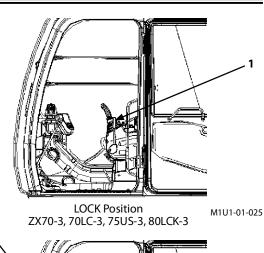
PILOT CONTROL SHUT-OFF LEVER

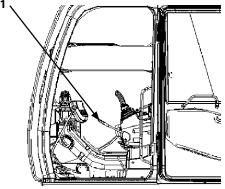
Pilot control shut-off lever (1) functions to prevent the machine from being mistakenly operated when the operator is getting on or off the machine.

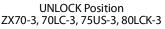


WARNING:

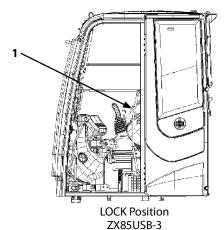
- Pilot control will not be shut-off unless pilot control shut-off lever (1) is completely pulled-up to the LOCK position.
- Before leaving operator's seat, always stop the engine and pull pilot control shut-off lever (1) up to the LOCK position.
- Also, pull pilot control shut-off lever (1) up to the LOCK position when transporting the machine or when the day's work is complete.
- Confirm that pilot control shut-off lever (1) is in the LOCK position before starting the engine.



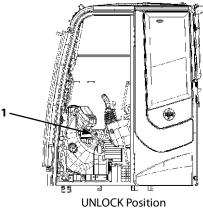




M1U1-01-024



M1P1-01-035



ZX85USB-3

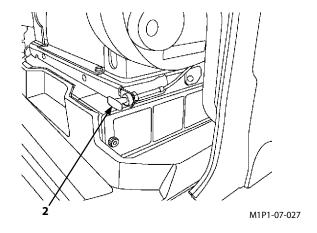
M1P1-01-036

ENGINE STOP KNOB

In case the engine does not stop even if the key switch is turned OFF due to failure of the machine, pull engine stop knob (2) located at the front-left side of the seat stand to stop the engine.



NOTE: If knob (2) is pulled halfway, the engine may not start or may stall during operation. Be sure to push knob (2) to the fully retracted position before restarting the engine.



FUSE BOX

10- CONTROLLER 5A

DLLER 20- OPTION3 (BATT) 5A

9- BACKUP 10A 19- SW. BOX 5A

8- ECF 5A 18- POWER ON 5A

7- EC MOTOR 10A 17- AIRCON. 5A

6- OPTION2 (ALT) 10A 16- GLOW EGR 5A

5- OPTION1 (ALT) 5A 15- AUX. 10A

4- SOLENOID 10A 14- FUEL PUMP 5A

3- HEATER 20A

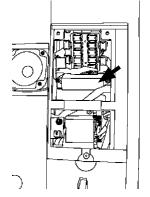
13- LIGHTER 10A

2- WIPER 10A 12- ROOM LAMP/RADIO

1- LAMP 20A

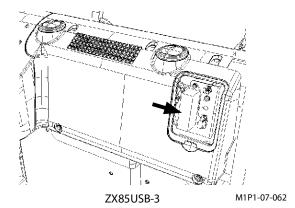
11- HORN 10A

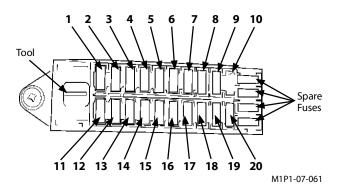
5A



ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3

M1P1-07-025





AUTO AIR CONDITIONER

Distinctive Feature

• Temperature Control:

Automatically controls the cab temperature to maintain the temperature set by the temperature control switch regardless of outside air temperature and insolation.

• Max. Cooling and Heating:

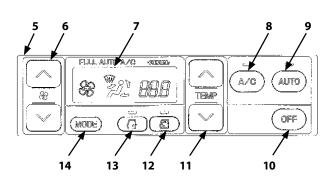
Maximum cooling or heating can be obtained by moving the temperature control switch to the full right or left respectively.

• Preheating:

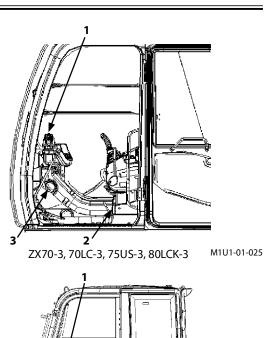
During preheating the cab in winter with the foot vent selected, the air volume is reduced to Low until the coolant temperature rises to prevent cool air from entering the cab.

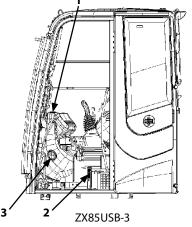
- 1- Front Vent
- 2- Foot Vent
- 3- Defroster Vent
- 4- Rear Vent
- 5- Control Panel
- 6- Blower Switch
- 7- Liquid-Crystal Display (LCD)
- 8- Air Conditioner Switch
- 9- AUTO Switch
- 10- OFF Switch
- 11- Temperature Control Switch
- 12- Circulation Mode Switch
- 13- Fresh Air Mode Switch
- 14- Mode Switch

NOTE: Except for foot vent (2), all vents are provided with louvers to adjust the air flow direction. In addition, the louvers on front vent (1) and defroster vent (3) can be completely opened and closed by hand.

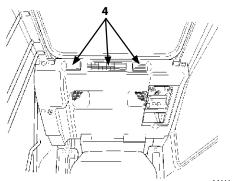


M178-01-073



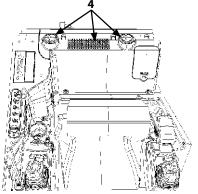


M1P1-01-035



ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3

M1U4-01-002



ZX85USB-3 M1P1-01-030

Control Panel Designation and Function

· Mode Switch (14):

Selects the air vent. The selected air vent is indicated on LCD (7).



Air flows out of front vent and the defroster vents.



Air flow the front and rear vents and the defroster vents.



Air flows out of the front and foot vents and the defroster vents.



Air flows out of the foot vents.

Each time mode switch (14) is pressed, the vent location can be changed in four stages as illustrated below.



- When AUTO switch (9) is selected the AUTO, the air vent location is automatically selected.
- Temperature Control Switch (11):

Sets temperature in the cab from $18.0 \text{ to } 32.0 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ or $63 \text{ to } 91 \,^{\circ}\text{F}$ by $0.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ or $1 \,^{\circ}\text{F}$ step. The set-temperature is displayed on LCD (7).

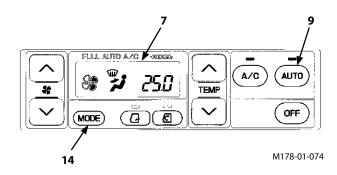
• FC (Full-Cool)

Push the button after setting air temperature to 18 °C or 63 °F. Air flow temperature is set to the lowest and the "FC" symbol is displayed on LCD (7).

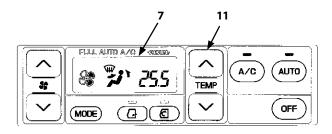
· FH (Full-Heat)

Push the ___ button after setting air temperature to 32 °C or 91 °F. Air flow temperature is set to the highest and the "FH" symbol is displayed on LCD (7).

- When the AUTO indicator is ON, air temperature at the vents is automatically set together with the blower speed and vent locations.
- When the AUTO indicator is OFF, only air temperature at the vents is automatically set.
- When the "FC" symbol is displayed on LCD (7), air temperature at the vent, air vent (front and rear vents) locations, recirculation air suction port, and blower speed are maintained at the lowest cooling conditions. However, in case the circulation indicator is ON before the "FC" symbol is displayed, circulation operation is maintained.

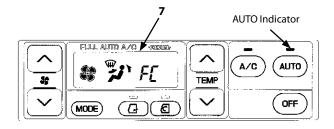


Display when AUTO switch (9) is pressed:



M178-01-075

Display when the that button is pressed after displaying 25.0 °C (77 °F).



M178-01-076

Display when the LCD displays "FC" symbol.

 When the "FH" symbol is displayed on LCD (7), air flowin temperature at the vent, air vent (front and rear vents) locations, fresh air suction port, and blower speed are maintained at the highest heating conditions. However, in case the circulation indicator is ON before the "FH" symbol is displayed, circulation operation is maintained.

Selecting Display Between Celsius And Fahrenheit

- 1. While depressing both A/C (8) and mode (14) switches, turn the key switch "ON".
- 2. LCD (7) will display "Sd" for approx. 5 seconds.
- 3. After display "Sd" is deleted, all LED (7) will come ON.
- 4. After all LED (7) come ON, repeat to press blower switch (6) four times.
- 5. Sequentially, press A/C (8) and blower (6) switches at the same time.
- 6. Then, the selection mode between celsius and fahrenheit starts.
 - Each time the fresh air mode switch (13) is pressed, the display is shifted between celsius and fahrenheit. When celsius is displayed, LED (7) displays "C." When fahrenheit is displayed, LED (7) displays "F." Select either one to be preferred.
- 7. After selection is complete, end by turning the key switch "OFF".

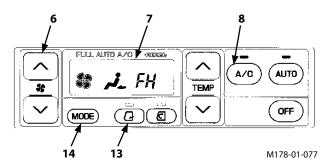
LED (7) will display in the selected mode when the machine is operated next time.

	Display on LCD
Celsius (°C)	18.0 to 32.0
Fahrenheit (°F)	63 to 91

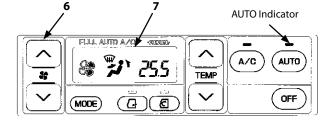
- Blower Switch (6)
 - When the AUTO indicator is ON, the blower speed is automatically controlled.
 - When the AUTO indicator is OFF, the blower speed is controlled in 4 steps. When the ______ button is pressed with the blower OFF, the blower starts running in the HI mode. Then, each time the ______ button is pressed, the blower speed is reduced by one step. LCD (7) indicates the blower fan speed. When the ______ button is pressed with the blower OFF, the blower starts running in the LO mode. Then, each time the ______ button is pressed, the blower speed is increased by one step. LCD (7) indicates the corresponding blower fan speed.
- Circulation Mode Switch (12):
- Fresh Air Mode Switch (13):

Changes the air circulation mode and automatically selects the air vent. When fresh air mode switch (13) is pressed, the indicator comes ON and the fresh air circulation mode is selected, allowing fresh air to flow in. When fresh air mode switch (13) is pressed again, the indicator goes OFF and the fresh air suction port is closed. When circulation mode switch (12) is pressed, the indicator comes ON and the circulation mode is selected. When circulation mode switch (12) is pressed again, the indicator goes OFF and the fresh air suction port is opened.

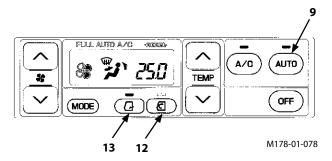
NOTE: Operating the above switches controls the fresh air suction port manually or automatically. Therefore, even if AUTO switch (9) is turned ON, the fresh air suction port status will not be changed.



Display when the LCD displays "FH" symbol.



M178-01-075



Display when fresh air vent switch (13) is pressed.

• Air Conditioner (A/C) Switch (8)

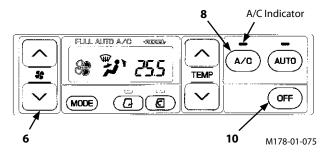
Press A/C switch (8) to turn the air conditioner and the A/C indicator ON. However, unless the blower is running (the fan display of blower switch (6) is lit), the air conditioner will not be turned ON.

• OFF Switch (10)

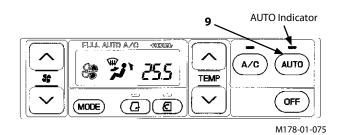
Press OFF switch (10) to turn the blower and the air conditioner OFF.

• AUTO Switch (9)

Press AUTO switch (9) to turn the AUTO and the A/C indicators ON so that the air flow-in temperature at the vent, blower speed, vent locations, and fresh air suction port are automatically controlled.



Display when Air Conditioner Switch (8) is pressed:



Display when AUTO Switch (9) is pressed:

CAB HEATER OPERATION

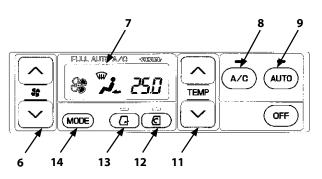
1. Operate AUTO switch (9).

According to signals sent from various sensors, the air conditioner amplifier automatically selects the air flow-in vents, air suction ports, and air flow-in temperature at the vent, and controls the blower speed.

- 2. Operate Temperature Control Switch (11).

 Set temperature control switch (11) so that "25.0" is indicated on LCD (7). Control air temperature inside cab using this switch as necessary.
- 3. As Necessary:
- Operate Mode switch (14) to manually select the air vent.
- Operate blower switch (6) to manually control the blower speed.
- Operate fresh air mode switch (13) to maintain the air vent in the fresh air circulation mode.
- Operate circulation mode switch (12) to maintain the air suction port in the circulation mode.

When the A/C indicator is ON, the air conditioner functions dehumidifier. Press A/C switch (8) to turn OFF the dehumidifier function.



M178-01-079

COOLING OPERATION

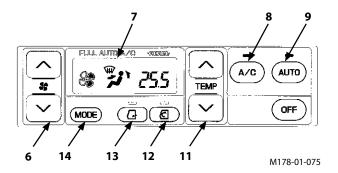
1. Press AUTO Switch (9)

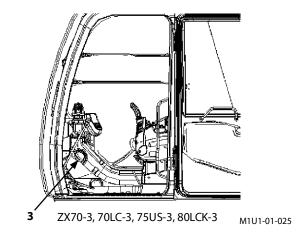
The AUTO and the A/C indicators come ON. Then, the air temperature at the vent, blower speed, vent locations, and air suction ports are automatically controlled by the air conditioner amplifier according to signals sent from various sensors.

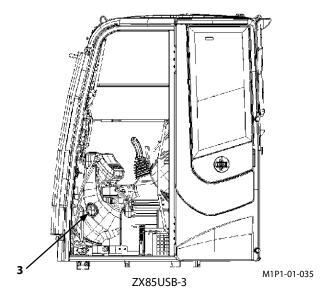
- 2. Operate Temperature Control Switch (11).

 Set temperature control switch (11) so that "25.0" is indicated on LCD (7). Control air temperature inside the cab using this switch (11) as necessary.
- 3. As Necessary:
- Operate Mode switch (14) to manually select the air vent.
- Operate blower switch (6) to manually control the blower speed.
- Operate fresh air mode switch (13) to maintain the air vent in the fresh air circulation mode.
- Operate circulation mode switch (12) to maintain the air suction port in the circulation mode.

In case the front window (lower) becomes clouded, manually close defroster vent (3).







DEFROSTER OPERATION

- Press AUTO Switch (9). Temperature-controlled air blows out. During cold weather season when starting the engine, the engine coolant temperature and air temperature in the cab are low. Then, cool air is restricted not to flow in the cab to the minimum (LO) by the Heater Start-Operation Control System.
- 2. Set temperature control switch (11) so that "25.0" is indicated on LCD (7). Set fresh air vent switch (13) in the fresh air circulation mode.
- 3. Select the front vents or the front and rear vents using MODE switch (14).

Control air flow direction by adjusting the louvers at front vent (1) and defroster vent (3).

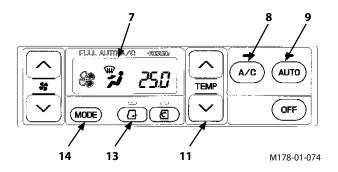
Control air temperature in the cab by operating temperature control switch (11). If the windowpanes become clouded in rainy season or when dehumidifying, turn the indicator of A/C switch (8) ON.

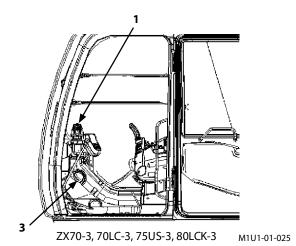
Cool Head / Warm Feet Operation

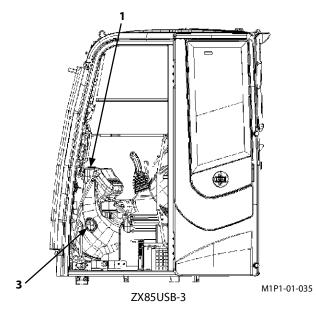
Cool and warm air is simultaneously supplied to the head vents and feet vents respectively.

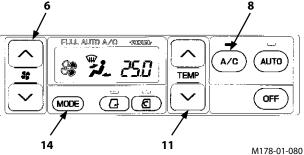
- 1. Press blower switch (6) to adjust the blower speed.
- 2. Press MODE switch (14) to display the front and rear vent mark on the liquid crystal panel. Then, turn A/C switch (8) ON (indicator lights).

Control air temperature inside the cab by operating temperature control switch (11).









TIPS FOR OPTIMAL AIR CONDITIONER USAGE

For Rapid Cooling

Temperature in the cab may rise over 80 °C (176 °F) when the machine is exposed to sun light in the summer. In this case, ventilate air in the cab first by opening the windows for rapid cooling. After starting the engine, press AUTO switch (9). Set temperature to "18.0" on LCD (7) using temperature control switch (11). Turn circulation mode switch (12) ON.

When Windows Become Clouded

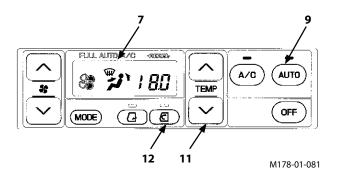
If the insides of the windows become clouded during rainy weather or on humid days, operate the air conditioner to aid in keeping the windows clear. When the atmosphere is very damp, and if the air conditioner has run excessively, the outside of the windows may become clouded. If this happens, turn off the air conditioner to adjust the temperature in the cab.

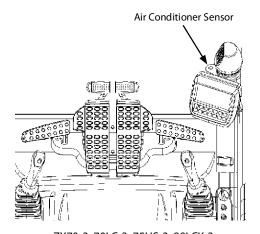
Off-Season Air Conditioner Maintenance

To protect each part of the compressor from a lack of lubricant, operate the air conditioner at least once a month for several minutes with the engine running at a slow speed during off-season. When the cab temperature is lower than 15 °C (59 °F), the air conditioner may not operate. If this happens, warm the cab using the heater first.

IMPORTANT: • Do not suddenly increase the engine speed.

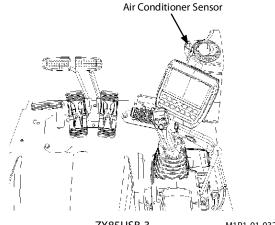
- Refer to the item "Check Air Conditioner Filter" in the Maintenance Section for maintenance of the air conditioner filters.
- Always clean the auto air conditioner sensor for effective air conditioner performance. Avoid placing any obstructions around the sensor.





ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3

M1 I1-01-028



ZX85USB-3

M1P1-01-032

CAB HEATER (Optional)

Part Name and Location

- 1- Front Vent
- 2- Foot Vent
- 3- Defroster Vent
- 4- Rear Vents
- 5- Control Panel
- 6- Mode Switch
- 7- Fresh Air Vent Switch
- 8- Temperature Control Switch
- 9- Blower Switch
- 10- OFF Switch

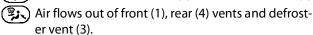


NOTE: Air flow direction can be changed by controlling the louvers at all air vents except for foot vent (2). The louvers at front (1) and defroster (3) vents can be manually opened or closed.

Control Panel Designation and Function

• Mode Switch (6): Selects the air vent.

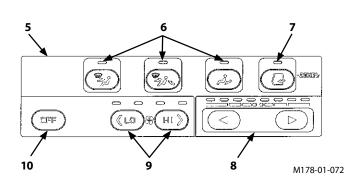
Air flows out of front vent (1) and defroster vent (3).

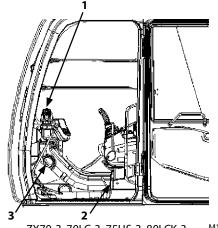


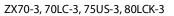
(درفر) Air flows out of foot vent (2).

Temperature Control Switch (8)

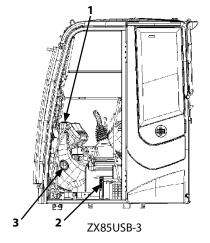
One of 8 indicators is lit. The air flow temperature at the vent is lower or higher as the indicator closer to the left or right end is lit respectively. Both warmed and cooled air flow out of the same air vent.



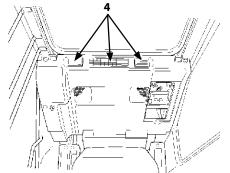




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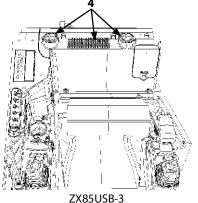


M1P1-01-035



ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3

M1U4-01-002



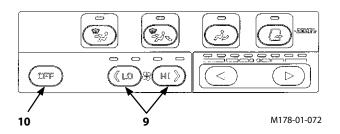
M1P1-01-030

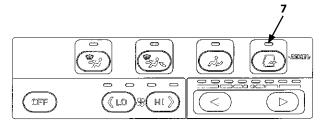
• Blower Switch (9)

The blower speed is controlled from Lo to Hi in 4 steps. When the HI button is pressed first, the blower starts running in the HI mode. Then, each time the LO button is pressed, the blower speed is reduced by one step. The blower speed indicator corresponding to the blower speed is lit. When the LO button is pressed first, the blower starts running in the LO mode. Then, each time the human button is pressed, the blower speed is increased by one step. Press blower OFF switch (10) to stop the blower operation.



Changes the air circulation mode. When fresh air vent switch (7) is pressed, the indicator comes ON and the fresh air circulation mode is selected, allowing fresh air to flow in. When fresh air vent switch (7) is pressed again, the indicator goes OFF and the circulation mode is selected.



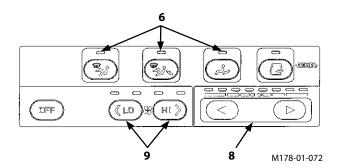


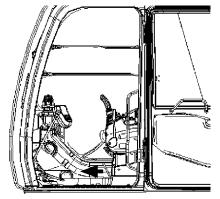
M178-01-072

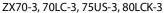
CAB HEATER OPERATION

Press foot mode (3) switch (6). Set temperature control switch (8) to the right end position.

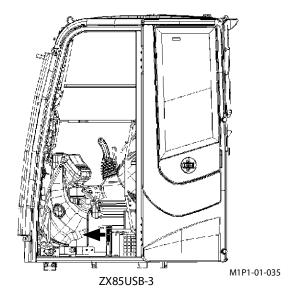
Press blower switch (9) to blow warm air out of the foot vent. Adjust the air temperature in the cab by operating temperature control switch (8) and blower switch (9). When required to quickly increase air temperature in the cab, select the air recirculation mode. However, if air recirculation mode is used for a long time, the windowpanes will become clouded due to a difference in temperature between outside and inside the cab. Occasionally ventilate the cab. (When the fresh air circulation mode is selected, the windowpanes will be prevented from becoming clouded.)







M1U1-01-025



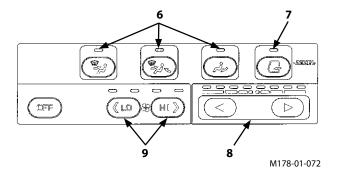
DEFROSTER OPERATION

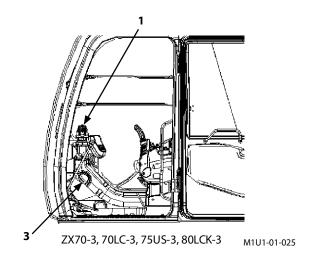
Press mode switch (6) (either the front or front/rear vent mode switch). Set temperature control switch (8) to the heat operation position. Press fresh air vent switch (7).

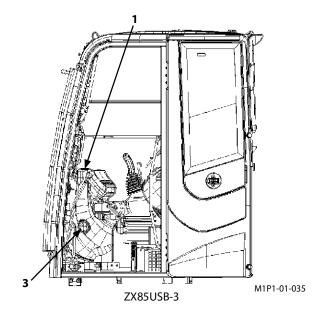
Press blower switch (9). Warm air will blow out from the front or front/ rear vents.

Adjust air flow direction from front vent (1) and defroster vent (3) by controlling the louver direction.

Use temperature control switch (8) and blower switch (9) to adjust air temperature in the cab.



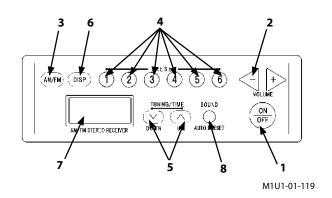




AM/FM RADIO OPERATION

Controls on the Radio

- 1- Power Switch
- 2- Volume Control Switch
- 3- AM/FM Switch
- 4- Station Presets
- 5- UP/DOWN Switch
- 6- Display Mode Change Switch
- 7- Digital Display
- 8- Tone Adjustment Switch



Tuning Procedure

• Manual Tuning Procedure

Repeatedly tap one of UP/DOWN switch (5) until the desired station is reached.

Each time the tuning switch is pressed, the frequency changes at an interval.

Tap the tuning switch [UP] () to increase the frequency.

Tap the tuning switch [DOWN] $(\underline{\smile})$ to decrease the frequency.

· Automatic Search Function

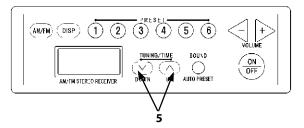
Press and hold one UP/DOWN switch (5) for more than half a second, then release. The frequency display will move up to the next higher frequency station.

To go up to the next higher frequency station, press and hold the tuning switch [UP] ().

To go down to the next lower frequency station, press and hold the tuning switch [DOWN] (\checkmark).

In order to deactivate the automatic search function while it is operating (while searching the next available frequency station), simply tap UP/DOWN switch (5) again.

If the receiving radio waves are weak, i. e. such as when the machine is located between high rising buildings, etc., use the manual tuning procedure to select the desired station.

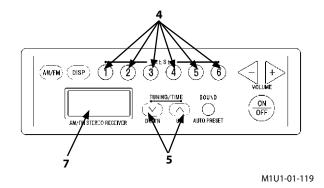


M1U1-01-119

Station Presetting Procedure

- 1. Select the desired station using UP/DOWN switch (5). (Refer to the "Tuning Procedure" section.)
- 2. Press and hold one station preset (4) for more than 1 second until an electronic tone is heard. Now, the selected station is preset for selected station preset (4). The frequency of the preset station will be indicated on digital display (7).

Once the presetting is complete for a station preset (4), the radio will be tuned to the preset station when station preset (4) is pressed (for less than 1 second).



Digital Clock Setting Procedure

NOTE: In order to set the clock, digital display (7) must be in the time display mode.

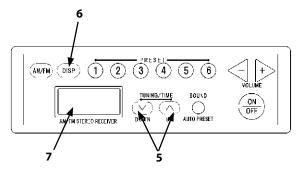
- 1. Press display mode button (6) to indicate the time display on digital display (7).
- 2. Press and hold display mode button (6) for longer than 1 second. The hour display will start flashing and the time set mode will be selected.
- 3. Press UP/DOWN switch (5) to set the clock. Each time UP/DOWN switch (5) is pressed, the time display will increase by one. If UP/DOWN switch (5) is pressed and held, the time display will change continuously.
- When the hour display is "12", if UP/DOWN switch (UP) (5) is pressed, the hour display will be reset to "1."

 The time is displayed in 12 hour standard.

 More press display mode button (6). The minute display will start flashing and time set mode will be selected.

 When the minute display is "59," if UP/DOWN switch (UP) (5) is pressed, the minute display will be reset to "00."

 However, the hour display remains unchanged in this case.
- 4. After the clock setting is complete, press display mode button (6) again to end the clock time setting procedure. Digital display (7) stops flashing and changes to stay ON.

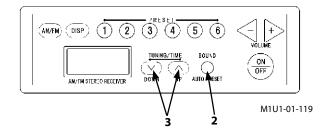


M1U1-01-119

Sound Adjustment

When SOUND control switch (2) is pressed with the radio switch ON, It will be in the sound adjustment state. Each time SOUND control switch (2) is pressed, the adjustment item can be changed as below. BAL \rightarrow TRE \rightarrow BAS \rightarrow BAL \rightarrow TRE \rightarrow BAS When SOUND control switch (2) is pressed with the BAS state, the sound adjustment is deactivated.

- Sound Adjustment (Balance Control)
 When UP button (3) is pressed with the BAL state, loud-speaker output is increased from R output by one step.
 When DOWN button (3) is pressed with the BAL state, loudspeaker output is decreased from L output by one
- Sound Adjustment (Treble Control)
 When UP button (3) is pressed with the TRE state, treble level is increased by one step. When DOWN button (3) is pressed with the TRE state, treble level is decreased by one step.
- Sound Adjustment (Bass Control)
 When UP button (3) is pressed with the Bas state, bass level is increased by one step. When DOWN button (3) is pressed with the Bas state, bass level is decreased by one step.



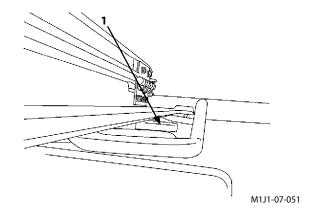
CAB DOOR RELEASE LEVER



CAUTION:

- Open the cab door all the way until it securely locks in the latch on the side of the cab.
- Do not keep the cab window open when the machine is parked on a slope, or while the wind is blowing hard. The cab window may close accidentally, possibly resulting in personal injury.
- When opening or closing the cab window, take extra care not to catch fingers between the base machine and the cab window.

To unlock the door from this position, push down on lever (1).



OPENING UPPER FRONT WINDOW

ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3

A

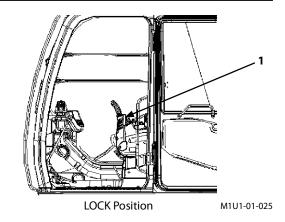
WARNING: Open or close the upper-front cab window only after pulling up pilot control shut-off lever (1) to the LOCK position. Failure to do so may allow the machine to move unexpectedly if a control lever is touched with a part of the body by mistake, possibly resulting in personal injury or death.

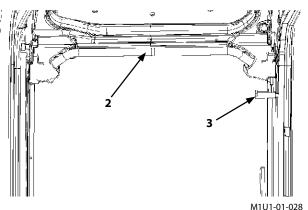
- 1. Press lock release lever (2) at the upper center to release the upper front window lock.
- NOTE: Use caution when releasing the lock. The upper section of the upper front window will move approx. 10 cm inward.
 - 2. Holding the upper and lower handles (one each) on the upper front window, pull the upper front window up and back until it securely catches into auto locks (4).

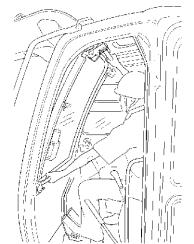


CAUTION: Always secure lock pin (3) in the lock position after the upper front window is opened.

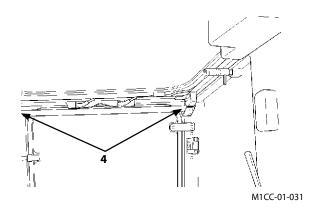
- 3. After confirming that the window securely catches into auto locks (4), slide lock pin (3) into the left bracket boss hole to lock the window in position.
- NOTE: When the upper front window is opened, the wiper and washer are inoperable.







M1CC-01-020



OPENING UPPER FRONT WINDOW

ZX85USB-3



WARNING: Open or close the upper front window only after pulling up pilot control shut-off lever (1) to the LOCK position. Failure to do so may allow the machine to move unexpectedly if a control lever is touched with a part of the body by mistake, possibly resulting in personal injury or death.



CAUTION: Open or close the upper front window after lowering the seat height. If not so, you may hit your head against the upper front window when opening or closing it.

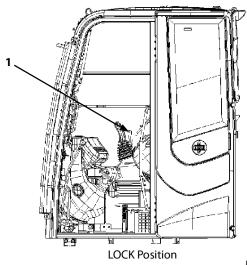
- 1. Press lock release levers (2) at the both right and left to release the upper front window lock.
- 2. Hold the right and left handles (3) on the upper front window and move the upper front window up and back until lock release levers (2) are locked again.
- 3. After confirming that lock release levers (2) are securely locked, and set lever (4) of the cab rear upper side under the front window.



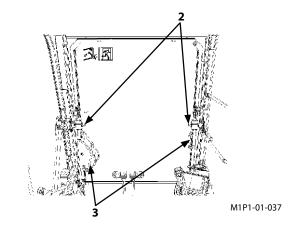
MOTE: When the upper front window is opened, the wiper is operable.

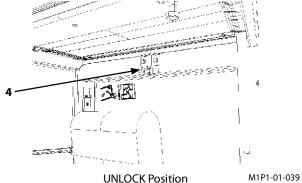


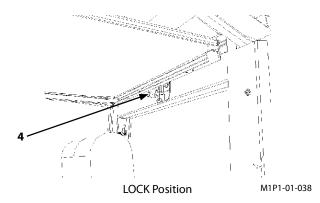
CAUTION: When opening the upper front window, slide and set lever (4) under the front window anytime.



M1P1-01-035







CLOSING UPPER FRONT WINDOW

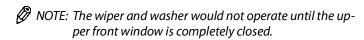
ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3

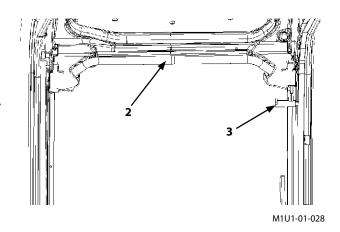


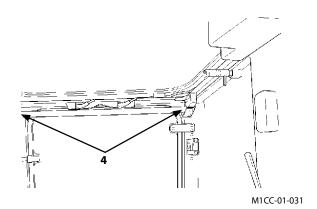
CAUTION: Avoid possible injury while closing window.

Upper front window comes down very forcefully. Close window only when sitting in the operator's seat. Guide window down slowly.

- 1. Pull out lock pin (3) to unlock window.
- 2. Slightly move the window forward while pushing lock release lever (2) to release auto locks (4).
- 3. Pull window down slowly until it securely catches into auto locks (4).







ZX85USB-3



CAUTION: Avoid possible injury while closing window.

Upper front window comes down very forcefully. Close window only when sitting in the operator's seat. Guide window down slowly.



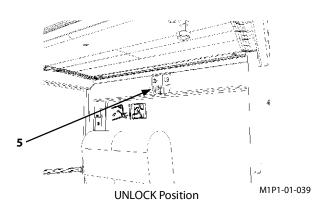
CAUTION: Open or close the upper front window after lowering the seat height. If not so, you may hit your head against the upper front window when opening or closing it.

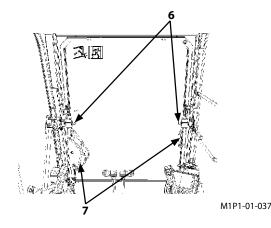
- 1. Set lever (5) in horizontal and return the upper front window to the original state.
- 2. Press lock release levers (6) downward and unlock the upper front window.



CAUTION: When closing the upper front window, move it downward slowly in order not to pinch hands.

3. Hold right and left handles (7) on the upper front window and move the upper front window downward until lock release levers (6) are securely locked.





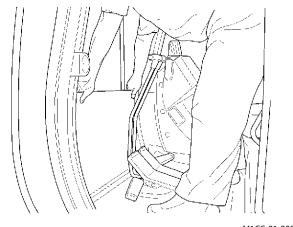
REMOVING AND STORING LOWER FRONT WINDOW

ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3

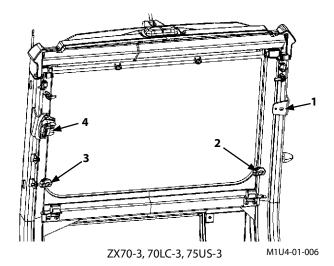


CAUTION: Take care not to pinch yours fingers when handling the lower front window.

- 1. Open the upper front window beforehand when removing the lower front window.
- 2. While pulling the lower front widow inward, raise it to remove.
- 3. Store the removed windowpane in the storing position. After inserting the windowpane into rubbers (2 and 3), slide it sideways securely into rubber (1). Then, push fastener (4) to lock.



M1CC-01-022

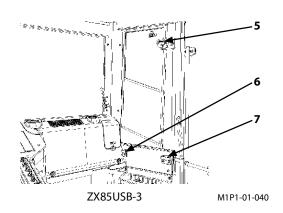


ZX85USB-3



CAUTION: Take care not to pinch your fingers when handling the lower front window.

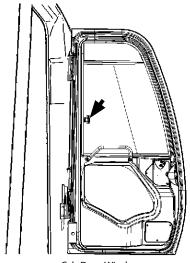
- 1. Open the upper front window beforehand when removing the lower front window.
- 2. Move the lower front widow upward and remove it.
- 3. Store the removed windowpane in the storing position at the rear. After inserting the windowpane into brackets (6 and 7), push it onto lock (5) and secure it.



OPENING SIDE WINDOWS

ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3

Opening Cab Door Window Slide rear pane to the front.

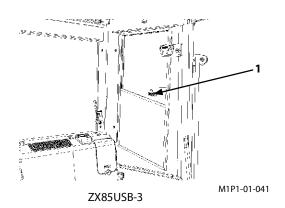


Cab Door Window ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3

M1U4-01-007

ZX85USB-3

Open or close the rear left window by holding handle (1) and sliding the windowpane of the rear left window upward and downward.



OPENING/CLOSING OVERHEAD WINDOW (Std. Model)

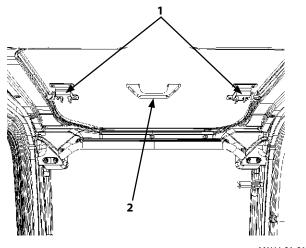
Opening

- 1. Move locks (1) toward center of window.
- 2. Hold handle (2) and lift window until it rises upright. With the window positioned upright, it will be secured in position by dampers (3).

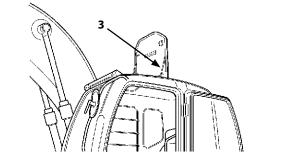
Closing

1. Hold handle (2) and pull window down until "click" sound is heard from locks (1).

Note that the overhead window can be used as an emergency exit.



M1U4-01-011



M1U1-01-054

OPENING/CLOSING OVERHEAD WINDOW

(Clear Hatch: If Equipped)

Opening

- 1. Move locks (1) toward center of window.
- 2. Hold handle (2) and lift window until it rises upright. With the window positioned upright, it will be secured in position by dampers (3).

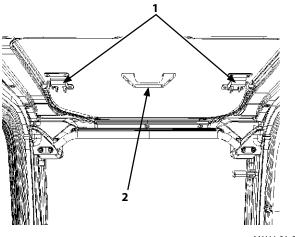
Closing

1. Hold handle (2) and pull window down until "click" sound is heard from locks (1).

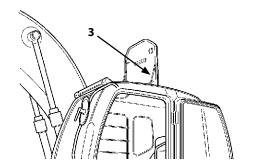
Note that the overhead window can be used as an emergency exit.

IMPORTANT:

- Replace the clear hatch with a new one every 5
 years even if undamaged. In case it was remarkably
 damaged or has received severe shock loads, replace it even if it has been not in use for 5 years.
- When cleaning the clear hatch, use a neutral detergent. If acidic or alkaline detergent is used, the clear hatch may become discolored or crack.
- Keep organic solvent away from the clear hatch.
 Failure to do so may cause the clear hatch to become discolored or crack.



M1U4-01-011



M1U1-01-054

EMERGENCY EXIT

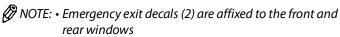
ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3

Escape from the cab in emergency in the following methods:



CAUTION: The danger of downfall is always present when escaping from the cab in emergency, possibly resulting in serious personal injury. Escape from the cab as safely as possible, depending on the posture of machine and the outside situation.

- 1. Open the cab door. Escape through the door.
- 2. If the cab door should be difficult to open or use, open the upper front window. Escape through the window.

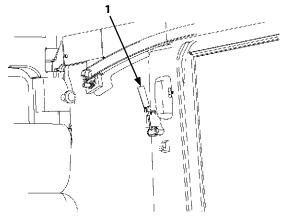


• See page "OPENING UPPER FRONT WINDOWS" for the opening method of the front windows.

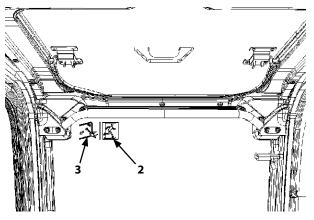


CAUTION:

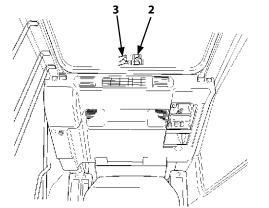
- If decal (3) is affixed to the front window glass, the glass can be broken. However if decal (3) is not affixed to the front window glass, the glass cannot be broken
- Take care not be injured with pieces of broken glass.
- 3. If upper front window should be difficult to open, check decal (3) affixed to the window glass. If decal (3) is affixed to the front window glass, break the front window glass using emergency evacuation tool (1) installed the cab left side. Then escape through the broken window.
- 4. If decal (3) is not affixed to the front window glass, or if the front window is not available for escaping, break the rear window glass using emergency evacuation tool (1). Then escape through the broken window.
- 5. If neither of front and rear windows are available for emergency exit, open the overhead window to escape from the cab.



M1U1-01-022



M1U4-01-012



M1U4-01-003

EMERGENCY EXIT

ZX85USB-3

Escape from the cab in emergency in the following methods:



CAUTION: The danger of downfall is always present when escaping from the cab in emergency, possibly resulting in serious personal injury. Escape from the cab as safely as possible, depending on the posture of machine and the outside situation.

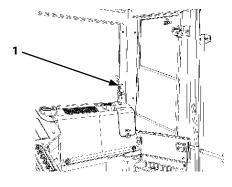
- 1. Open the cab door. Escape through the door.
- 2. If the cab door should be difficult to open or use, open the upper front window. Escape through the window.
- NOTE: Emergency exit decals (2) are affixed to the front and rear windows
 - See page "OPENING UPPER FRONT WINDOWS" for the opening method of the front windows.



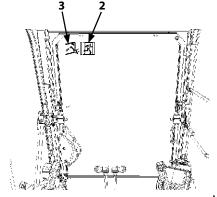
CAUTION:

- If decal (3) is affixed to the front window glass, the glass can be broken. However if decal (3) is not affixed to the front window glass, the glass cannot be broken
- Take care not be injured with pieces of broken glass.
- 3. If upper front window should be difficult to open, check the decal (3) affixed to the window glass.

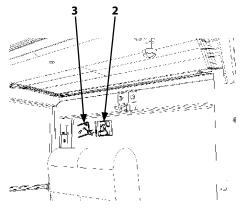
 If decal (3) is affixed to the front window glass, break the front window glass using emergency evacuation tool (1) installed the cab left side. Then escape through the broken window.
- 4. If decal (3) is not affixed to the front window glass, or if the front window is not available for escaping, break the rear window glass using emergency evacuation tool (1). Then escape through the broken window.
- 5. If neither of front and rear windows are available for emergency exit, open the overhead window to escape from the cab.



M1P1-01-040



M1P1-01-037



M1P1-01-039

ADJUSTING THE SEAT

Seat Height and Angle Adjustment

Seat height adjustment range is 60 mm (2.4 in) with steps every 15 mm (0.6 in) (5 positions in total). Moreover, the height of the front part and the rear part of the seat are adjusted independently, thus allowing the angle of the seat to be adjusted.



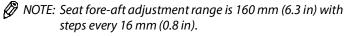
CAUTION: Avoid possible injury while operating lever (1). When pushing down lever (1), do not grab it. Fingers may be pinched between lever (1) and the seat stand. Be sure to push on the upper face of lever (1).

Use lever (1) to adjust the seat height and/or seat angle as follows:

- To adjust the front part of the seat:
 Push down lever (1) while sitting on the seat, and apply or remove body weight to obtain the desired height. When the desired height is obtained, release lever (1).
- To adjust the rear part of the seat:
 Pull up lever (1) while sitting on the seat, and apply or remove body weight to obtain the desired height. When the desired height is obtained, release lever (1).

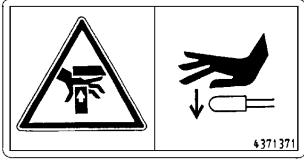


Pull lever (2) to unlock the seat from both consoles. With lever (2), slide the seat to the desired distance from pilot control levers. Release lever (2).



Backrest Adjustment

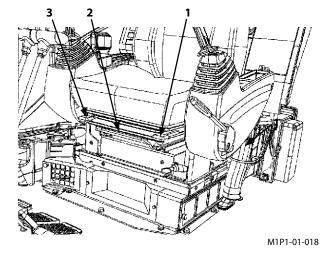
Pull up lever (3) to release backrest lock. Move backrest to the desired position and release lever (3).



Caution: Possibility of pinched fingers

Push down with the palm.

SS-955



ADJUSTING THE SEAT (Optional)

Seat Height and Angle Adjustment

Seat height adjustment range is 60 mm (2.4 in) with steps every 15 mm (0.6 in) (5 positions in total). Moreover, the height of the front part and the rear part of the seat are adjusted independently, thus allowing the angle of the seat to be adjusted.



CAUTION: Avoid possible injury while operating lever (1). When pushing down lever (1), do not grab it. Fingers may be pinched between lever (1) and the seat stand. Be sure to push on the upper face of lever

Use lever (1) to adjust the seat height and/or seat angle as follows:

- To adjust the front part of the seat: Push down lever (1) while sitting on the seat, and apply or remove body weight to obtain the desired height. When the desired height is obtained, release lever (1).
- To adjust the rear part of the seat: Pull up lever (1) while sitting on the seat, and apply or remove body weight to obtain the desired height. When the desired height is obtained, release lever (1).

Console and Seat Fore-aft Adjustment

Pull lever (2) to the right to adjust the seat and both right and left consoles to desired distance from the travel pedals and levers. Release lever (2) to lock seat and consoles into position.



NOTE: Seat and console fore-aft adjustment range is 40 mm (1.6 in) with steps every 20 mm (0.8 in).

Seat Fore-Aft Adjustment

Pull lever (3) to unlock the seat from both consoles. With lever (3), slide the seat to the desired distance from pilot control levers. Release lever (3).



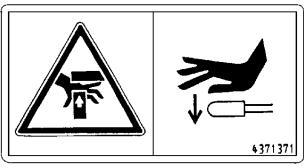
NOTE: Seat fore-aft adjustment range is 160 mm (6.3 in) with steps every 16 mm (0.8 in).

Suspension Adjustment

Turn knob (4) clockwise to increase suspension stiffness. Turn knob (4) counter clockwise to decrease suspension stiffness.

Backrest Adjustment

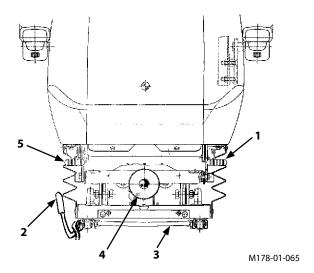
Pull up lever (5) to release backrest lock. Move backrest to the desired position and release lever (5).



Caution: Possibility of pinched fingers

Push down with the palm.

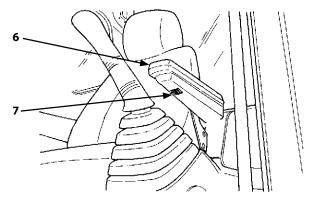
SS-955



Armrest Adjustment

Armrest (6) can be pulled upright by hand to get on and off the machine easily.

The angle of armrest (6) can be adjusted to the desired position by turning adjusting dial (7) located on the bottom of armrest (6).



M1G6-01-017

ADJUSTING CONSOLE HEIGHT

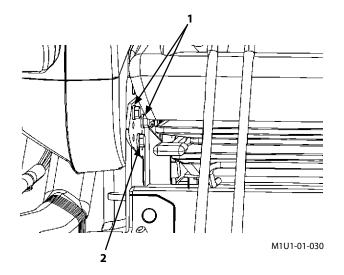
Adjust the console height to the operator's comfort and/or work conditions. Adjusting console height can be achieved using four positions provided vertically at 20 mm intervals.



CAUTION: Before loosening the console, support the console. Otherwise, the console may suddenly drop, possibly causing personal injury.

Adjusting Procedures

- 1. Lower the bucket to the ground. Stop the engine.
- 2. Move the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position.
- 3. Remove left and right console holding bolts (1). Loosen bolts (2) to adjust the console height.
- After adjusting, tighten bolts (1) and (2).
 Tightening Torque: 50 N·m (5 kgf·m)



SEAT BELT



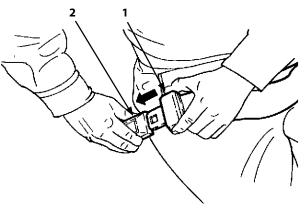
A CAUTION: Be sure to use seat belt (1) when operating the machine.

Before operating the machine, be sure to examine seat belt (1), buckle (2), and attaching hardware. Replace seat belt (1), buckle (2), or attaching hardware if they are damaged, or worn.

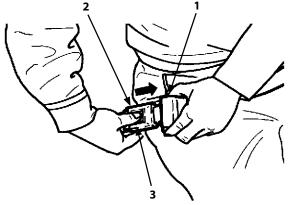
Replace seat belt (1) every three years, regardless of appearance.

Seat Belt

- 1. Confirm that seat belt (1) is not twisted. Securely insert the end of seat belt (1) into buckle (2). Lightly pull on the belt to confirm that buckle (2) latches securely.
- 2. Push button (3) on buckle (2) to unfasten seat belt (1).



M1U1-01-031



M1U1-01-032

OBSERVE ENGINE OPERATION CLOSELY

IMPORTANT: Be extra cautious during the first 50 hours, until you become thoroughly familiar with the sound and feel of your new machine.

- 1. Operate the machine only in economy (E) mode and limit the engine horsepower up to about 80 % of full load.
- 2. Avoid excess engine idling.
- 3. Check indicator lights and gauges frequently during operation.

EVERY 8 HOURS OR DAILY

- 1. Perform 8-hour or daily service. (See Maintenance guide -- 8 hours.)
- 2. Watch for fluid leaks.
- 3. Lubricate working tool pivots every 8 hours for the first 50 hours, and every 8 hours when working in mud and water.

AFTER THE FIRST 50 HOURS

- 1. Perform 50-hour service. (See Maintenance guide -- 50 hours.)
- 2. Check accessible hardware torque. (See Hardware Torque Specifications in Maintenance chapter.)

AFTER THE FIRST 100 HOURS

Perform 50-hour and 100-hour service. (See Maintenance Guide -- 50 hours and 100 hours.)

BREAK-IN

МЕМО

INSPECT MACHINE DAILY BEFORE STARTING

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

Check for worn or frayed wires and loose connections.

BOOM, BUCKET, SHEET METAL, TRACKS

Check for bent, broken or missing parts.

HARDWARE

Check for loose or missing parts.

FUEL SYSTEM

Drain water and sediments from fuel tank.

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

Check for leaks, kinked hoses, and lines or hoses that rub against each other or other parts.

LUBRICATION

Check lubrication points on the Periodic Service Chart.

PROTECTIVE DEVICES

Check guards, fenders.

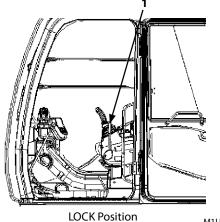
SAFETY

Walk around machine to clear all bystanders/obstacles from machine area.

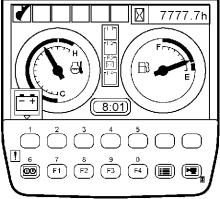
BEFORE STARTING ENGINE

- 1. Confirm that pilot control shut-off lever (1) is in the LOCK position.
- 2. Confirm that all control levers are placed in neutral.
- 3. Adjust the seat to allow full pedal and control levers stroke with operator's back against the backrest. Fasten the seat belt.

NOTE: Use a wet cloth when wiping dust off monitor or switch panels to prevent damaging the panel face. Rubber is used on the switch parts. Take care not to tear the rubber-made parts with sharp-edged tool, such as a screwdriver.

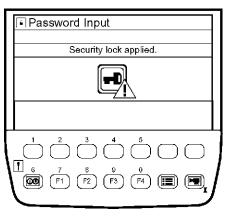


M1U1-01-025



T1P1-05-02-005

IMPORTANT: If the security lock screen is displayed when turn the key switch to ON position, return key switch to OFF. Wait for more than 30 seconds (the buzzer stopped), then try again. If the security lock screen is displayed again, contact your nearest HITACHI dealer.



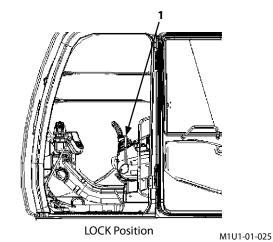
Security Lock Screen

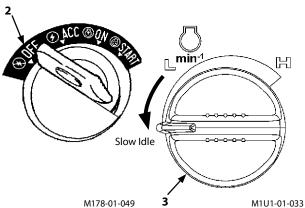
T1V5-05-01-005

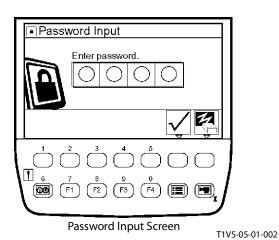
STARTING THE ENGINE IN ORDINARY TEMPERATURE

- 1. Pull pilot control shut-off lever (1) up to the LOCK position.
- 2. Turn engine control dial (3) to the slow idle position.
- 3. Sound horn to alert bystanders.
- 4. Insert key switch (2). Turn it ON position.
- 5. "Wait-screen (nothing is displayed)" is displayed on the monitor for 2 seconds. Regardless of pilot control shut-off lever (1) position, the engine can not be cranked during this duration.
- When the password input screen is displayed on the monitor, input the password. Unless the TEN-key function (ignition block system) is activated, this screen is not displayed.

IMPORTANT: When required to activate the TEN-key function (ignition block system), consult your nearest Hitachi dealer.







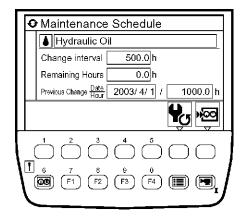
NOTE: When the maintenance information display is ON with the maintenance setting, the scheduled maintenance screen for the item whose change interval has expired displays for three to ten seconds. Then, the basic screen displays.

- 7. The basic screen will be displayed on the monitor. Check that preheat indicator (4) is OFF at this time.
- 8. Turn key switch (2) to start the engine.

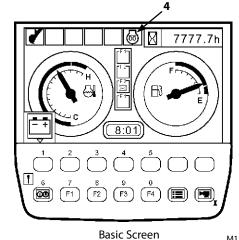
IMPORTANT: Prevent the starter damage.

Never operate the starter motor for more than 10 seconds at a time. If the engine fails to start, return the key switch to OFF. Wait for more than 30 seconds, then try again. After a false start, do not turn the key switch until the engine stops or the starter may be damaged.

9. Release key switch (2) immediately after the engine has started. It will return to ON position.



T1V5-05-01-170



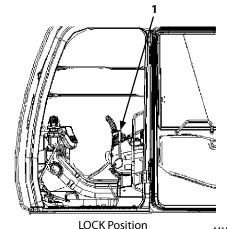
M1P1-03-003

STARTING IN COLD WEATHER

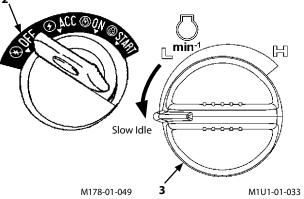
Preheating

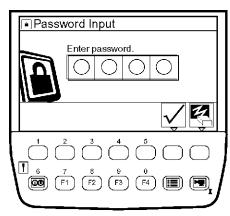
- 1. Pull pilot control shut-off lever (1) up to the LOCK position.
- 2. Turn engine control dial (3) to around the middle between the L and H positions.
- 3. Sound horn to alert bystanders.
- 4. Insert key switch (2). Turn it ON position.
- 5. "Wait-screen (nothing is displayed)" is displayed on the monitor for 2 seconds. Regardless of pilot control shut-off lever (1) position, the engine can not be cranked during this duration.
- When the password input screen is displayed on the monitor, input the password. Unless the TEN-key function (ignition block system) is activated, this screen is not displayed.

IMPORTANT: When required to activate the TEN-key function (ignition block system), consult your nearest Hitachi dealer.



K Position M1U1-01-025





Password Input Screen

T1V5-05-01-002

NOTE: When the maintenance information display is ON with the maintenance setting, the scheduled maintenance screen for the item whose change interval has expired displays for three to ten seconds. Then, the basic screen displays.

7. The basic screen will be displayed on the monitor. The machine will automatically check if preheating is required or not. When preheating is required, preheat indicator (4) is lit for automatically.

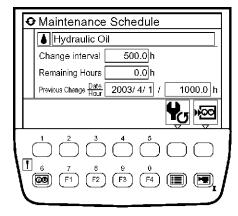
NOTE: In case, preheat indicator (4) does not come ON, preheating is not required.

8. As soon as preheat indicator (4) goes OFF, turn the key switch to the START position to rotate the starter.

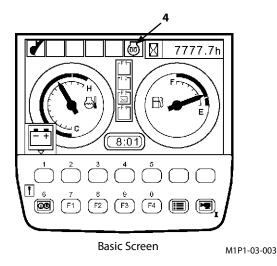
IMPORTANT: Prevent the starter damage.

Never operate the starter motor for more than 10 seconds at a time. If the engine fails to start, return the key switch to OFF. Wait for more than 30 seconds, then try again. After a false start, do not turn the key switch until the engine stops or the starter may be damaged.

9. Release the key switch immediately after the engine has started. It will return to ON position.



T1V5-05-01-170



CHECK INSTRUMENTS AFTER STARTING

Checking instruments through monitor functions.

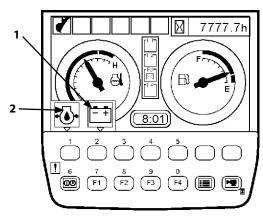
After starting the engine, check the following points through the monitor functions.

Check that

- 1. Alternator indicator (1) is off.
- 2. Engine oil pressure indicator (2) is off.
- 3. Engine noise and exhaust gas are normal.

IMPORTANT: Prevent possible damage to engine. If indicator lights do not go out after starting engine, IMMEDIATELY STOP THE ENGINE and correct the cause.

Operate machine at less-than-normal loads and speeds until the engine is at normal operating temperature.



M1P1-03-004

USING BOOSTER BATTERIES

A

WARNING:

 An explosive gas is produced while batteries are in use or being charged. Keep flames or sparks away from the battery area. Charge the batteries in a well ventilated area.

Do not continue to use or charge the battery when electrolyte level is lower than specified. Explosion of the battery may result.

Park the machine on a dry, firm or concrete surface, not on steel plates, if the machine is parked on steel plates, dangerous sparks may be unexpectedly created on the machine.

Never connect a positive terminal to a negative terminal, as a dangerous short circuit will occur.

• The operator must be in the operator's seat so that the machine will be under control when the engine starts. Jump starting is a two-person operation.

IMPORTANT: The machine electrical system is a 24 volt negative (–) ground. Use only 24 volt booster batteries.

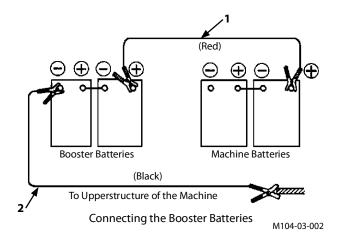
When the machine batteries are exhausted, start the engine using booster batteries as shown below.

Connecting the booster batteries

- 1. Stop the engine of the machine on which booster batteries are mounted.
- 2. Connect one end of red cable (1) to the positive (+) terminal of the machine batteries, and the other end to the positive (+) terminal of the booster batteries.
- 3. Connect one end of black cable (2) to the negative (–) terminal of the booster batteries, and then make ground connection to the frame of the machine to be started with the other end of black (–) cable (2). In the last connection to frame, be sure to connect the cable end as far away from the machine batteries as possible.
- 4. Start the engine of the machine on which booster batteries are mounted.
- 5. Start the engine of the troubling machine.
- 6. After the engine starts, disconnect cables (2) and (1), following the procedure below.

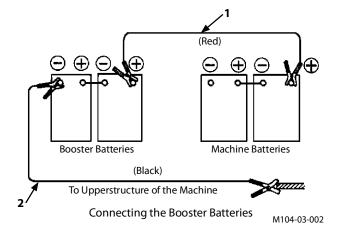


SA-032



Disconnecting the booster batteries

- 1. Disconnect black negative (–) cable (2) from the machine frame first.
- 2. Disconnect the other end of black negative (–) cable (2) from the booster batteries.
- 3. Disconnect red positive (+) cable (1) from the booster batteries.
- 4. Disconnect red positive (+) cable (1) from the machine batteries.



STOPPING THE ENGINE

Engine stop procedure

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface.
- 2. Lower the bucket to the ground.
- 3. Turn engine control dial (1) to the slow idle position and run the engine for 5 minuets to cool the engine.

IMPORTANT: Turbocharger may be damaged if the engine is not properly shut down.

- 4. Turn key switch (2) OFF. Remove the key from the key
- 5. Pull pilot control shut-off lever (3) to the LOCK position.

If the engine does not stop with key switch (2) turned in the OFF position

In case the engine does not stop even if key switch (2) is turned OFF due to failure of the machine, pull engine stop knob (4) located at the front-left side of the seat stand to stop the engine.



NOTE: If knob (4) is pulled halfway, the engine may not start or may stall during operation. Be sure to push knob (4) to the fully retracted position before restarting the engine.

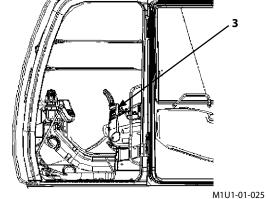


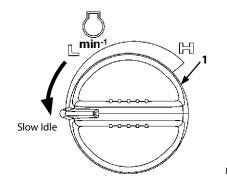
CAUTION: Do not use engine stop knob (4), except when unavoidable.

Moreover, Do not operate the machine until repair is completed when stopping the engine with the failure of the machine.



SA-390

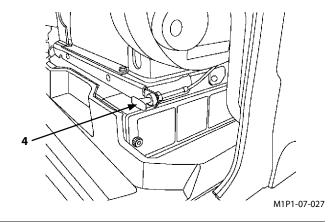




M1U1-01-033



M178-01-049



MEMO

DRIVE THE MACHINE CAREFULLY

IMPORTANT: During freezing weather, park machine on a

hard surface to prevent tracks from freezing to the ground. Clean debris from tracks and

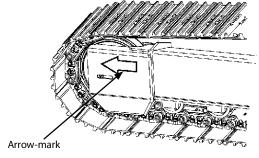
track frame.

If tracks are frozen to the ground, raise tracks using boom, move machine carefully to prevent damage to drive train and tracks.

Select a route that is as flat as possible. Steer machine as straight as possible making small, gradual changes in direction.

When driving over rough terrain, reduce the engine speed to lessen possibility of undercarriage damage.

NOTE: An arrow-mark seal is stuck on the inside surface of the side frame to indicate the machine front direction.



M178-03-001

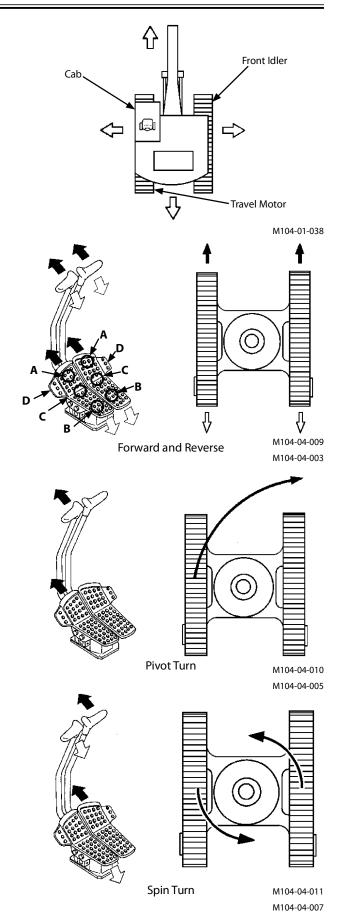
STEERING THE MACHINE USING PEDALS



WARNING: In the standard travel position, the front idlers are positioned at the front of the machine and the travel motors at the rear. If the travel motors are positioned at the front of the machine, the control actions of the travel pedals will be reversed. Be sure to confirm the position of the travel motors before traveling.

- FORWARD TRAVEL
 Push down on front (A) of both pedals.
- REVERSE TRAVEL
 Push down on rear (B) of both pedals.
- NEUTRAL POSITION (C)
 When the travel pedals are placed in neutral, travel brakes
 automatically will stop and/or hold the machine.
- RIGHT TURN
 Push down on front of left pedal.
- LEFT TURN
 Push down on front of right pedal.
- SHORTTURN (Spin turn)
 Push down the front of one pedal and the rear of the other.

NOTE: For long-term traveling, push down on pedal tabs (D) and rest feet on the footrests.



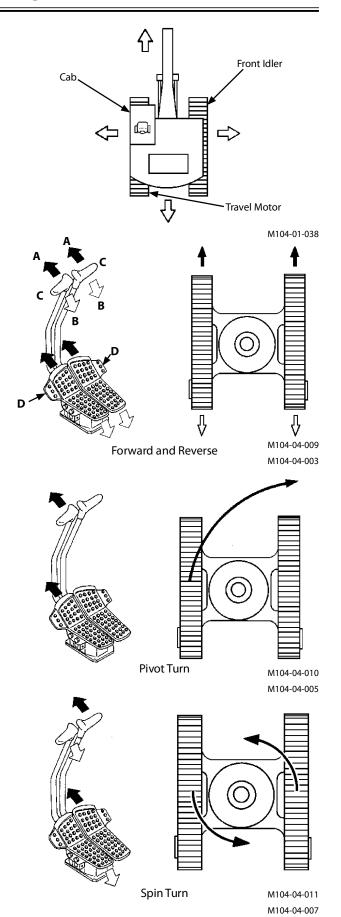
STEERING THE MACHINE USING LEVERS



WARNING: In the standard travel position, the front idlers are positioned at the front of the machine and the travel motors at the rear. If the travel motors are positioned at the front of the machine, the control actions of the travel levers will be reversed. Be sure to confirm the position of the travel motors before traveling.

- FORWARD TRAVEL Push both levers forward (A).
- REVERSE TRAVEL Pull both levers rearward (B).
- NEUTRAL POSITION (C) When the travel levers are placed in neutral, travel brakes automatically will stop and/or hold the machine.
- RIGHT TURN Push left lever forward.
- LEFT TURN Push right lever forward.
- SHORT TURN (Spin turn) Push one lever forward and pull the other rearward.

NOTE: For long-term traveling, push down on pedal tabs (D) and rest feet on the footrests.



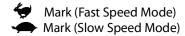
TRAVEL MODE SWITCH

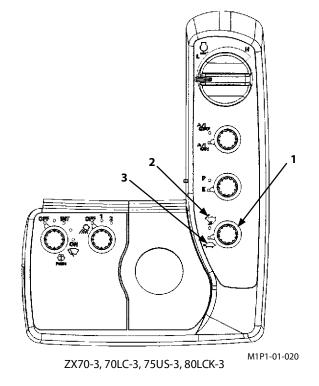


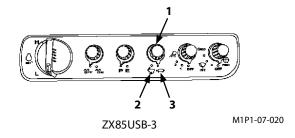
WARNING: Tipping-over accidents can cause serious personal injury. Do not change travel mode switch (1) while traveling; especially, changing to fast mode (2) when descending slopes will create a very dangerous situation. Always stop the machine before changing the travel speed mode.

Turn travel mode switch (1) on the switch panel to the specified position to select the travel mode (Fast/Slow).

- Fast Mode: Turn travel mode switch (1) to # mark (2) position.
- Slow Mode: Turn travel mode switch (1) to mark (3) position.







TRAVEL ALARM (Optional)

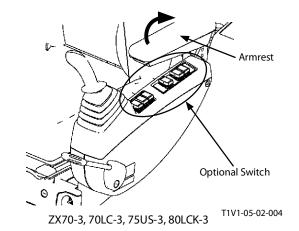
During travel operation, the travel alarm sounds the buzzer to warn the people near the machine that the machine is traveling.

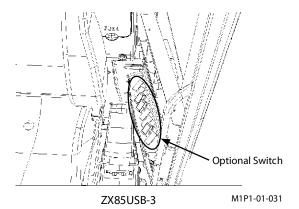
Deactivating Travel Alarm

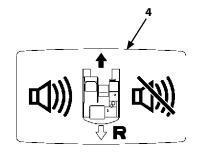
More than 12 seconds after starting to travel the machine, raise the armrest and push travel alarm deactivation switch (4) to stop the travel alarm. (Within 12 seconds, travel alarm deactivation switch (4) is inoperable.)

Once the machine stops traveling and when restarting to travel, the travel alarm will sound again. If desired to stop the alarm, operate deactivation switch (4) once more.

NOTE: The optional switch locations differ depending on what kinds of optional devices are equipped. Before using the switches, make sure what kinds of optional devices are equipped.







M1U1-01-035

OPERATING ON SOFT GROUND

- Avoid traveling on very soft ground that does not have sufficient strength to firmly support the machine.
- If the machine is operated on very soft ground or becomes stuck, it may be necessary to clean the track frame
- Swing the upperstructure 90° and lower the bucket to raise one track off the ground. Make sure to keep the angle between the boom and arm 90 to 110° and position the bucket's round side on the ground.
- Rotate the raised track back and forth to remove mud and dirt.
- After lowering the track to the ground, select slow travel speed. Carefully move the machine to firm ground.
- Utilize the boom and arm functions to pull the machine toward firm ground.
- Tow the machine if the machine becomes stuck but only if the engine is still operating. Be sure to attach a tow line correctly. (Refer to the "TOWING MACHINE A SHORT DISTANCE" section on the next page.)



M104-05-012

RAISE ONE TRACK USING BOOM AND ARM

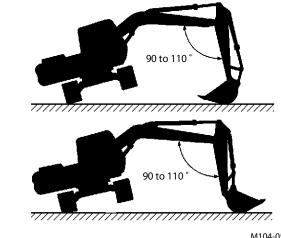


WARNING: Keep the angle between boom and arm 90 to 110° and position the bucket's round side on the ground.

Swing the upperstructure 90 ° and lower the bucket to raise track off ground. Do not dig bucket teeth into the ground when using the hoe bucket reversed.

Place blocks under machine frame to support the machine.

IMPORTANT: When the machine is modified as a face shovel by installing the hoe bucket in reverse, avoid raising the machine above the ground using the front attachment with the bucket cylinder fully extended. Excessive loads will be applied to the pins around the bucket and the bucket cylinder, resulting in breakage of the pins.



M104-05-013



SA-817

TOWING MACHINE A SHORT DISTANCE



CAUTION: Cables, straps, or ropes can break causing serious injury. Do not tow machine with damaged chains, frayed cables, slings, straps, or wire ropes. Always wear gloves when handling cable, straps or wire ropes.

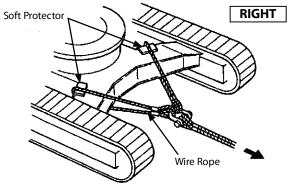
When your machine becomes struck but the engine is still operational, attach wire ropes to the machine as illustrated at right, and slowly tow your machine to firm ground using another machine.

Be sure to attach the wire ropes around the track frames of both machines as illustrated.

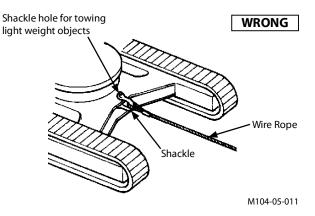
To prevent the wire ropes from being damaged, place some protective material between the track frame and the wire ropes.

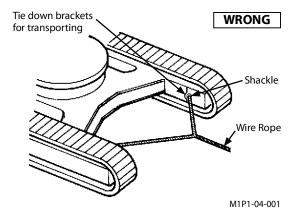
IMPORTANT: Do not use the shackle holes on the track frame for towing the machine.

> A center shackle hole on the track frame is provided to pull only lightweight objects. The shackle holes on the bottom of the track frame are used to secure the machine for transportation. Refer to the instructions on page 5-28 for using the center shackle hole appropriately.



M104-05-010





OPERATING IN WATER OR MUD

The machine can be operated in water up to the upper edge of the upper rollers only if work site footing has sufficient strength to prevent the machine from sinking past the upper edge of the upper roller, and only if the water is flowing slowly.

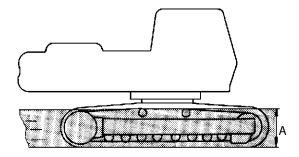
When operating in such conditions, check the machine's position often. Reposition the machine if necessary.

Avoid submerging the swing bearing, swing gears and center joint.

If the swing bearing, swing gears and center joint are submerged, remove the drain plug to drain mud and water. Clean swing area. Install plug. Lubricate swing internal gear and swing bearing.

Swing Internal Gear Capacity: 4.4 L (1.2 US gal)

Lubricate swing bearing. (See Maintenance Guide, 500 hours)



M104-05-009

Model	A mm (in)	
ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3, 85USB-3	560 mm (22 in)	

PARKING THE MACHINE ON SLOPES



WARNING: Avoid parking machine on slopes. The machine may tip over, possibly resulting in personal injury.

If parking the machine on a slope is unavoidable:

- Thrust the bucket teeth into the ground.
- · Return the control levers to neutral and pull pilot control shut-off lever (2) to the LOCK position.
- · Block both tracks.



M104-05-014

PARKING THE MACHINE

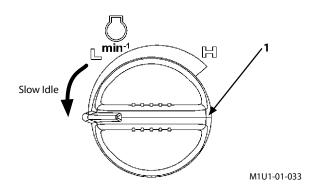
- 1. Park the machine on a level surface.
- 2. Lower the bucket to the ground.
- 3. Turn the auto-idle switch off.

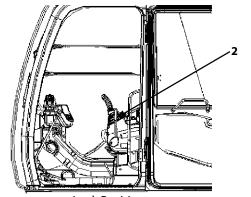
IMPORTANT: Turbocharger may be damaged if the engine is not properly shut down.

- 4. Turn engine control dial (1) counterclockwise to the stop (the slow idle position). Run the engine approximately 5 minutes to cool the engine.
- 5. Turn the key switch to OFF. Remove the key from the key switch.
- 6. Pull pilot control shut-off lever (2) to the LOCK position.

IMPORTANT: Protect cab electrical components from bad weather. Always close windows, roof vent and cab door when parking the machine.

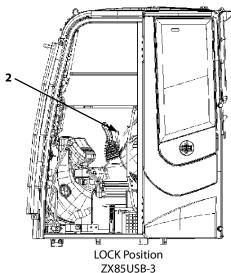
- 7. Close windows, roof vent, and cab door.
- 8. Lock all access doors and compartments.





Lock Position ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3

M1U1-01-025



M1P1-01-035

МЕМО

CONTROL LEVER (ISO PATTERN)



WARNING: Never place any part of body beyond window frame. It could be crushed by the boom if boom control lever is accidentally bumped or otherwise engaged. If window is missing or broken, replace immediately.

Prevent possible injury from unexpected machine movement.

Make sure you know the location and function of each control before operating.

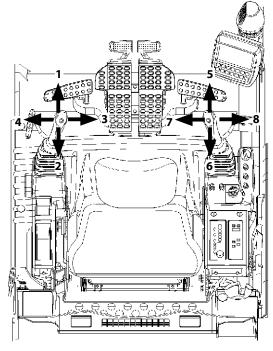
The machine is equipped with a label showing the control patterns of the levers and pedals.

IMPORTANT: When digging, avoid hitting tracks with boom cylinders.

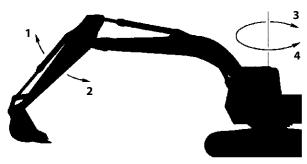
> When digging over the end of the tracks, travel motors should be at the rear to maximize machine stability and lift capacity.

When a lever is released, it will automatically return to neutral, and that machine function will stop.

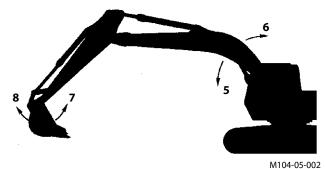
- 1- Arm Roll-Out
- 2- Arm Roll-In
- 3- Swing Right
- 4- Swing Left
- 5- Boom Lower
- 6- Boom Raise
- 7- Bucket Roll-In
- 8- Bucket Roll-Out



M1J1-01-022



M104-05-001



ATTACHMENT PEDAL (HYDRAULIC BREAKER)

The breaker can be operated using attachment pedal (1) located on the right front of the seat, as illustrated.

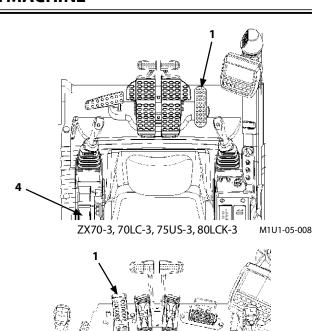


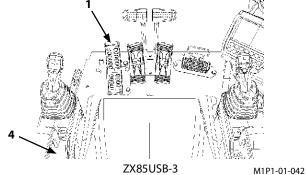
CAUTION: Be sure to lock attachment pedal (1) with pedal lock (2) when attachment pedal (1) is not in use.

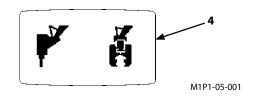
- 1. Press the breaker side of attachment select switch (4).
- 2. Move pedal lock (2) forward to unlock attachment pedal (1).
- 3. Push down on attachment pedal (1) to operate the breaker.
 - Loosen stopper bolt (3) until stopper bolt (3) comes in contact with the bracket in attachment pedal (1) neutral to prevent attachment pedal (1) from being stepped backward.
- 4. Remove foot from attachment pedal (1) to stop the breaker.
- 5. Always keep attachment pedal (1) locked with pedal lock (2) when attachment pedal (1) is not in use.

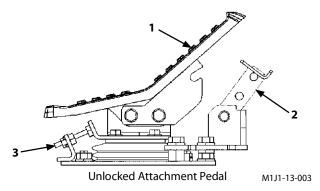
IMPORTANT: When operating a hydraulic breaker, do not step on attachment pedal (1) rearward.

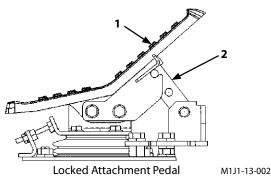
Damage to the hydraulic breaker may result.











ATTACHMENT PEDAL (HYDRAULIC CRUSHER)

Machine stability, applicable hydraulic oil pressure and oil quantity for crusher, etc. must be examined when selecting a crusher.

Be sure to consult your authorized dealer when selecting a crusher.

For operational instructions, refer to the crusher instruction manual.

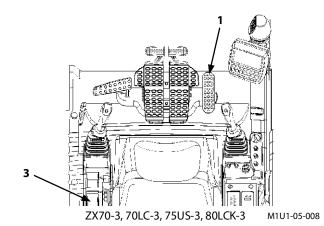
Operation

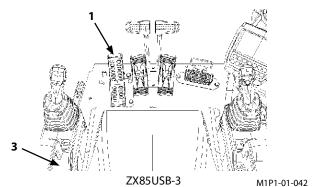
The crusher can be operated using attachment pedal (1) located on the right front of the seat, as illustrated.

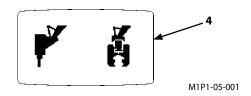


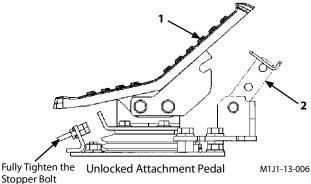
CAUTION: Be sure to lock attachment pedal (1) with pedal lock (2) when attachment pedal (1) is not in use.

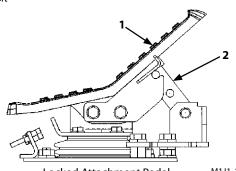
- 1. Press the crusher side of attachment select switch (3).
- 2. Move pedal lock (2) forward to unlock attachment pedal
- 3. Push down on attachment pedal (1) either forward or backward to open or close the crusher.
- 4. Remove foot from attachment pedal (1) to stop the crusher.
- 5. Always keep attachment pedal (1) locked with pedal lock (2) when attachment pedal (1) is not in use.











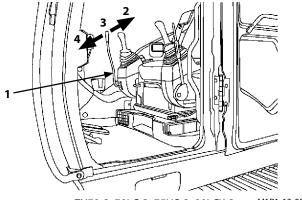
M1J1-13-009 Locked Attachment Pedal

BLADE LEVER

Use blade lever (1) on the operator's right to raise and lower the blade.

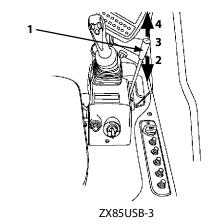
When the lever is released, it automatically returns to neutral, keeping the blade in its position until the lever is operated again.

- 1- Blade Lever
- 2- Blade Raise
- 3- Neutral
- 4- Blade Lower



ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3

M1P1-13-001

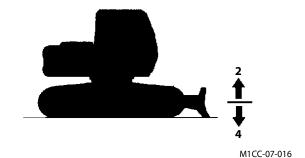


M1P1-07-019

PRECAUTIONS FOR BLADE OPERATION

This blade is designed as a light service attachment for the hydraulic excavator. Please keep the following points in mind:

- This blade is designed to be used for dozing work only.
 Do not attempt to dig deeply with the blade. Doing so will damage not only the blade but the undercarriage as well
- 2. Do not apply intensive or uneven loads. Never apply high-speed impact to the blade by running the machine into a load.
- 3. Jacking up the machine with this blade, the surface beneath the blade comes under high pressure, increasing the risk of surface collapse.
 Always be sure that the surface is strong enough to support the weight of the machine during operation.
 Avoid dangerously uneven distribution of weight on the blade by maintaining even contact between the blade and the ground.
- 4. Never use this blade as an outrigger.
- 5. Avoid contact between the bucket and the blade while digging.



PILOT CONTROL SHUT-OFF LEVER

Pilot control shut-off lever (1) functions to prevent misoperation of the machine from occurring if the control levers are accidentally moved when leaving the operator's seat or when entering the cab.



WARNING:

- Always pull pilot control shut-off lever (1) into the full LOCK position. The pilot control shut-off function will not be activated otherwise.
- When leaving the machine:
 - Stop the engine.
 - Then, pull pilot control shut-off lever (1) up to the LOCK position.
- Always check to be sure that pilot control shut-off lever
 (1) is pulled up to the LOCK position before:
 - Transporting the machine.
 - · Leaving the machine at the end of the shift.

Pilot Control Shut-Off Lever Operation

Before Leaving the Machine:

- 1. Park the machine on a firm, level surface. Lower the bucket to the ground. Return all control levers to neutral. Properly shut down the engine.
- Pull pilot control shut-off lever (1) up into the full LOCK position.

Before Starting Operation:

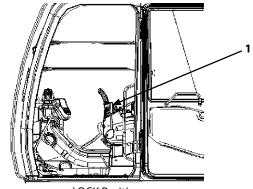
1. Confirm that pilot control shut-off lever (1) is pulled up to the LOCK position.

After starting the engine:

- 1. Confirm that all control levers and pedals are in neutral and that no part of the machine is in motion.
- 2. Lower pilot control shut-off lever (1) to the UNLOCK position.

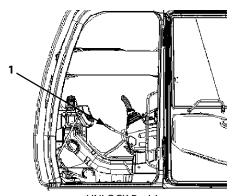
If any part of the machine (any actuator) moves when pilot control shut-off lever (1) is lowered to the UNLOCK position despite the fact that all controls are placed in neutral, the machine is malfunctioning. Immediately pull pilot control shut-off lever (1) back to the LOCK position, and stop the engine. Then, see your authorized dealer.

NOTE: When pilot control shut-off lever (1) is in the LOCK position, it decrease the engine speed by 200 min⁻¹ from the slow idle speed.



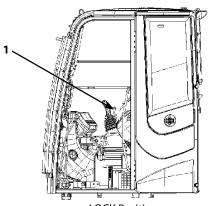
LOCK Position ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3

M1U1-01-025



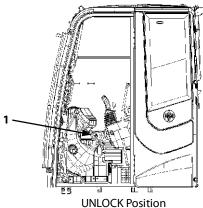
UNLOCK Position ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3

M1U1-01-024



LOCK Position ZX85USB-3

M1P1-01-035



UNLOCK Position ZX85USB-3

M1P1-01-036

WARMING-UP OPERATION

In cold weather, warm up the machine until coolant and hydraulic oil temperature increases to the appropriate operating temperature.

IMPORTANT: The appropriate hydraulic oil operating temperature on this machine is 50 to 80 °C.
Hydraulic components may be seriously damaged if the machine is operated with low temperature hydraulic oil.
In case warming up the machine by relieving the hydraulic system continuously relieve the relief valve for 10 to 15 seconds while

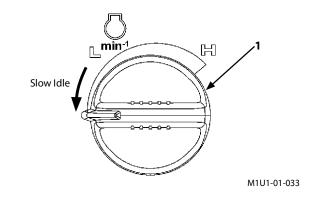
 Run the engine with engine control dial (1) turned to the slow idle position.
 Do not operate the machine until the needle of coolant

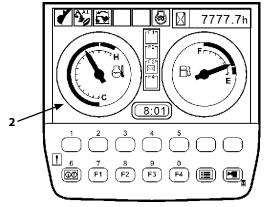
temperature gauge (2) starts swinging.

taking a pause for 5 to 10 seconds.

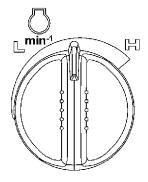
- 2. After the needle of coolant temperature gauge (2) starts swinging, turn engine control dial (1) to approx. medium position.
- 3. Operate the boom, arm and bucket cylinders slowly to each stroke end several times.
- 4. Operate the travel and swing functions slowly to allow hydraulic oil to circulate through the systems.
- 5. Warming up operation ends after the above operation is completed.

NOTE: During cold weather season, the warm-up operation system automatically operates so that the engine speed increases for a moment even though engine control dial (1) is in the slow idle position.





M1P1-01-026

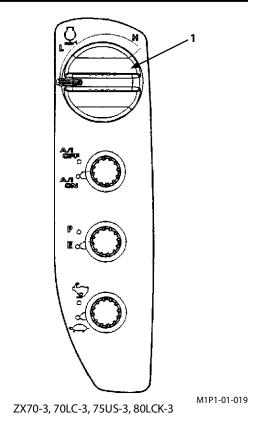


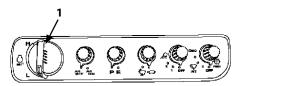
M1U1-03-006

ENGINE SPEED CONTROL

Increase and decrease the engine speed using engine control dial (1) located on the right console, as illustrated.

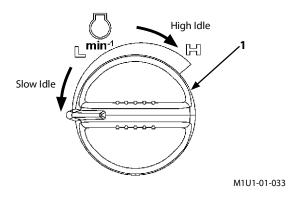
- Turn engine control dial (1) clockwise to increase the engine speed. Turn engine control dial (1) counterclockwise to decrease the engine speed.
- Note that the auto-idle function will be deactivated if engine control dial (1) is operated while the engine is running at the auto-idle setting.
- Before stopping the engine, always turn engine control dial (1) counterclockwise to the stop (to the slow idle setting). Run the engine five minutes to cool the engine. Then, turn key switch to OFF position to stop the engine.





M1P1-07-020

ZX85USB-3



AUTO-IDLE

With auto-idle switch (3) turned to the A/I ON position, approximately 4 seconds after all control levers are returned to neutral, the engine speed decreases to the auto-idle setting to save fuel consumption. The engine speed will immediately increase to the speed set by engine control dial (2) when any control lever is operated.

- IMPORTANT: Always check if auto-idle indicator (1) is turned on or off before starting operation. If the indicator is on, the auto-idle function will be activated.
 - Always be aware of engine control dial (2) setting when auto-idle switch (3) turned to the A/I ON position. If the engine speed is set high with engine control dial (2), and if the operator is not aware of the high engine speed setting, the engine speed will unexpectedly increase when any control lever is operated, causing unexpected machine movement, thus possibly resulting in serious personal injury.

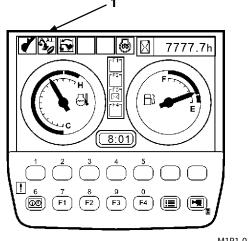


WARNING: Prevent the machine from unexpected movement. Be sure to turn off auto-idle switch (3) when unexpected machine movement is undesirable, especially when loading/unloading the machine for transportation.

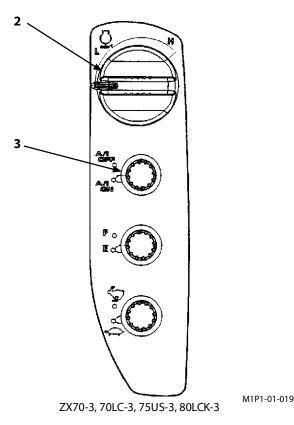
Note that auto-idle function can be turned on or off only when the key switch is in ON position. Always check if the auto-idle function is turned on or off with auto-idle indicator (1).

Auto-Idle Function ON: Auto-Idle Indicator (1) ON Auto-Idle Function OFF: Auto-Idle Indicator (1) OFF

- When auto-idle switch (3) is turned OFF with auto-idle indicator (1) ON, indicator (1) will go OFF and the autoidle system is deactivated.
- Even if the engine is stopped by turning the key switch with auto-idle switch (3) in the A/I ON position [indicator (1) ON], the auto-idle system is not deactivated. When the engine is restarted, the auto-idle system remains activated, allowing auto-idle indicator (1) to flash for 5 seconds and stay ON later.









ZX85USB-3

M1P1-07-020

POWER MODE

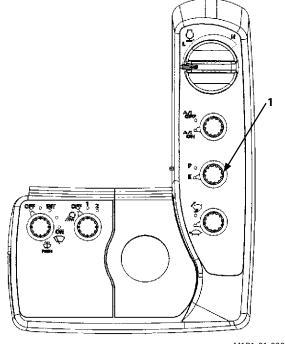
One of two engine speed modes, E or P mode, can be selected using power mode switch (1).

• E (Economy) Mode

Even if the engine speed is reduced in the E mode, digging force remains unchanged from that in the P mode. Although production is reduced slightly more than in the P mode, the fuel consumption and noise levels are reduced, allowing the machine to operate most efficiently.

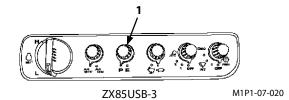
• P (Power) Mode

Operate the machine in this mode when performing normal work.



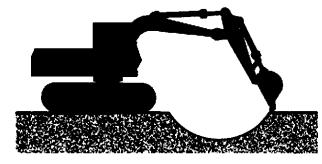
ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3

M1P1-01-020



OPERATING BACKHOE

- 1. Place the bucket teeth on the ground with the bottom of the bucket at a 45 degree angle to the ground.
- 2. Pull the bucket toward the machine using the arm as the main digging force.
- 3. When soil sticks to the bucket, remove it by moving the arm and/or bucket rapidly back and forth.
- 4. When trenching a straight line, position the tracks parallel to the trench. After digging to the desired depth, move the machine as required to continue the trench.



M107-05-037

IMPORTANT: When lowering the boom, avoid sudden stops that may cause shock load damage to the machine.

When operating the arm, avoid bottoming the cylinder to prevent cylinder damage.

When digging at an angle, avoid striking the tracks with the bucket teeth.

When digging a deep excavation, avoid striking the boom or bucket cylinder hoses against the ground.

GRADING OPERATION

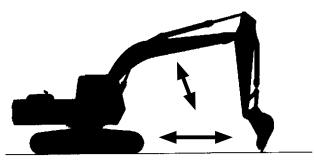
IMPORTANT: Do not pull or push dirt with the bucket when traveling.

Select grading mode when finishing work is required.

Position the arm slightly forward of the vertical position with bucket rolled back, as shown.

Operate arm roll-in function while slowly raising the boom. Once the arm moves past, the vertical position slowly lower the boom to allow the bucket to maintain a smooth surface.

Grading operation can be more precisely done by operating the boom, arm and bucket simultaneously.



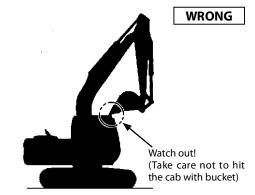
M104-05-017

FACE SHOVEL OPERATION

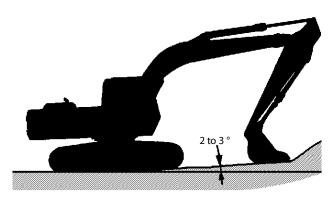


MARNING: Take care not to hit the cab when rolling in the arm with the reversed-installed bucket.

- For face shovel operation, dig the ground using the arm cylinder in a scraping motion.
- When underground water is expected, make a slope angle of 2 to 3° to drain this water as shown.



M107-05-045

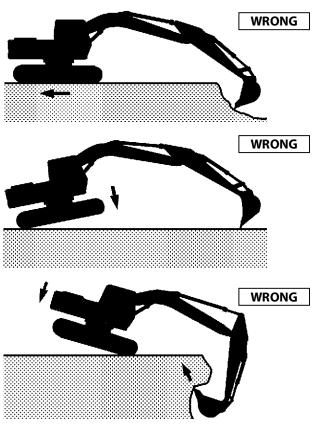


M104-05-020

AVOID ABUSIVE OPERATION

Do not use travel as an additional digging force. Severe machine damage may result.

Do not raise rear of machine to use the machine's weight as additional digging force. Severe machine damage may result.



M104-05-018

OPERATING TIPS

Do not hit the track with the bucket when digging. Whenever possible, position your machine on a level surface. Do not use the bucket as a hammer or pile driver. Do not attempt to shift rocks and break walls using swing motion.

IMPORTANT: To avoid damaging cylinders, do not strike the ground with the bucket nor use the bucket for tamping with the bucket cylinder fully extended (the bucket completely curled under).

Adjust the length and depth of each cut to produce a full bucket with every pass.

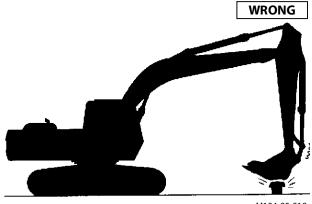
Full loads on every pass is more productive than a faster cycle with a partially filled bucket.

Full load should be the first objective, followed by speed, to increase productivity.

IMPORTANT: Do not attempt to break ledge rock by extending the arm to maximum reach and dropping the front of the bucket on the bucket teeth for penetration. Serious damage to the machine can result.

Once the trench is open, ledge rock can be broken by pulling the bucket up under the layers. The top layers are pulled out first, with one or two layers being lifted at a time.

Do not side load the bucket. For example, do not swing the bucket to level material or do not strike objects from the side with the bucket.



M104-05-019



M161-05-006

SELECT CORRECT TRACK SHOES

IMPORTANT: Using wide track shoes on rough ground may result in shoe bending and/or loosening, and may damage other undercarriage components.

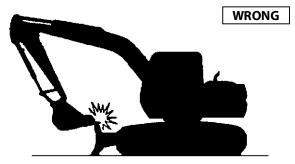
Never use wide track shoes on rough ground such as rocks, sand or gravel. Wide track shoes are designed for soft ground.

Track shoe bolts should be checked periodically for tightness.

AVOID HITTING BLADE WITH FRONT-END AT-TACHMENT

When operating the machine with the blade positioned towards the front, the bucket or boom cylinder may come into contact with the blade if you are not careful. Be sure to prevent this from happening.

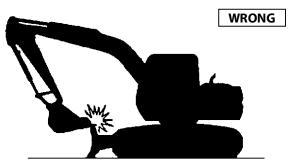




M1CC-07-018

AVOID HITTING BLADE WITH BUCKET

When crowding the arm into a traveling or transporting position, be careful not to let the bucket hit the blade.



M1CC-07-018

AVOID STRIKING THE BLADE INTO A ROCK

Do not attempt to strike large rocks with the blade, as doing so will damage the blade and the blade cylinders, shortening their operating lives.



M1CC-07-020

HYDRAULIC BREAKER AND HYDRAULIC CRUSHER

Select a breaker or crusher that is the correct size and weight for your machine. See your authorized dealer for correct breaker information.

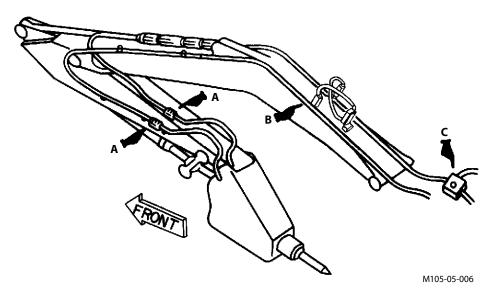
Carefully study the operation manuals of the machine, breaker and crusher, and perform the required checks and/or inspection before connecting the breaker or the crusher to the arm.

IMPORTANT: Precautions for connecting breaker or crusher piping.

- Do not allow impurities to enter into the system when switching the breaker or the crusher with the bucket.
- When the breaker or crusher is not used, apply the cover to the pipe opening on the arm top and install the plug into the hose end of the breaker or the crusher to prevent impurities from entering the system.
 Be sure to provide spare covers and plugs in the tool box so that they will be available when needed.
- After connecting, check the connecting seal fitting for oil leakage, and pipe clamp bolts for looseness.

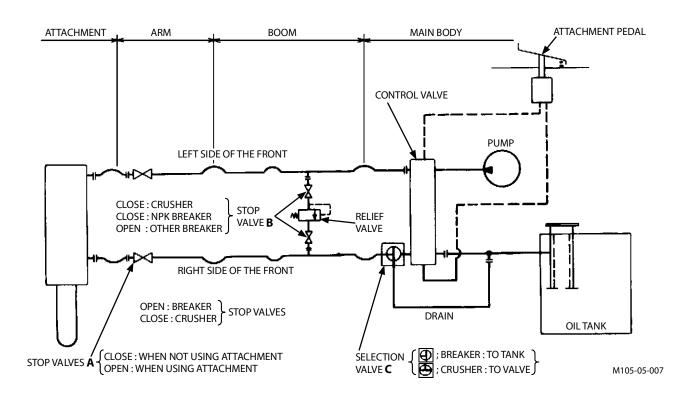
PIPINGS FOR BREAKER AND CRUSHER

Operational procedures for stop valves and selection valve.



	Close		
A, B Stop Valves			
	Open		
C Selection Valves	when using breaker		
	To TANK		
	=® ⊨		
	Front Rear		
	when using crusher		
	To VALVE		
	=		
	Front Rear		

Stop Valves A	Stop Valves B	Stop Valves C
Close: When not using attachment or is detached.	Close: When using crusher	Refer to the right table
Open: When using attachment	Open: When using breaker	



SECONDARY RELIEF PRESSURE ADJUSTMENT

When attaching the breaker other than the NPK, it is necessary to install the secondary relief valve in line. For this purpose, the boom piping for the attachment is provided with a part to which the secondary relief valve is connected.

Pressure is set to 9.8 MPa (100 kgf/cm², 1420 psi) when shipped from HITACHI.

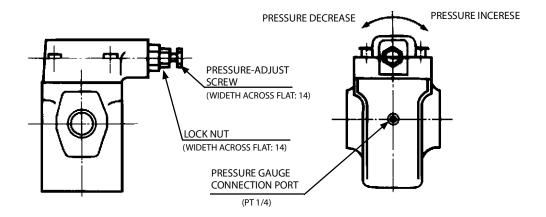
After completing piping, reset this pressure to the specified level of each breaker.

Adjust the pressure as follows:

- 1. Attach the pressure gauge to the pressure gauge port.
- Loosen the lock nut, then gradually turn the pressureadjust screw clockwise to increase the pressure, or counterclockwise to reduce the pressure.
 One turn of the screw changes about 4.9 MPa (50 kgf/ cm², 710 psi) in pressure.
- 3. After adjusting the pressure, make sure to tighten the lock nut.

Two methods are available to measure the pressure. Measure the pressure as follows.

- 1. Measuring the pressure at the relief valve:
 - (1) Attach a pressure gauge to the pressure gauge connection port (see the figure below)
 - (2) Close the stop valves at the arm end. Depress the attachment pedal to pressure the line.
 - (3) Adjust the pressure to 1 to 1.5 MPa (10 to 15 kgf/cm², 145 to 220 psi) higher the setting pressure.



M107-05-005

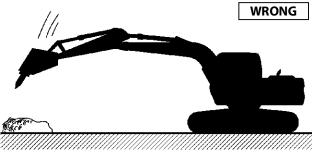
- 2. Measuring the pressure at the arm end.
 - (1) Remove the attachment connection horse and connect a pressure gauge to the connection fitting at the arm end.
 - (2) Adjust the pressure to the setting pressure.

PRECAUTIONS FOR BREAKER OPERATION

WARNING: Machine stability is reduced as the breaker is much heavier than the bucket.

When using a breaker, the machine is more apt to tip over. Also, flying objects may hit the cab or other part of the machine. Observe the following precautions and take any other precautions necessary to prevent accidents and machine damage from occurring.

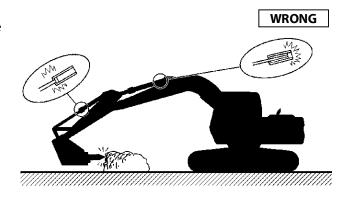
- Avoid hitting objects with breaker. The breaker is heavier than the bucket, causing the breaker to lower faster.
 - Take care not to hit any objects with breaker. Doing so will result in damage to the breaker, the front attachment, and/or the upperstructure. Always move (lower) the breaker slowly to position the tip of the chisel on the object to be broken before starting breaker operation.
- Do not use the breaker and/or the swing function to move objects. Damage to the boom, arm, and/or breaker may result.
- To prevent cylinder/machine damage, do not operate the breaker with the hydraulic cylinder rod fully retracted or fully extended.



M104-05-055

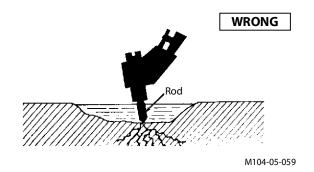


M104-05-056

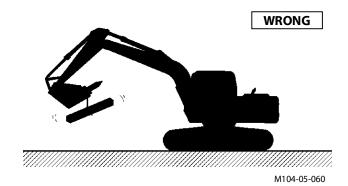


M104-05-057

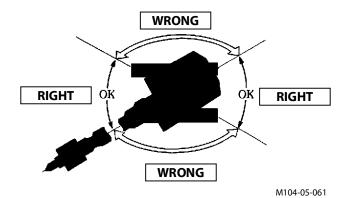
 Do not operate the breaker in water. Doing so will cause rust and seal damage, resulting in damage to the hydraulic system components.



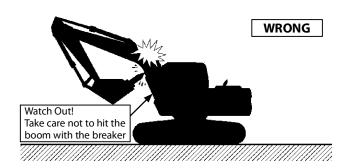
 Do not use breaker for lifting operation. The machine tipping over and/or breaker damage may result.



Do not operate the breaker to the side of the machine.
 The machine may become unstable and undercarriage component life may shorten as a result from operating the breaker to the side of the machine.

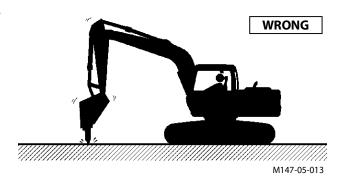


• Operate the hydraulic excavator carefully to avoid hitting the boom.

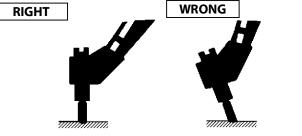


M104-05-062

Do not operate breaker with the arm positioned vertically.
 Excessive vibration to the arm cylinder will occur, causing oil leakage.

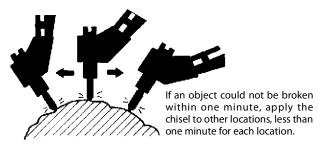


• Press the breaker so that the chisel (the axis) is positioned and thrust perpendicular to the object.



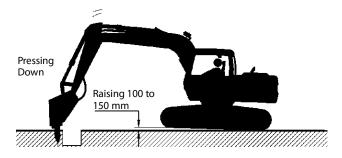
M147-05-014

 Do not operate the breaker continuously longer than one minute. Excessive chisel wear will result. If an object could not be broken within one minute, apply the chisel to other locations, less than one minute for each location.



M147-05-015

 Raising the front part of the undercarriage by pressing down the breaker may cause damage to the front attachment. Although raising the front edge of the undercarriage up to 150 mm (6 in) is tolerable, do not practice this method more than necessary. Never raise the front edge of the undercarriage higher than 150 mm (6 in) by pressing the breaker down.



M147-05-016

BREAKER MAINTENANCE

Change Hydraulic Oil and Replace Hydraulic Oil Tank Filter

Hydraulic breaker operation subjects the hydraulic system to become contaminated faster and to quickly deteriorate the hydraulic oil. For this reason, hydraulic oil must be changed and the hydraulic oil tank filter must be replaced more often than the machine equipped with a bucket. Failure to do so may result in damage to the breaker, hydraulic oil pump, and other

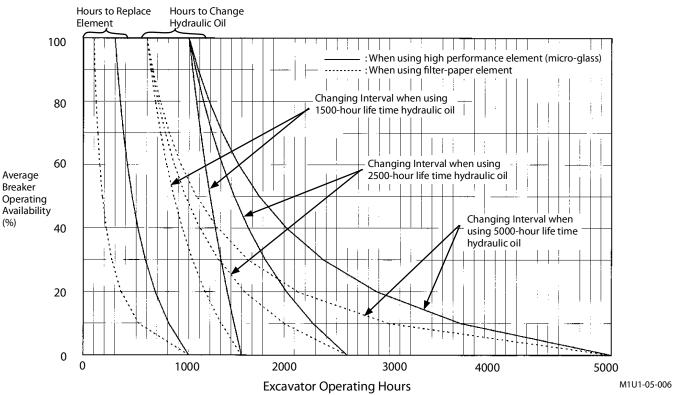
related hydraulic system components. Recommended changing intervals are shown below. For filter replacement and oil changing intervals are shown below. (For filter replacement and oil changing procedures, refer to the "Hydraulic System" in the "MAINTENANCE" Section.)

Changing intervals (Hours)

Attachment	Availability	*Hydraulic Oil	Hydraulic Oil Tank Filter Element	**Element Type
Bucket	100%	1500	1000	Standard Filter Paper High Performance Element
		2500		
		5000		
Hydraulic Breaker	100%	600	100	Standard Filter Paper
		1000	300	High Performance Element

^{*:} Changing intervals differ depending on the brand of hydraulic oil used. Refer to the Hydraulic System in the MAINTE-NANCE section.

Changing Intervals (Hours) of Hydraulic Oil and Full Flow Filter Element



IMPORTANT: Use a high performance element (microglass) on excavators engaged in demolition work. In case using a filter-paper element is unavoidable, change hydraulic oil and the filter element at the intervals as illustrated with dotted lines. NOTE: Hydraulic oil tank filter restriction indicator is optional. If a filter-paper element is used, this indicator does not operate. (Refer to the Hydraulic System in the Maintenance section.)

^{**:} Use the high performance element (micro-glass) on excavators engaged in demolition work.

PRECAUTIONS FOR CRUSHER OPERATION

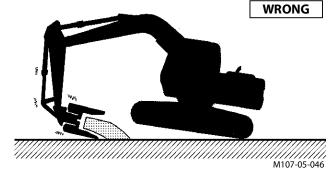
Prevent machine tipping over and damage to the front attachment. Observe the following precautions for crusher operation.

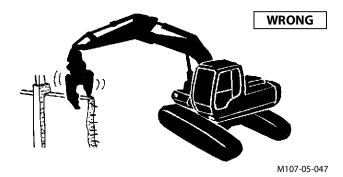


WARNING: Machine stability is reduced as crusher is much heavier than bucket.

When operating with a crusher, the machine is more apt to tip over. Also, falling or flying objects may hit the cab or other part of the machine. Observe the following precautions and take any other precautions necessary to prevent accidents and machine damage from occurring.

- Do not allow the machine's weight to be supported by the crusher or bucket cylinder with the bucket cylinder fully extended or retracted. Doing so may damage the front attachment. In particular, avoid doing so with the bucket cylinder fully extended, as the front attachment will be easily damaged.
 - Take care to prevent this from happening when dismantling foundation structures using the crusher.
- Using the front attachment, do not raise the base machine off the ground with the arm cylinder fully extended. Failure to do so may result in damage to the arm cylinder.
- When a heavyweight attachment such as a crusher is installed, avoid quickly starting or stopping the front attachment. Failure to do so may result in damage to the front attachment.
- Do not attempt to perform crushing on either side of the machine. Always perform crushing operations to the fore or rear, parallel with the tracks. Otherwise, tipping over may occur.





 Operate the hydraulic excavator carefully to avoid hitting the boom, and cab.



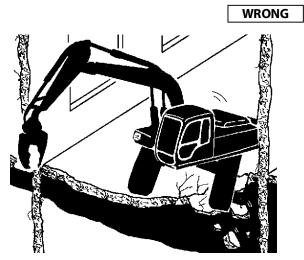
When operating the crusher up high with the boom fully raised, be careful of falling objects.

WRONG



M107-05-048

- When operating the crusher on a floor in a building, first confirm that the floor has sufficient strength to support the load caused by crushing, in addition to the machine weight.
- Always operate the crusher on a stable, level surface, not on a slope or on crushed scraps.
- Do not use the crusher to haul or load crushed scraps.
- If a multiple number of attachments, such as crusher and bucket, or crusher and breaker, are used, replacing them with each other at intervals, impurities are more apt to enter the hydraulic system and the hydraulic oil deteriorates quickly. For this reason, replace the hydraulic oil tank filter and change the hydraulic oil at the intervals specified in the breaker time sharing diagram in the previous section. Read the breaker time sharing diagram supposing that time sharing percentage of attachment (s) other than the crusher is that of the breaker.
- Always remove the crusher from the excavator before transporting the machine. Do not fully extend the bucket cylinder when transporting, as this may damage the front attachment, when vibrations arise during transportation.



M107-05-049

ATTACHMENT

Allowable Weight Limits of Installed Attachment

- When an attachment other than the standard bucket is installed on the machine, the machine stability will be different. If a heavy attachment is used, not only will controllability be affected but also machine stability will be reduced, possibly causing safety hazard.
- Before installing attachments such as hydraulic breaker, crusher (concrete crusher), or pulverizer, take machine controllability into account when selecting the weight of the attachment by referring to the table below.

Unit: kg (lb)

Specification	Base Machine		Brea	aker	Crusher/Pulverizer			
	Model	Arm	Std. Weight	Max. Weight	Std. Weight	Max. Weight		
	ZX70LC-3	Std.	700 (1540)	750 (1650)	850 (1870)	1000 (2200)		
Standard Type	ZX75US-3	Std.	700 (1540)	750 (1650)	800 (1760)	950 (2090)		
, ,	ZX85USB-3	Std.	550 (1210)	600 (1320)	650 (1430)	750 (1650)		

- Breaker operation speed is faster than crusher operation so that the recommended breaker max. weights are reduced more than those of the crushers.
- The weight is not the only factor to be considered when selecting a breaker. Select proper manufacturers' breaker models while referring to the table on the next page.
- Avoid installing an attachment with a long overall length. Damage to the front attachment may result.
- When an attachment of the max. weight is installed, always operate the attachment over the front or rear side of the machine. In addition, avoid operating the attachment at the maximum reach.
- Crushers are heavier than breakers. Slowly move the control lever when operating a crusher.

Attachments

Example commercial attachment models (breakers and crushers) for excavators are shown in the following table. Among the crusher models, some models are heavier than the recommended weight on the previous page. Before installing them, sufficiently coordinate with the attachment manufacture. Always contact your nearest HITACHI dealer before installing attachments shown with this mark *.

When the machine is operated with an attachment other than bucket, generally heavier loads are applied to the base machine comparing with bucket only operation. Therefore, unless the machine is properly operated, damage not only the attachment but to the base machine may result. Thoroughly read and understand the base machine operator's manual and the attachment manual to prevent accidents.

Breaker

Maker	HITA	ACHI	NPK	NPK	Okada	Furu- kawa	Mitsubi- shi	Toukuu	Matuda	MON- TABERT	STK	Ranma	GERMANY KRUPP
Model	HSB66	HSB66S	H-10XB	E-12X	OUB312	HB20G	MKB1400	TNB14E	THBB1400	BRH501	SIB221	E-66	HM960CS
Weight kg (lb)	1510 (3330)	1520 (3350)	1450 (3200)	1550 (3420)	1400 (3090)	1480 (3260)	1480 (3260)	1487 (3280)	1480 (3260)	1350 (2980)	1400 (3090)	1300 (2870)	1500 (3310)
Flow Rate (L/min)	110~160	110~160	160~200	165~210	140~180	125~150	110~160	130~170	120~170	110~140	160~210	100~160	130~170
Operating Pressure MPa (kgf/cm²)		12.3~13.2 (125~135)		15.7~17.7 (160~180)					9.8~12.7 (100~130)		15.7~17.6 (160~180)		
Secondary Relief Valve Set Pressure MPa (kgf/cm²)	21.6 (220)	21.6 (220)	-	-	17.6 (180)	17.6 (180)	17.6 (180)	17.6 (180)	12.7 (130)	10.8 (110)	19.6 (200)	15.9 (160)	16.7 (170)

Crusher

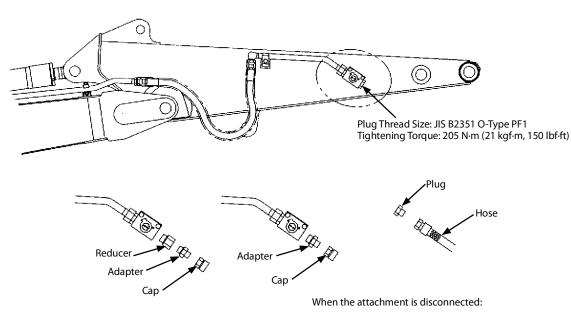
Maker		HITACHI		SANGO JYUKI	NPK*	Sakado	Oosumi*	STK*
Model		HSC100	HSC160	TS850RCD	S-22XA	SPAC80R-3	MR1100-2	CX1100
Maight kg (lb)		2430	2300	2000	2000	1640	2100	2350
Weight kg (lb)		(5360)	(5070)	(4410)	(4410)	(3620)	(4630)	(5180)
Overall Langth m	m (ft in)	2340	2600	2500	2500	1810	2100	2450
Overall Length m	III (I L ·III)	(7'8")	(8'6")	(8'2")	(8'2")	(5′11″)	(6'11")	(8'0")
Rated Pressure MPa		27.9	27.9	27.4	24.5	27.4	27.4	27.4
(kgf/cm²)		(285)	(285)	(280) (250)		(280)	(280)	(280)
Maximum Openir	ng Width	900	850	850	850	850	1000	1100
mm (ft·in)		(2'11")	(2'9")	(2'9")	(2'9")	(2'9")	(3'3")	(3'7")
Swing Method		Hydraulic	Hydraulic	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
Jaw Tip Crushing	kN	640		980	970	630		590
Force (tf·f)		(65)		(100)	(99)	(64)		(60)
Jaw Center	kN	980	1570	1570		780	1540	880
Crushing Force	(tf·f)	(100)	(160)	(160)		(80)	(157)	(90)

ATTACHMENT CONNECTION PARTS

The attachment hydraulic line and connection parts are located as illustrated below. When the attachment is disconnected, be sure to install caps or plugs to the ends of both the arm and attachment side hydraulic lines to prevent dust from entering or from sticking.

Adapter tightening torque:

PF1 210 N·m (21 kgf·m, 150 lbf·ft)



M1CE-05-001

Part No. List (Fill attachment manufacturer's part Nos. in the blank spaces.)

Maker	Adapter Size	Adapter	Cap	Plug	Hose
Form / Size	Male-Type PF-UNF	PE UNIT	UN:	The state of the s	
	PF1-1-1/16-12UN	4456399	4222711	4222264	
	PF3/4-3/4-/16UN	*4279302	4223519	4225492	
Form / Size	Female-Type PF-PF30°		PF	<u> </u>	
	PF1-PF3/4	4129457	9718916	4222047	
	PF3/4- PF 1/2	*4129227	9719234	4095927	
Form / Size	Male-Type PF-PF30°		22		
	PF1-PF3/4	4456120	4222715	4222044	
	PF3/4-PF1/2		4222714	4222043	

^{*}When using the adapter shown with mark *, reducer (P/N 4263448) must be installed.

PRECAUTION FOR ARM ROLL-IN/BUCKET ROLL-IN **COMBINED OPERATION**

--- If Headguard-Integrated Cab or Rainguard is **Equipped**



WARNING: The bucket teeth will hit the headguard or rainguard if the bucket is rolled in with the arm fully rolled in, as illustrated. When performing combined operation of long arm roll-in/bucket roll-in or when rolling in the bucket with the arm fully retracted, be careful not to hit the headquard or rainquard with the bucket teeth.

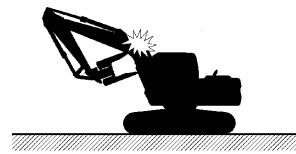


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WHEN INSTALLING AN ATTACHMENT LONGER THAN STANDARD BUCKET



WARNING: When an attachment (such as a hydraulic breaker or crusher), the overall length of which is longer than that of the bucket, is installed, the attachment may come in contact with the cab and/or the boom. Operate the machine with care not to allow the tip of the front attachment to hit the cab and/or the boom while rolling in the front attachment.



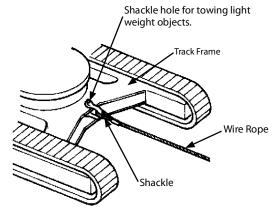
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SHACKLE HOLE USAGE

A shackle hole is provided on the track frame to tow light weight objects as specified below.

IMPORTANT: Be sure to conform to the restrictions and precautions stated below when towing a light weight object using the shackle hole provided on the track frame. The track frame and/or the shackle hole may be damaged otherwise.

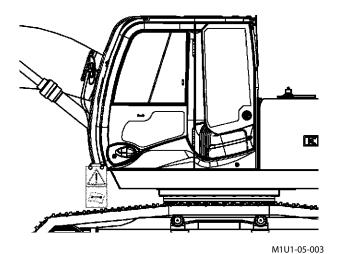
- The maximum drawbar pull is 19610 N (2.0 tf).
- · Be sure to use a shackle.
- Keep the tow line horizontal, straight, and parallel to the tracks.
- Select the slow travel mode. Slowly drive the machine when towing.



M104-05-011

OVERNIGHT STORAGE INSTRUCTIONS

- After finishing the day's operation, drive the machine to a firm, level ground where no possibility of falling stones, ground collapse, or floods.
 Park the machine referring to the "PARKING THE MA-CHINE" in the "DRIVING THE MACHINE" section.
- 2. Fill the fuel tank with fuel.
- 3. Clean the machine.
- 4. If anti-freeze or long life coolant is not used in cold weather, be sure to drain coolant from the radiator and the engine jacket. Also, be sure to put a tag in a visible place if the coolant has been drained.



EMERGENCY BOOM LOWERING PROCEDURE (Without hose-rupture safety valve)



WARNING: Prevent personal injury. Confirm that no one is under the front attachment before starting the procedure below.

If the engine stalls and cannot be restarted, lower the boom to lower the bucket to the ground referring to the emergency boom lowering procedure stated below.

IMPORTANT: Never loosen screw (2) more than 2 turns. Screw (2) may come off.

1. Loosen lock nut (1). Loosen screw (2) one half of a turn. The boom will start to lower. The boom lowering speed can be somewhat adjusted by loosening screw (2) more.

IMPORTANT: Excessive leakage may result if screw (2) and lock nut (1) are tightened insufficiently. Be sure to retighten screw (2) and lock nut (1) to specifications.

2. After the bucket is lowered to the ground, retighten screw (2), then lock nut (1) to the specifications below.

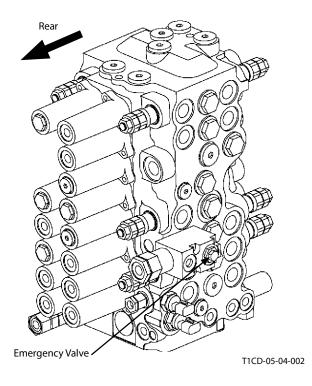
Lock Nut (1)

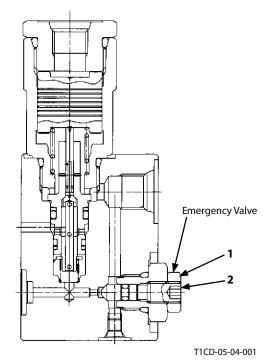
Tool: 13 mm

Torque : 13 N·m (1.3 kgf·m, 9.4 lbf·ft)

Screw (2)

Tool : 4 mm (Hexagonal wrench) Torque : 7 N·m (0.7 kgf·m, 5.0 lbf·ft)





OBJECT HANDLING --- IF EQUIPPED



WARNING: When you use machine for object handling, be sure to comply with all local regulations. Cables, straps, or ropes can break, causing serious injury. Do not use damaged chains, frayed cables, slings, straps, or ropes to crane.

Never move the load suddenly. Never move load over a person's head. Do not allow any persons near load.

Keep all persons away from wire-rope-attached load, lifted or sitting on the ground unless it is securely sitting on blocks or on the ground.

Position upperstructure so that the travel motors are at the rear.

Do not attach sling/chain to the bucket teeth.

- Secure sling/chain tightly to the load being lifted. Wear gloves when securing sling/chain.
- Fasten sling/chain to bucket loop, with the bucket curled and arm retracted.
- Coordinate hand signals with your signal man before starting.
- Be aware of the location of all persons in the working
- · Attach a hand line to load and make sure person holding it is well away from load.
- Before lifting, test your load.
 - 1. Park your machine close to load.
 - 2. Attach load to the machine.
 - 3. Raise load 50 mm (2 in) above the ground.
 - 4. Swing the load all the way to one side.
 - 5. While keeping load close to the ground, move it away from machine.
 - 6. If there is any indication of reduced stability of your machine, lower load to the ground.
- · Lift load only as high as necessary.



SA-014

TRANSPORTING BY ROAD

When transporting the machine on public roads, be sure to first understand and follow all local regulations.

- When transporting using a trailer, check the width, height, length and weight of the trailer with the machine loaded.
 Note that transporting the weight and dimensions may vary depending on the type of shoe or front attachments installed.
- Investigate beforehand the conditions of the route to be traveled, such as dimensional limits, weight limits, and traffic regulations.

In some cases, disassemble the machine to bring it within dimensional limits or weight limits of local regulations.



M1P1-06-001

LOADING/UNLOADING ON A TRAILER

Always load and unload the machine on a firm, level surface.



WARNING: Be sure to use a loading dock or a ramp for loading/unloading. Never load or unload the machine onto or off a truck or trailer using the front attachment functions when driving up or down the ramp.

Ramp/Loading Dock:

- 1. Before loading, thoroughly clean the ramp and flatbed. Dirty ramps or flatbeds with oil, mud, or ice on them are slippery and dangerous.
- 2. Place blocks against the truck and trailer wheels while using a ramp or loading dock.
- Ramps must be sufficient in width, length, and strength. Be sure that the incline of the ramp is less than 15 degrees.
- 4. Loading docks must be sufficient in width and strength to support the machine and have an incline of less than 15 degrees.

Loading/Unloading

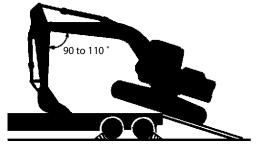


WARNING:

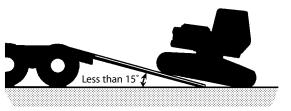
- Always turn the auto-idle switch OFF when loading or unloading the machine, to avoid unexpected speed increase due to unintentional operation of a control lever.
- Always select the slow speed mode with the travel mode switch. In the fast speed mode, travel speed may automatically increase.
- NEVER steer while driving up or down a ramp as it is extremely dangerous. If repositioning is necessary, first move back to the ground or flatbed, modify traveling direction, and begin to drive again.
- The top end of the ramp where it meets the flatbed is a sudden bump. Take care when traveling over it.
- Prevent possible injury from machine tipping while the upperstructure is rotating. Keep the arm tucked under and rotate the upperstructure slowly for best stability.

Loading

- The machine direction should be as follows:
 With the front attachment: Travel forward with the front attachment at the front.
 Without the front attachment: Travel in reverse, as illustrated.
- 2. The centerline of the machine should be over the centerline of the trailer.
- 3. Drive the machine onto the ramp slowly. With the front attachment:
 - Position the bucket with its flat surface resting on the trailer. Angle of the arm to boom should be 90 to 110°.
 - Rest the bucket on the trailer just before the machine begins to tip forward onto the trailer. Slowly travel forward until the tracks are firmly on the trailer.
 - Slightly raise the bucket. Keeping the arm tucked under, slowly rotate the upperstructure 180°.
 - · Lower the bucket onto blocks.



M1CC-05-007



M1CC-05-008



M1CC-05-009

- 4. Stop the engine. Remove the key from the key switch.
- 5. Move the control levers several times until hydraulic pressure in the cylinders is released.
- 6. Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to LOCK position.
- 7. Close cab windows, roof vent and door, and cover the exhaust opening, to prevent entry of wind and water.



CAUTION: In cold weather, be sure to warm up the machine before loading or unloading it.

Transporting



WARNING: Fasten chains or cables to the machine frame. Do not place chains or cables over or against the hydraulic lines or hoses.

- 1. Place blocks in front of and behind the tracks.
- 2. Fasten each corner of the machine and front attachment to the trailer with a chain or cable.



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Unloading



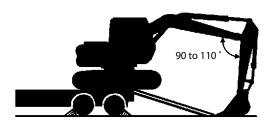
WARNING: The rear end of the flatbed where it meets the ramp is a sudden bump. Take care when traveling over it.

IMPORTANT: Prevent possible damage to the front attachment. Always position the arm at 90 to 110 ° to the boom when unloading the machine. Unloading the machine with the arm tucked in may cause machine damage.

1. To move the machine over end of the trailer onto the ramp, rest the flat surface of the bucket on the ground. Angle of the arm to the boom should be 90 to 110°.

IMPORTANT: Prevent possible damage to the hydraulic cylinders. Do not allow the machine to hit the ground hard with the bucket.

- 2. The bucket must be on the ground before the machine begins to tip forward.
- 3. As the machine moves forward, raise the boom and extend the arm until the machine is completely off the ramp.



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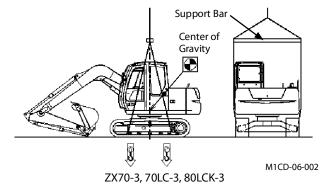
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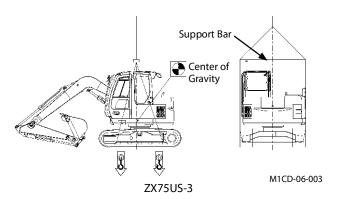
MACHINE LIFTING PROCEDURE

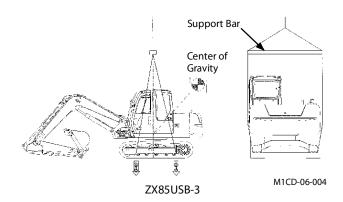


WARNING:

- Lifting wire ropes and other lifting tools can break, possibly causing serious personal injury. Do not use damaged or deteriorated wire ropes or lifting tools.
- Be sure to contact your authorized dealer for correct lifting procedure, and size and kinds of lifting wire ropes and lifting tools.
- Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position so that the machine does not accidentally move while being lifted.
- Incorrect lifting procedure and/or incorrect wire rope attachment will cause the machine to move (shift) while being lifted, resulting in machine damage and/or personal injury.
- Do not lift the machine quickly. Excessive load will be applied to the lifting wire ropes and/or lifting tools, possibly causing them to break.
- Do not allow anyone to come close to or under the lifted machine.
- The indicated gravity center is for the standard specification machine. The gravity center will vary depending on the kinds of attachments and/or optional equipment to be installed or their position to be taken. Therefore, take care not to lose the balance of the machine while lifting.
- 1. Fully extend the arm and bucket cylinders. Lower the boom until the bucket comes in contact with the ground.
- 2. Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position.
- 3. Stop the engine. Remove the key from the key switch.
- 4. Use wire ropes and support bar of sufficient length so that they do not come in contact with the machine while lifting.
 - Wrap some protectors around wire ropes and/or support bar as required to prevent the machine from being damaged.
- 5. Drive a crane to an appropriate position for lifting.
- Thread the wire rope through and under both sides of the track frames as illustrated. Attach the wire ropes to the crane.







МЕМО	

CORRECT MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION PROCEDURES

Learn how to service your machine correctly. Follow the correct maintenance and inspection procedures shown in this manual.

Inspect machine daily before starting.

- Check controls and instruments.
- · Check coolant, fuel and oil levels.
- Check for leaks, kinked, frayed or damaged hoses and lines
- Walk around machine checking general appearance, noise, heat, etc.
- Check for loose or missing parts.

If there is any problem with your machine, repair it before operating or contact your authorized dealer.

IMPORTANT: • Use only recommended fuel and lubricants.

- Be sure to use only genuine Hitachi parts.
 Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death and/or machine breakdown.
- Use only genuine HITACHI parts.
- Failure to use recommended fuel, lubricants, and genuine Hitachi parts will result in loss of Hitachi product warranty.
- Never adjust engine governor or hydraulic system relief valve.
- Protect electrical parts from water and steam.
- Never disassemble electrical components such as main controller, sensors, etc.



SA-005

CHECK THE HOUR METER REGULARLY

- Intervals on the periodic maintenance chart are for operating in normal conditions. If you operate your machine in more adverse conditions, you should service it at SHORTER INTERVALS.
- Lubricate, make service checks and adjustments at intervals shown on periodic maintenance guide table (see page 7-4 and 7-5).

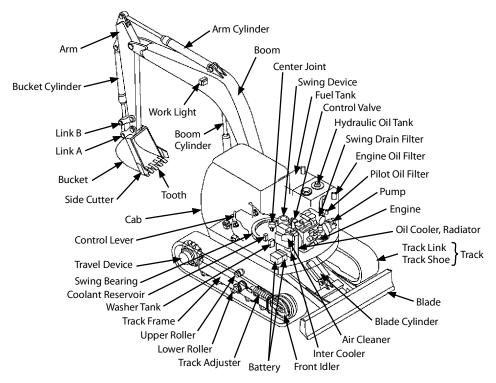
USE CORRECT FUELS AND LUBRICANTS

IMPORTANT: Always use recommended fuels and lubri-

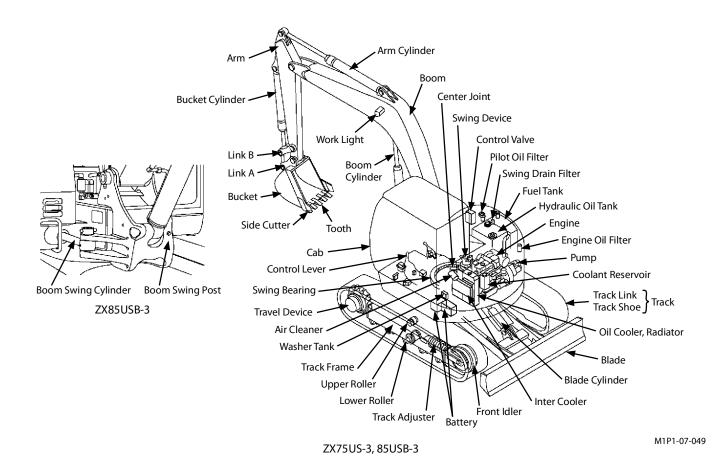
cants.

Failure to do so will result in machine damage and loss of Hitachi product warranty.

LAYOUT



ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 80LCK-3 M1P1-07-045



7-3

MAINTENANCE GUIDE TABLE

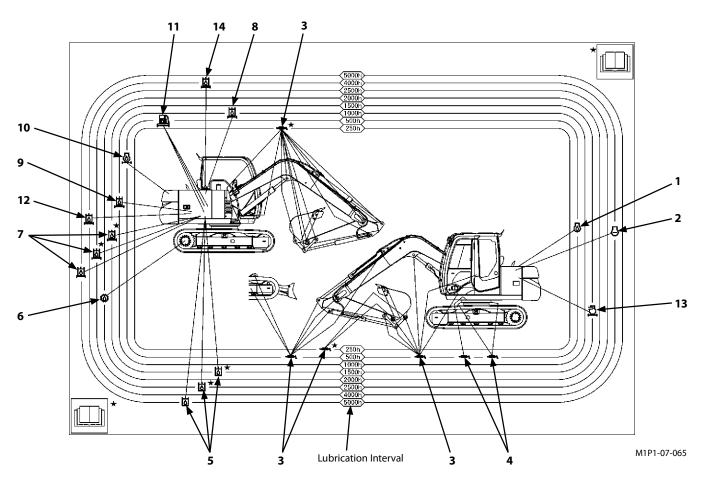
The maintenance guide table is affixed to the right side of the cab (outside). Lubricate and/or service the parts at the intervals as instructed in the table so that all necessary maintenance can be performed regularly.

• Symbol Marks
The following marks are used in the maintenance guide table

	Grease (Front Joint Pin, Swing Bearing, Swing Gear)	问	Hydraulic Oil Filter (Pilot Oil Filter, Swing Drain Filter, Hydraulic Oil Tank Filter, Suction Filter)
(Gear Oil (Travel Reduction Device, Swing Reduction Device)	₽ P	Air Cleaner Element
<u>@</u>	Engine Oil	C)	Coolant (Long-Life Coolant)
	Engine Oil Filter		Fuel Filter (Fuel Main Filter, Pre-Filter)
6	Hydraulic Oil		

Maintenance Guide Table

Sample: ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 80LCK-3



	ltem	Page		ltem	Page
1	Engine Oil	7-21	8	Hydraulic Oil Filter (Main)	7-34
2	Coolant (Long-Life Coolant)	7-53	9	Hydraulic Oil Filter (Pilot)	7-35
3	Grease	7-16	10	Engine Oil Filter	7-22
4	Grease	7-18	11	Fuel Filter	7-48
5	Hydraulic Oil	7-29	12	Hydraulic Oil Filter (Swing Device)	7-36
6	Gear Oil (Travel Device)	7-24	13	Air Cleaner Element	7-51
7	Hydraulic Oil Filter (Suction)	7-31	14	Hydraulic Oil Filter (Air Breather)	7-37

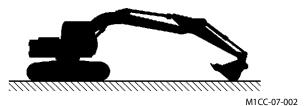
PREPARE MACHINE FOR MAINTENANCE

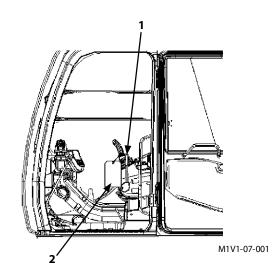
Before performing the maintenance procedures given in the following chapters, park the machine as described below, unless otherwise specified.

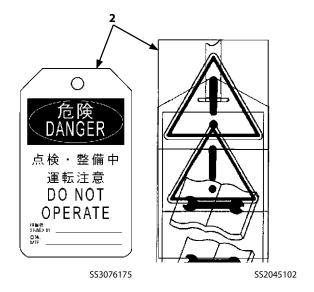
- 1. Park the machine on a level surface.
- 2. Lower the bucket to the ground.
- 3. Turn the auto-idle switch off.

IMPORTANT: The turbocharger may be damaged if the engine is not properly shut down.

- 4. Run the engine at slow idle speed without load for five minutes.
- 5. Turn the key switch OFF. Remove the key from the key switch. (If maintenance must be performed with engine running, do not leave machine unattended.)
- 6. Pull pilot control shut-off lever (1) to the LOCK position.
- 7. Before performing any work on the machine, attach a tag (2) on the right control lever.







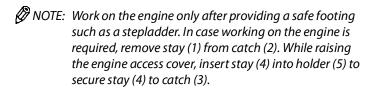
HOOD AND ACCESS COVERS

ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 80LCK-3



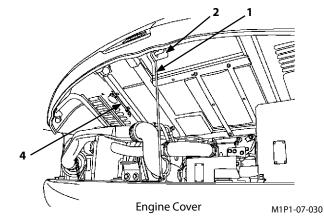
WARNING:

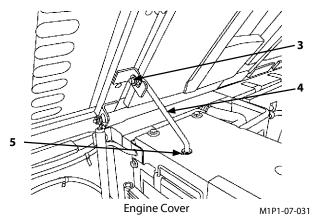
- Do not keep the hood and access covers open when the machine is parked on a slope, or while the wind is blowing hard. The hood or access covers may close accidentally, possibly resulting in personal injury.
- When opening or closing the hood and access covers, take extra care not to catch fingers between the base machine and the hood or access covers.
- When the engine access cover is opened, raise the cover until stay (1) is secured with catch (2).

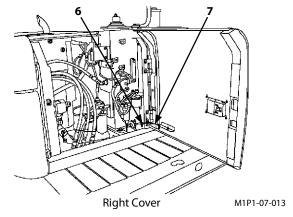


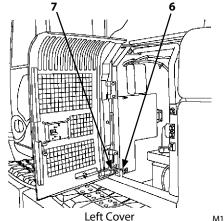
Be sure to close the engine access cover only after inserting stay (1) into catch (2).

 After opening the right and/or left access cover, be sure to secure the cover by inserting rod (7) into frame lock hole (6).









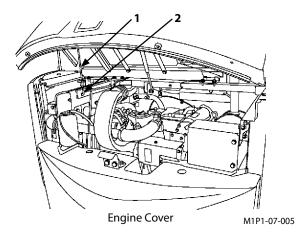
HOOD AND ACCESS COVERS

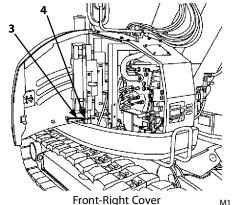
ZX75US-3, 85USB-3

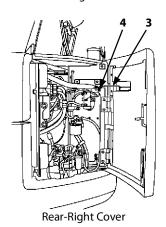


WARNING:

- Do not keep the hood and access covers open when the machine is parked on a slope, or while the wind is blowing hard. The hood or access covers may close accidentally, possibly resulting in personal injury.
- When opening or closing the hood and access covers, take extra care not to catch fingers between the base machine and the hood or access covers.
- When the engine access cover is opened, raise the cover until stay (1) is secured with catch (2).
- Be sure to close the engine access cover only after inserting stay (1) into catch (2).
- After opening the front-right, rear-right and/or left access cover, be sure to secure the cover by inserting rod (3) into frame lock hole (4).

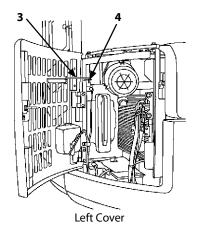








M1P1-07-008



M1P1-07-001

PERIODIC REPLACEMENT OF PARTS

To ensure safe operation, be sure to conduct periodic inspection of the machine. In addition, the parts listed below, if defective, may pose serious safety/fire hazards. It is very difficult to gauge the extent of deterioration, fatigue, or weakening of the parts listed below simply by visual inspection alone. For this reason, replace these parts at the intervals shown in the table below. However, if any of these parts are found to be defective, replace before starting operation, regardless of the interval. Also, when replacing hoses, check the clamps for deformation, cracks, or other deterioration, and replace as necessary. Be sure to perform periodic inspection of all hoses, as shown below, and replace or retighten any defective parts found, as necessary.

Consult your authorized dealer for correct replacement.

	Periodi	c Replacement Parts	Replacement Intervals
		Fuel hose (Fuel tank to Supply pump)	Every 2 years
E	Base Machine draulic	Oil filter hose (Engine to oil filter)	Every 2 years
		Pump suction hose Pump delivery hose See Machine Front Stachment Front Stachment Suit filter hose (Engine to oil filter) Heater hose (Heater to engine) Pump suction hose Pump delivery hose Swing hose Travel high pressure hose Boom cylinder line hose Bucket cylinder line hose	Every 2 years
		Pump suction hose	Every 2 years or 4000 hours whichever comes first
	,	Pump delivery hose	Every 2 years or 4000 hours whichever comes first
	base Machine	Swing hose	Every 2 years or 4000 hours whichever comes first
Hydraulic System		Travel high pressure hose	Every 2 years or 4000 hours whichever comes first
		Boom cylinder line hose	Every 2 years or 4000 hours whichever comes first
	Front Attachment	Arm cylinder line hose	Every 2 years or 4000 hours whichever comes first
		Bucket cylinder line hose	Every 2 years or 4000 hours whichever comes first
		Seat belt	Every 3 years
	Clear	hatch (If equipped)	Every 5 years

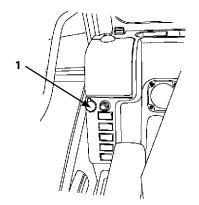
NOTE: Be sure to replace seals, such as O-rings and gaskets, when replacing hoses.

IMPORTANT:

- Replace the clear hatch with a new one every 5
 years even if undamaged. In case it was remarkably
 damaged or has received severe shock loads, replace it even if it has been not in use for 5 years.
- When cleaning the clear hatch, use a neutral detergent. If acidic or alkaline detergent is used, the clear hatch may become discolored or crack.
- Keep organic solvent away from the clear hatch.
 Failure to do so may cause the clear hatch to become discolored or crack.

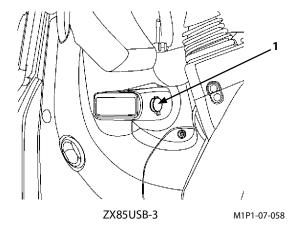
USE ELECTRICAL OUTLET

When using an inspection lamp during maintenance work, use electrical outlet (1) provided in the position shown in the figure.



ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3

M1P1-07-057



MAINTENANCE GUIDE

A. GREASING (See Page 7-16)

Dow	Parts		Interval (hours)								
Pdf			8	50	100	250	500	1000	2000		
1. Front Joint Pins	Bucket	4	*			**					
	Link Pins	4	*			**					
	Others	8	*			**					
2. Swing Bearing		2									
3. Swing Internal Gear		1					***				
4. Blade Joint Pins		4									



★ Maintenance required when operating in water or mud and under extremely severe condition.

★★ Maintenance required only during first time check.

 $\star\star\star$ Check and add grease.

IMPORTANT: Grease bucket and link pivots every day until break-in operation (50 hours) is complete. When the bucket joint boss end faces are not finished with WC thermal spraying, grease the bucket two joint pin sections at an interval of every 250 hours.

B. ENGINE (See Page 7-21)

Parts		Ouantity			Int	erval (ho	urs)		
		Quantity	8	50	100	250	500	1000	2000
1. Engine Oil	Oil Level Check	1							
2. Engine Oil	Change	12.0 L (3.2 US gal)							
3. Engine Oil Filter	Replacement	1							

C. TRANSMISSION (See Page 7-24)

Parts		Quantity			Inte	erval (ho	urs)		
		Quantity	8	50	100	250	500	1000	2000
1 Traval Paduction	Oil Level Check	2							
1. Travel Reduction Gear	Change	1.2 L × 2 (1.3 US qt × 2)							

D. HYDRAULIC SYSTEM (See Page 7-26)

	arts	Quantity				lr	nterval	(hours	s)			
	arts	Qualitity	8	50	100	250	300	500	1000	1500	2500	5000
1. Check Hydraulic	Oil Level	1										
2. Drain Hydraulic Oil Tank Sump		1										
3. Change Hydraulic Oil		100 L (26.4 US gal)							*	*	*	*
4. Suction Filter Cle	1		When changing hydraulic oil									
5. Replace Hydrauli	ic Oil Tank Filter	1					**	*	*			
6. Replace Pilot Oil	Filter	1										
7. Replace Swing D	rain Filter Element	1										
8. Replace Air Breather Element		1										
9. Check	for leaks	_										
Hoses and Lines	for cracks, bend, etc.	-										

Ø NOTE: ★

- Changing interval differs according to the brand of hydraulic oil used, kind of filter element or average attachment operating availability. Refer to the "changing intervals of hydraulic oil and full flow filter element" on page 7-28.
- ** While demolition Work.

E. FUEL SYSTEM (See Page 7-43)

Tank capacity 135 L (35.7 US gal)

Parts		Quantity	Quantity Interval (hours)						
		Qualitity 8		50	100	250	500	1000	2000
1. Drain Fuel Tank Sump		1							
2. Check Water Separator		1							
3. Replace Fuel Filter Element		1							
4. Clean Fuel Solenoid Pump Strainer		1							
5. Check Fuel	for leaks, cracks, etc.	-							
Hoses	for cracks, bend, etc.	-							

F. AIR CLEANER (See Page 7-51)

Parts		Ouantity	Quantity Interval (hours)						
		Quantity	8	50	100	250	500	1000	2000
1. Air Cleaner Outer Element	Cleaning	1	(Or when indicator lit)						
2. Air Cleaner Outer and Inner Elements	Replacement	1	After cleaning 6 times or 1 year						

G. COOLING SYSTEM (See Page 7-53)

Parts		Quantity	Interval (hours)							
Parts	Quantity	8	50	100	250	500	1000	2000		
1. Check Coolant Level		1								
2. Check and Adjust Fan Belt Ten	1		**							
3. Change Coolant	10 L (2.6 US gal)	Twice a year * ₁								
4. Clean Radiator Interior		1		When Changing Coolant						
5. Clean Radiator, Oil Cooler	Outside	1					* ₂			
and Inter Cooler Core	Cooler Core Inside 1		When Changing Coolant							
6. Clean Oil Cooler, Radiator and Inter Cooler Front Screen		1					★ ₂			
7. Clean Air Conditioner Conden	iser	1					* ₂			

Ø NOTE: ★★ Maintenance required only during first time check.

IMPORTANT: Use fresh water or normal tap water as a coolant. Do not use strong acid or alkaline water.

Use the coolant with genuine Hitachi Long-Life Coolant (LLC) mixed by 30 to 50 %.

H. ELECTRICAL SYSTEM (See Page 7-58)

I. MISCELLANEOUS (See Page 7-65)

Parts		Quantity				Interval	(hours)						
	raits		Quantity	8	50	100	250	500	1000	2000	4000		
1. Check Bucket Teeth for Wear and Looseness			_										
2. Change Bucket			_				As rec	quired					
3. Convert Bucket	Connection Into	Face Shovel	_				As rec	quired					
4. Adjust Bucket Li	inkage		1				As rec	quired					
5. Remove Travel I	Levers		2				As rec	quired					
6. Check and Replace	ace Seat Belt		1	Every 3 years (Replace)									
7. Check Windshie	eld Washer Fluid	Level	1		As required As required As required As required As required								
8. Check Track Sag	9		2										
	Circulating	Cleaning	1							or so			
9. Air Conditioner Filter	l •	Replacement	1			After	cleaning	g 6 time:	s or so				
	Fresh Air Filter	Cleaning	1										
Fresh All Filte		Replacement	1	After cleaning 6 times or so									
10. Check Air Cond	litioner												
11. Clean Cab Floo	r				As required								
12. Check Injection	n Nozzle							*					
13. Retighten Cylin	der Head Bolt				As required After cleaning 6 times or so After cleaning 6 times or so As required *As required *As required *As required *As required								
14. Inspect and Ad	just Valve Cleara	ance	-						*				
15. Check Fuel Injection Timing			-		*As required								
16. Check Starter and Alternator			_						*				
17. Change and Replace EGR Device					*								
18. Measure Engine Compression Pressure			_						*				
19. Check Tightenin	g Torque of Bolts	s and Nuts	_		**								

 $\sqrt[B]{NOTE}$: $\star\star$ Maintenance required only during first time check.

* Contact your authorized dealer for maintenance.

^{*} When genuine Hitachi coolant is used, change every two years or 4000 operating hours, whichever comes first.

^{*2} Shorten the maintenance interval when the machine is operated in dusty areas.

Brand Names of Recommended Grease

_	1				
Where to be	wing Gear,				
applied	Swing Bearing, etc.				
Manufacturer	–20 to 40 °C (–4 to 104 °F)				
Nippon Koyu	SEP 2	* 1			
British Petroleum	BP Energrease	LS-EP2			
Caltex Oil	Multifax	EP2			
Esso	Beacon	EP2			
Idemitsu Kosan	Daphne Coronex Grease	EP2			
Mobil Oil	Mobilux	EP2			
Nippon Oil	Epinoc Grease	AP2			
Shell Oil	Shell Alvania	EP2 ★ 2			

NOTE: The machine shipped from the factory is filled with

- **★1** Front Joint Pin and Swing Bearing
- **★**2 Swing Gear

Recommended Engine Oil

Brand Names of Recommended Engine Oil

Kind of Oil	Engine Oil	
Application	Engine Crank Case	
Air Temp.	-20 to 40 °C (-4 to 104 °F)	
Manufacturer		JASO
Hitachi	Super wide DH-1 10W30	DH-1

IMPORTANT: Use only genuine Hitachi engine oil as shown below or engine oil equivalent to DH-1 specified in JASO. Failure to do so may deteriorate the engine performance and/or shorten the engine service life. Please be noted that all engine failures caused by using engine oil other than specified are excluded from Hitachi Warranty Policy. Use genuine Hitachi engine oil Super wide DH-1 15W40 when fresh air temperature is beyond 40 °C (104 °F). Consult your nearest Hitachi dealer for the unclear points.

Brand Names of Recommended Oil

Application	Swing and Travel Reduction Gear						
Kind of Oil	Gear oil						
Air Temp.	-20 t	to 40 °C (–4 to 104 °F)					
Manufacturer British Petroleum	BP Gear oil	SAE90EP					
Caltex Oil	Universal Thuban	SAE 90					
Esso	Esso Gear Oil	80W-90, 85W-90					
Idemitsu Kosan	Apollo Gear	HE90					
Mobil Oil	Mobilube	GX90					
Nippon Oil	Gear Lube SP90 SP80W-90	(Swing and travel reduction device) *1 SP80W-90(Pump Transmission 'only')					
Shell Oil	Shell Spirax	EP90					
Remarks	API GL 4 Class						

NOTE: The machine shipped from the factory is filled with oil marked

*1 Gear oil for swing and travel reduction device

Engine/gear oil can be used for pump transmission.

Brand Names of Recommended Hydraulic Oil

Kind of Lubricant		Hydraulic Oil								
Where to be applied			Hydra	ulic System						
Change Interval	5000 hours		2500	hours	1500 hours					
Environmental Temp.	-20 to 40 °C	-10 to 40 °C		−10 to 40 °C (14 to 104 °F)	−20 to 40 °C (−4 to 104 °F)	−10 to 40 °C (14 to 104 °F)				
Manufacturer	(-4 to 104 F)	(14 (0 104 F)	(-4 (0 104 F)	(14 (0 104 F)	(-4 to 104 F)	(14 (0 104 F)				
Hitachi	Super E	X 46HN								
Idemitsu Kosan			Super Hydr	o 46 WRHU						
British Petroleum					Bartran HV46					
Caltex Oil						Rando Oil HD46				
Texaco INC.						Rando Oil HD46				
Chevron U.S.A INC.						Chevron AW46				
Esso						NUTO H46				
Mobil Oil						DTE 25				
Shell Oil				Tellus Oil S46		Tellus Oil 46				
Remarks	Anti-wear type hydraulic oil									

M NOTE: Use proper hydraulic oil in accordance with the atmospheric temperature.

When the atmospheric temperature is between -40 °C and +20 °C: Use the proper hydraulic oil having high and low temperature characteristics by referring to the values shown below.

Low Temperature Viscosity: Less than 4000 cSt at -40 ℃

High Temperature Viscosity: More than 6.5 cSt at +80 °C

The above values are approximately equivalent to ISO viscosity grade #22. However, low temperature viscosity will differ depending on each product. Contact each hydraulic oil manufacture directly.

When the atmospheric temperature is below -40 °C: Contact your authorized dealer.

A. GREASING

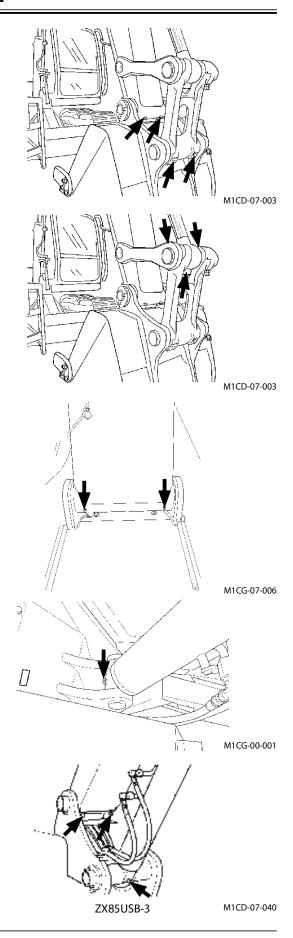
1 Front Joint Pins

• Bucket --- every 250 hours

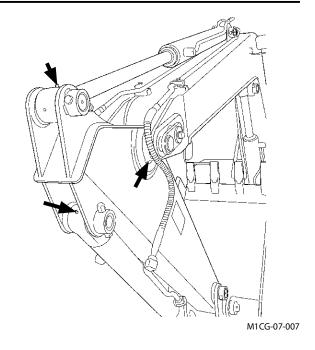
• Link Pins --- every 500 hours

Others --- every 500 hours
• Boom Foot

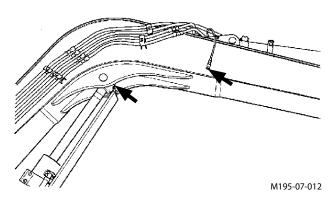
• Boom Cylinder Bottom



 Boom and Arm Joint Pin, Arm Cylinder Rod Pin and Bucket Cylinder Bottom Pin.



• Boom Cylinder Rod Pins and Arm Cylinder Bottom Pin. (Centralized greasing system)



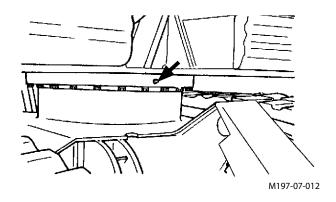
2 Swing Bearing --- every 500 hours



CAUTION: Lubricating both the swing bearing and gear and rotating the upperstructure must be done by one person. Before you lubricate the swing bearing, clear the area of all persons.

Each time you leave the cab

- Lower the bucket to the ground.
- Stop the engine.
- Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position.
- Use handrails.
- 1. Park the machine on a level surface.
- 2. Lower the bucket to the ground.
- 3. Turn the auto-idle switch off.
- 4. Run the engine at slow idle speed without load for five minutes.
- 5. Turn the key switch OFF. Remove the key from the key switch.
- 6. Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position.
- 7. With the upperstructure stationary, apply grease via the two grease fittings.
- 8. Start the engine. Raise the bucket several inches off the ground and rotate the upperstructure 45° (1/8 turn).
- 9. Lower the bucket to the ground.
- 10. Repeat the procedure three times, beginning with step 3.
- 11. Apply grease to the swing bearing until grease can be seen escaping from the swing bearing seals.
 - Grease capacity: 0.20 L (0.21 US qt)
- 12. Take care not to supply excessive grease.



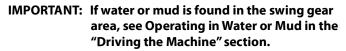
3 Swing Internal Gear --- every 500 hours



CAUTION: Adding or changing swing internal gear grease and rotating the upperstructure must be done by one person. Before you start, clear the area of all persons.

Each time you leave the cab

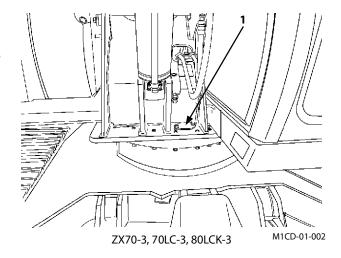
- Lower the bucket to the ground.
- Stop the engine.
- Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position.
- Use handrails.
- 1. Park the machine on a level surface.
- 2. Lower the bucket to the ground.
- 3. Turn the auto-idle switch off.
- 4. Run the engine at slow idle speed without load for five minutes.
- 5. Turn the key switch OFF. Remove the key from the key switch.
- 6. Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position.
- 7. Open the tool box cover on the upperstructure and remove cover (1).
- 8. Grease must be to the top of all internal gear teeth of the swing bearing and be free of contamination. Add approximately 0.5 kg (1.1 lb) of grease, if required. If the grease is contaminated, remove grease and replace with clean grease.

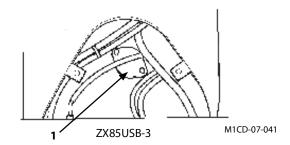


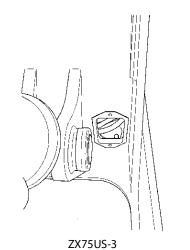
- 9. Install cover (1).
- 10. If grease shows any sign of water or mud, replace all the grease on the internal gear.

Remove cover from the bottom of the swing gear housing, located near the center joint.

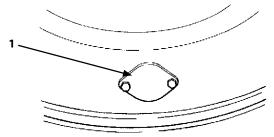
Grease capacity: 4.4 L (1.2 US gal)







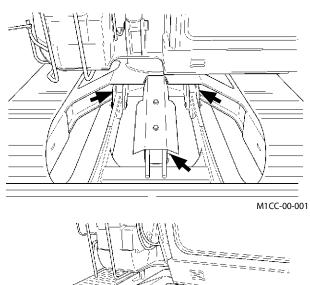
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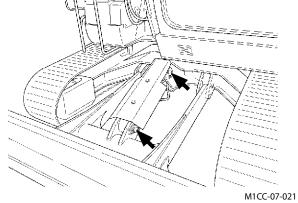


M157-07-161

Maintenance Blade Joint Pins --- every 500 hours

- Blade joint pins
- Blade cylinder rod/bottom pins





B. ENGINE

1 Engine Oil Level --- check daily

IMPORTANT: For most accurate readings, check the oil level every day before starting the machine.

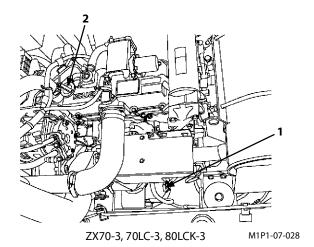
Be sure the machine is on a level surface.

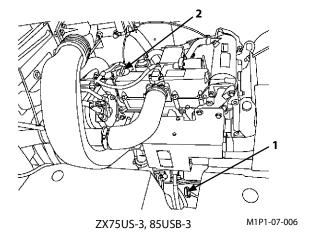
- 1. Remove dipstick (1). Wipe oil off with a clean cloth. Reinsert dipstick (1).
- 2. Remove dipstick (1) again. Read level. Oil level must be between the circle marks.
- 3. If necessary, add oil via oil filler cap (2).

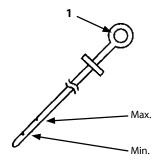
 Be sure to use only recommended oil (see Recommended Engine Oil Chart).

NOTE: Checking the oil level immediately after shut down will result in inaccurate readings.

Be sure to allow the oil to settle for at least 10 minutes before checking.







M178-07-011

2 Change Engine Oil --- every 500 hours

3 Replace Engine Oil Filter --- every 500 hours

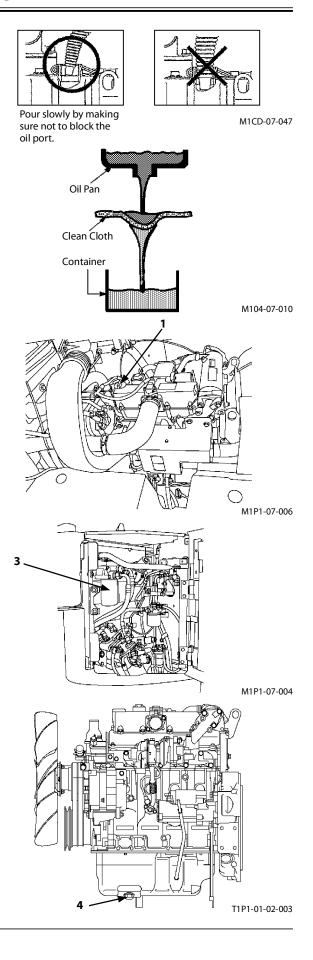
- Run the engine to warm oil.
 Do not run the engine until oil is hot.
- 2. Park the machine on a level surface.
- 3. Lower the bucket to the ground.
- 4. Turn the auto-idle switch off.
- 5. Run the engine at slow idle speed without load for five minutes.
- 6. Turn the key switch OFF. Remove the key from the key switch.
- 7. Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position.



CAUTION: Engine oil may be hot just after operation. Take extra care to avoid burns.

IMPORTANT: Take care not to spill any oil when re-filling engine oil. Wiper to remove spilled oil if any. Failure to do so may cause oil to ignite, possibly resulting in a fire.

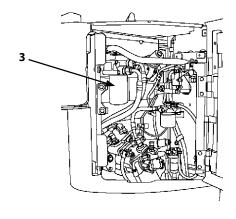
- 8. Prepare a container to receive the drain oil.
 Oil Pan Drain Oil Capacity: Approx. 20 L (5.3 US gal)
 Oil Filter Drain Oil Capacity: Approx. 0.2 L (0.2 US qt)
- NOTE: Actual drain oil from oil filter (3) will be approx. 50 mL. Arrange a container with a similar capacity as one placed under oil filter (3) to make draining oil easier.
 - 9. Remove drain plug (4). Allow oil to drain through a clean cloth into a 20 liter container.
 - 10. After all oil has drained, inspect cloth for any debris such as small pieces of metal.
 - 11. Install and tighten drain plug (4).



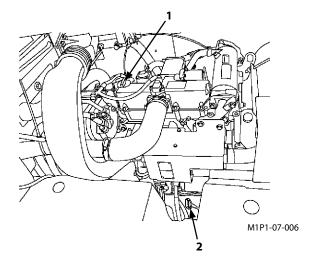
- 12. Remove the filter cartridges of engine oil filter (3) by turning it counterclockwise with the filter wrench.
- 13. Clean the filter gasket (O-ring) contact area on the engine.
- 14. Apply a thin film of clean oil to the gasket (O-ring) of new filter (3).
- 15. Install new filter (3). Turn the filter cartridge clockwise by hand until the gasket touches the contact area. Be sure not to damage the gasket when installing filter. (3)
- 16. Tighten engine oil filter (3) 2/3 to 1 turn more using the filter wrench.Be careful not to overtighten.
- 17. Remove oil filler cap (1). Fill the engine with recommended oil. Check that oil level is between the circle marks on the dipstick after 15 minutes.

Engine oil capacity: 12.0 L (3.2 US gal)

- 18. Install oil filler cap (1).
- 19. Start the engine. Run the engine at slow idle for 5 minutes.
- 20. Check that the engine oil pressure indicator on the monitor panel goes out immediately. If not, stop the engine immediately and find the cause.
- 21. Stop the engine. Remove the key from the key switch.
- 22. Check for any leakage at the drain plug.
- 23. Check oil level on dipstick (2).



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C. TRANSMISSION

1 Travel Reduction Gear

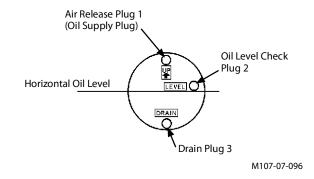
Check Oil Level --- every 250 hours

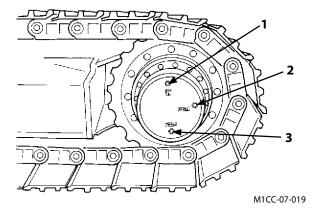
- 1. Park the machine on a level surface.
- 2. Rotate the travel motor until the imaginary line through plug (1) and plug (3) is vertical.
- 3. Lower the bucket to the ground.
- 4. Turn the auto-idle switch off.
- Run the engine at slow idle speed without load for five minutes.
- 6. Stop the engine. Remove the key from the key switch.
- 7. Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK posi-tion.



WARNING: Keep body and face away from the air release plug. Gear oil is hot just after operation. Wait for gear oil to cool and then gradually loosen the air release plug to release pressure.

- 8. After gear oil has cooled, slowly loosen air release plug (1) to release pressure.
- 9. Remove air release plug (1) and oil level check plug (2). Oil must be up to the bottom of hole.
- 10. If necessary, add oil until oil flows out of oil level check plug (2) hole. (See gear oil chart)
- 11. Wrap the plug threads with sealing-type tape. Install plugs (1) and (2).
 Tighten plugs (1) and (2) to 50 N·m (5 kgf·m, 36 lbf·ft).
- 12. Check the gear oil level in the other travel reduction gear.





Change Gear Oil --- every 2000 hours

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface.
- 2. Rotate the travel motor until the imaginary line through plug (1) and plug (3) is vertical.
- 3. Lower the bucket to the ground.
- 4. Turn the auto-idle switch off.

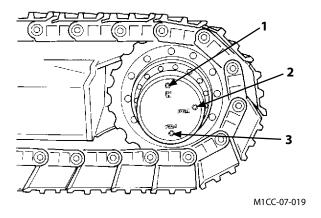
IMPORTANT: The turbocharger may be damaged if the engine is not properly shut down.

- 5. Run the engine at slow idle speed without load for five minutes.
- 6. Stop the engine. Remove the key from the key switch.
- 7. Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position.



WARNING: Keep body and face away from the air release plug. Gear oil is hot just after operation. Wait for gear oil to cool and then gradually loosen the air release plug to release pressure.

- 8. After gear oil has cooled, slowly loosen air release plug (1) to release pressure, and temporarily re-tighten plug (1).
- 9. Remove drain plug (3) and plug (1), in that order, to drain oil.
- Clean drain plug (3). Wrap the threads of drain plug (3) with sealing-type tape. Install plug (3).
 Tighten the plug to 50 N·m (5 kgf·m, 36 lbf·ft).
- 11. Remove oil level check plug (2).
- 12. Add oil until oil flows out of the oil level check plug hole. (See gear oil chart)
- 13. Clean plugs (1) and (2). Wrap the threads of oil level check plug (2) and air release plug (1) with sealing-type tape. Reinstall the plugs.
 - Tighten the plugs to 50 N·m (5 kgf·m, 36 lbf·ft).
- 14. Repeat steps 8. to 13. for the other travel reduction gear.



D. HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE OF HYDRAULIC **EQUIPMENT**



A CAUTION: During operation, the parts of the hydraulic system become very hot.

Allow the machine to cool down before beginning inspection or maintenance.

- 1. Be sure that the machine is parked on a level, firm surface before servicing hydraulic equipment.
- 2. Lower the bucket to the ground and stop the engine.
- 3. Begin servicing hydraulic components only after components, hydraulic oil and lubricants are completely cooled, and after releasing residual pressure.
- 3.1 Bleed air from the hydraulic oil tank to release internal pressure.
- 3.2 Allow the machine to cool down.
 - Note that servicing heated and pressurized hydraulic components may cause hot parts and/or oil to fly off or escape suddenly, possibly resulting in personal injury.
- 3.3 Keep body parts and face away from plugs or screws when removing them. Hydraulic components may be pressurized even when cooled.
- 3.4 Never attempt to service or inspect the travel and swing motor circuits on slopes. They are highly pressurized due to self-weight.
- 4. When connecting hydraulic hoses and pipes, take special care to keep seal surfaces free from dirt and to avoid damaging them. Keep these precautions in mind:
- 4.1 Wash hoses, pipes, and the tank interior with a washing liquid and thoroughly wipe it out before reconnecting them.
- 4.2 Only use O-rings that are free of damage or defects. Be careful not to damage them during reassembly.
- 4.3 Do not allow high pressure hoses to twist when connecting them. The life of twisted hoses will be shortened considerably.
- 4.4 Carefully tighten low pressure hose clamps. Do not overtighten them.

- 5. When adding hydraulic oil, always use the same brand of oil; do not mix brands of oil. As the machine is filled with Super EX 46 HN when it is shipped from the factory, use it as a general rule. When selecting to use another brand of oil listed in the table "Brand names of recommended hydraulic oil", be sure to completely change the oil in the system.
- 6. Do not use hydraulic oils other than those listed in the table "Brand names of recommended hydraulic oil".
- 7. Never run the engine without oil in the hydraulic oil tank.

BREAKER MAINTENANCE

Change Hydraulic Oil and Replace Hydraulic Oil Tank Filter

Hydraulic breaker operation subjects the hydraulic system to become contaminated faster and to quickly deteriorate the hydraulic oil. For this reason, hydraulic oil must be changed and the hydraulic oil tank filter must be replaced more often than the machine equipped with a bucket. Failure to do so may result in damage to the breaker, hydraulic oil pump, and other

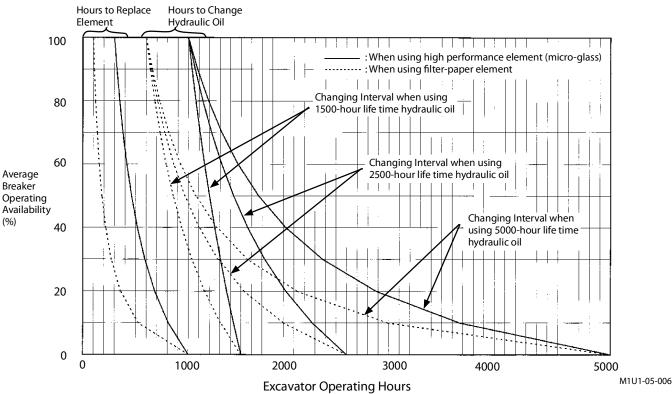
related hydraulic system components. Recommended changing intervals are shown below. For filter replacement and oil changing intervals are shown below. (For filter replacement and oil changing procedures, refer to the "Hydraulic System" in the "MAINTENANCE" Section.)

Changing intervals (Hours)

Attachment	Availability	*Hydraulic Oil	Hydraulic Oil Tank Filter Element	**Element Type	
		1500	1000	Chandand Filton Danon	
Bucket	100%	2500		Standard Filter Paper High Performance Element	
		5000		High Feriormance Element	
Hudraulia Proakor	Proplem 1000/		100	Standard Filter Paper	
Hydraulic Breaker	100%	1000	300	High Performance Element	

^{*:} Changing intervals differ depending on the brand of hydraulic oil used. Refer to the Hydraulic System in the MAINTE-NANCE section.

Changing Intervals (Hours) of Hydraulic Oil and Full Flow Filter Element



IMPORTANT: Use a high performance element (microglass) on excavators engaged in demolition work. In case using a filter-paper element is unavoidable, change hydraulic oil and the filter element at the intervals as illustrated with dotted lines.

NOTE: Hydraulic oil tank filter restriction indicator is optional. If a filter-paper element is used, this indicator does not operate. (Refer to the Hydraulic System in the Maintenance section.)

^{**:} Use the high performance element (micro-glass) on excavators engaged in demolition work.

1 Check Hydraulic Oil Level --- daily

IMPORTANT: Never run the engine without oil in hydraulic oil tank.

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface.
- 2. Position the machine with the arm cylinder fully retracted and the bucket cylinder fully extended.
- 3. Lower the bucket to the ground.
- 4. Turn the auto-idle switch off.
- 5. Run the engine at slow idle speed without load for five minutes.
- 6. Turn the key switch OFF. Remove the key from the key switch.
- 7. Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position.
- 8. Open the access door in front of the main pump. Check oil level with level gauge (1) on hydraulic oil tank. Oil must be between marks on gauge(1). If necessary, add oil.

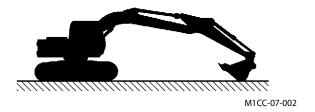


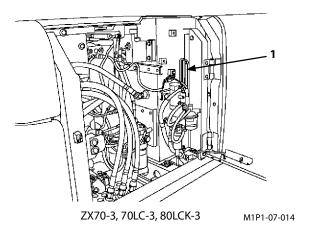
CAUTION: The hydraulic oil tank is pressurized.

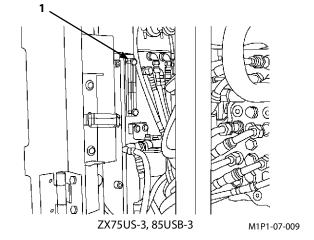
Push the pressure release button on the tank cap to release pressure, and carefully remove the cap.

To add oil:

- 9. Push the pressure release button on the air breather to release pressure. Remove the cover.
- 10. Add oil. Recheck oil level with level gauge (1).
- 11. Install the cover. Make sure the filter and rod assembly is in correct position.







2 Drain Hydraulic Oil Tank Sump --- every 250 hours

IMPORTANT: Never run the engine without oil in hydraulic oil tank.

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface with the upperstructure rotated 90° for easier access.
- 2. Lower the bucket to the ground.
- 3. Turn the auto-idle switch off.
- 4. Run the engine at slow idle speed without load for five minutes.
- 5. Turn the key switch OFF. Remove the key from the key switch.
- 6. Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position.



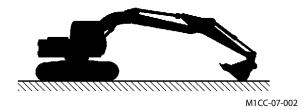
CAUTION: The hydraulic oil tank is pressurized. Push pressure release button (1) on the air breather to release pressure.

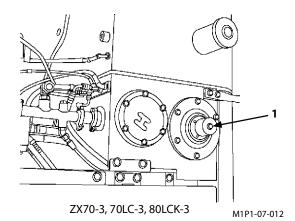
7. Push pressure release button (1) on the air breather to release pressure.

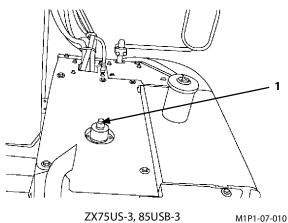


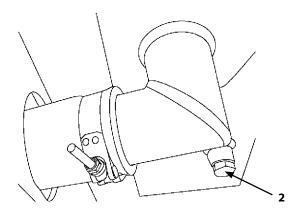
CAUTION: Do not loosen drain plug (2) until oil is cool. Hydraulic oil may be hot, potentially causing serious injury.

- 8. After oil is cool, loosen drain plug (2) to drain water and sediment. Do not remove plug (2) completely, only loosen it enough to drain water and sediment.
- 9. After draining water and sediment, retighten plug (2).









M1P1-07-017

- 3 Change Hydraulic Oil
- 4 Suction Filter Cleaning
 --- every 5000 hours, 2500 hours, 1500 hours or 1000 hours

A

CAUTION: Hydraulic oil may be hot just after operation. Wait for oil to cool before starting work.

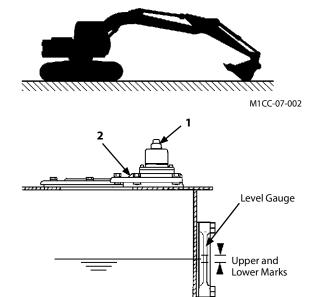
IMPORTANT: Hydraulic oil changing intervals differ according to kind of hydraulic oils used. (See Recommended Oil Chart in this group)

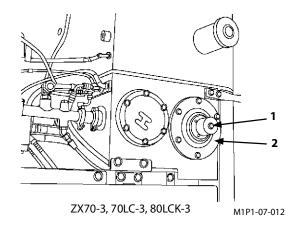
- 1. Park the machine on a level surface with the upperstructure rotated 90° for easier access.
- 2. Position the machine with the arm cylinder fully retracted and the bucket cylinder fully extended.
- 3. Lower the bucket to the ground.
- 4. Turn the auto-idle switch off.
- 5. Run the engine at slow idle speed without load for five minutes.
- 6. Stop the engine. Remove the key from the key switch.
- 7. Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position.
- 8. Clean the top of the hydraulic oil tank to keep dirt out of the hydraulic system.



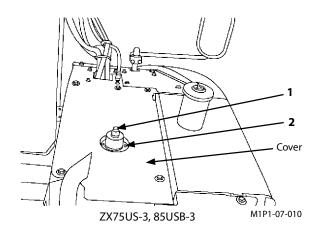
CAUTION: The hydraulic oil tank is pressurized. Push pressure release button (1) on the air breather before removing the air breather.

- 9. Push pressure release button (1) on the air breather.
- 10. ZX75US-3, 85USB-3: Remove the cover on the top of the hydraulic oil tank.
- 11. Remove cover (2).



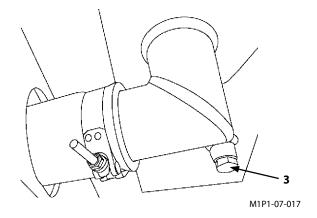


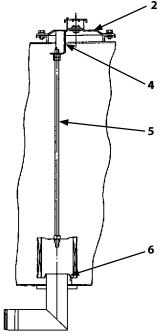
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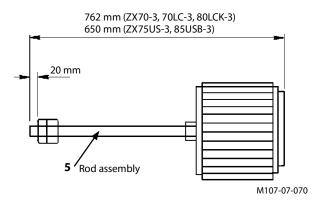
- 12. Remove oil using a suction pump. The hydraulic oil tank capacity, up to specified oil level, is approximately 100 liters (26.4 US gal).
- 13. Remove drain plug (3). Allow oil to drain.
- 14. Remove suction filter and rod assembly (5).
- 15. Clean the filter and tank interior. If the filter is to be replaced, install new filter on the rod as shown. Tighten nut to 15 to 20 N·m (1.5 to 2.0 kgf·m, 11.0 to 14.5 lbf·ft).
- 16. Install filter and rod assembly (5). Make sure the filter is positioned correctly on outlet (6).
- 17. Replace the hydraulic tank oil filter. (See "Maintenance Every 500 Hours" Section)
- 18. Clean, install and tighten drain plug (3).
- 19. Add oil until it is between the marks on the oil level gauge.
- 20. Before installing cover (2), check that the top end of rod assembly (5) is completely inserted into the hole on support (4) under cover (2). Then, secure cover (2) with bolts.

IMPORTANT: If the hydraulic pump is not filled with oil, it will be damaged when the engine is started.





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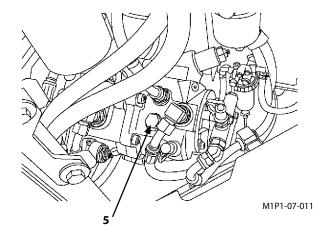


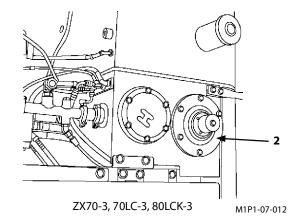
Air Bleeding Procedures

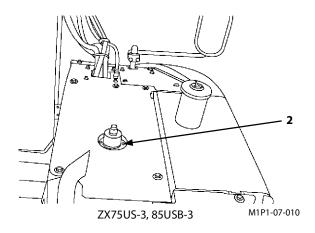
IMPORTANT: If the hydraulic pump is not filled with oil, it will be damaged when the engine is started.

The machine is equipped with two main pumps. Bleed air from these pumps after changing hydraulic oil.

- 1. Remove air bleed plug (5) on each pump.
- 2. Fill the pump with oil through air bleed plug (5) port on each pump until oil flows out of air bleed plug (5) hole.
- 3. Temporarily tighten air bleed plug (5) on each pump, start the engine and run at slow idle. Loosen one of air bleed plugs (5) slightly until oil flows from plug port to release trapped air completely. Tighten air bleed plug (5). Repeat this step for the rest of plugs (5).
- 4. Purge air from the hydraulic system by running the engine at slow idle and operating the control levers slowly and smoothly for 15 minutes.
- 5. Position the machine as illustrated in the oil level checking procedure.
- 6. Lower the bucket to the ground.
- 7. Turn the auto-idle switch off.
- 8. Stop the engine. Remove the key from the key switch.
- 9. Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position.
- 10. Check the hydraulic oil tank gauge. Remove cover (2) to add oil if necessary.







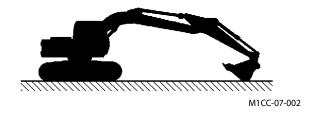
5 **Replace Hydraulic Oil Tank Filter** --- every 1000 hours

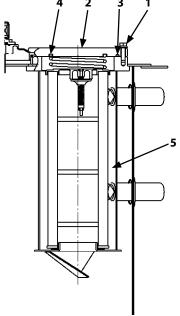
- 1. Park the machine on a level surface.
- 2. Lower the bucket to the ground.
- 3. Turn the auto-idle switch off.
- 4. Run the engine at slow idle speed without load for five minutes.
- 5. Stop the engine. Remove the key from the key switch.
- 6. Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position.



CAUTION: The hydraulic oil tank is pressurized. Push the pressure release button on the air breather before removing the air breather.

- 7. Push the pressure release button on the hydraulic oil tank to release pressure.
- NOTE: There is spring (4) tension under cover (2). Hold down cover (2) when removing last two bolts (1).
- 8. Hold down filter cover (2) against light spring (4) load when removing last two bolts (1). Remove filter cover (2).
- 9. Remove spring (4) and element (5).
- NOTE: Remove element (5) and inspect for metal particles and debris in the bottom of the filter can. Excessive amounts of brass and steel particles can indicate a failed hydraulic pump, motor, valve or an impending failure. A rubber type of material can indicate cylinder packing failure.
 - 10. Discard element (5) and O-ring (3).
 - 11. Install a new element (5) and spring (4).
 - 12. Install filter cover (2) with a new O-ring (3).
 - 13. Install and tighten bolts (1) to 50 N·m (5 kgf·m, 36 lbf·ft).





M175-07-035

6 Replace Pilot Oil Filter --- every 1000 hours

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface.
- 2. Lower the bucket to the ground.
- 3. Turn the auto-idle switch off.

IMPORTANT: The turbocharger may be damaged if the engine is not properly shut down.

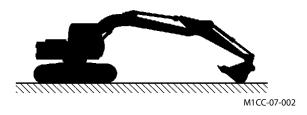
- 4. Run the engine at slow idle speed without load for five minutes.
- 5. Stop the engine. Remove the key from the key switch.
- 6. Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position.

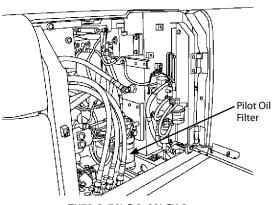


CAUTION: The hydraulic oil tank is pressurized. Push the pressure release button on the air breather before removing the air breather.

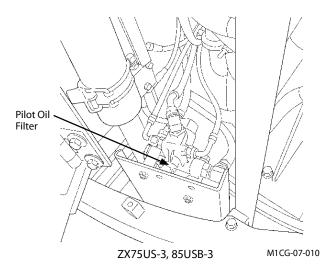
- 7. Remove the filter cartridges of pilot oil filter (2) by turning it counterclockwise with the filter wrench.
- 8. Clean the filter O-ring contact area on filter head (1).
- 9. Apply a thin film of clean oil to the gasket of new filter (2).
- 10. Install new filter (2). Turn the filter cartridge clockwise by hand until the O-ring touches the contact area. Be sure not to damage the O-ring when installing filter (2).

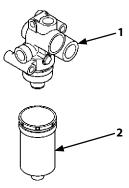
IMPORTANT: Do not re-use the filter cartridge.











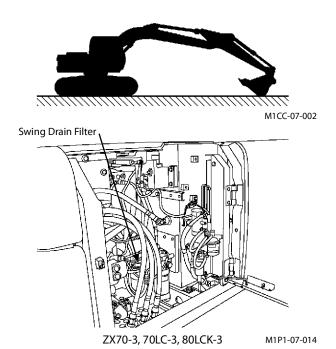
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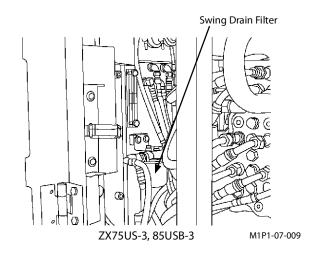
Replace Swing Drain Filter Element --- every 5000 hours



CAUTION: Hot hydraulic oil may spout immediately after operation, possibly causing severe burns. Be sure to wait for the oil and components to cool before starting any maintenance and inspection work.

- 1. Park the machine on solid and level ground with the bucket cylinder fully extended, the arm cylinder fully retracted, and the bucket and the blade (optional) lowered to the ground as illustrated to the right. Stop the engine.
- 2. Be sure to bleed air from the hydraulic oil tank by pressing the air vent valve on the top of the hydraulic oil tank before replacing the element.
- 3. Using a filter wrench, turn cartridge type element (swing drain filter) counterclockwise to remove the element.
- 4. Coat a new cartridge gasket with hydraulic oil. Turn the cartridge clockwise until the gasket comes in contact with the sealing surface.
- 5. Tighten the cartridge further by 1-1/4 turns using the filter wrench. Take care not to overly tighten the cartridge. Tightening Torque: 8.0 to 10.0 N·m (0.8 to 1 kgf·m)
- 6. Always beware not to allow water and/or dust to enter the filter.
- 7. After replacing the filter, bleed air from the pump and check the oil level in the hydraulic oil tank. (Refer to the description on "Bleed Air from Hydraulic System" in (3).) If the machine is operated with air mixed in the circuit, damage to the pump may result.
- 8. Replace the elements at the regular intervals to maintain the cleanliness of hydraulic oil and to extend the service life of the hydraulic components.





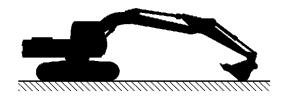
Replace Air Breather Element --- every 5000 hours



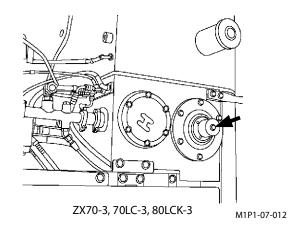
CAUTION: Hydraulic oil may be hot just after operation. Hot hydraulic oil may spout, possibly causing severe burns. Be sure to wait for oil to cool before starting work.

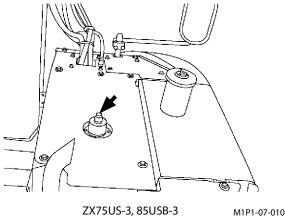
Replacement Procedures

- 1. Park the machine on solid and level ground. Fully extend the bucket cylinder, fully retract the arm cylinder, and lower the bucket to the ground as illustrated to the right. Stop the engine.
- 2. Before replacing element (3), be sure to bleed air pressure from the hydraulic oil tank by pressing the air bleed valve on the hydraulic oil tank.
- 3. Turn cover (2) clockwise about 1/4 turn. Turn cap (1) counterclockwise to remove it.
- 4. Turn cover (2) counterclockwise to remove it. Then, remove element (3).
- 5. Install new element (3). Tighten to install cover (2) until cover (2) comes in contact with element (3). Then, further tighten cover (2) 1/4 turn.
- 6. Securely tighten cap (1) clockwise by hand. While holding cap (1) by hand so that cap (1) does not rotate, securely tighten cover (2) by rotating counterclockwise 5 to 10° by hand.
- 7. Take care never to allow water and/or contaminant to stay between cover (2) and body (4) (air breathing port).
- 8. Replace element (3) periodically to keep hydraulic oil clean and to extend hydraulic components service life.

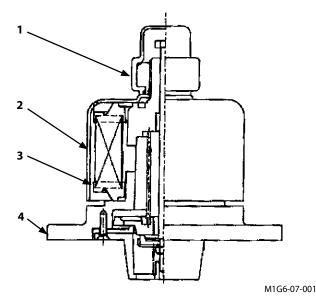


M104-07-021





M1P1-07-010



Check Hoses and Lines

- --- daily
- --- every 250 hours



A CAUTION: Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.

To avoid this hazard, search for leaks with a piece of cardboard.

Take care to protect hands and body from high-pressure fluids.

If an accident occurs, see a doctor familiar with this type of injury immediately.

Any fluid injected into the skin must be surgically removed within a few hours or gangrene may result.



CAUTION: Hydraulic oil and lubricant leaks can lead to fire that may result in serious injury.

To avoid this hazard:

- · Park the machine on a firm, level surface. Lower the bucket to the ground. Stop the engine. Remove key from the key switch. Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position.
- · Check for missing or loose clamps, kinked hoses, lines or hoses that rub against each other, damaged oil cooler, and loose oil cooler flange bolts, for leaks.

Check hoses, lines and oil cooler at the check points indicated below for leaks and other damage that may result in future leaks.

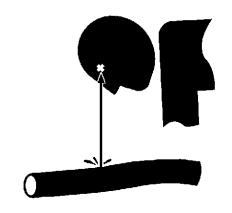
If any abnormalities are found, replace or retighten them, as shown in Tables 1-3.

• Tighten, repair or replace any missing, loose or damaged clamps, hoses, lines, oil cooler, and loose oil cooler flange bolts.

Do not bend or strike high-pressure lines. Never install bent or damaged hoses or lines.



SA-031



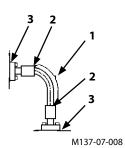
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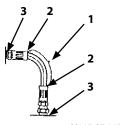


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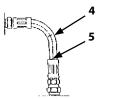
Table 1. Hoses

Interval (hours)	Check Points	Abnormalities	Remedies	
Daily	Hose covers	Leak (1)	Replace	
	Hose ends	Leak (2)	Replace	
	Fittings	Leak (3)	Retighten or replace	
			hose or O-ring	
Every 250	Hose covers	Crack (4)	Replace	
hours	Hose ends	Crack (5)	Replace	
	Hose covers	Exposed reinforcement (6)	Replace	
	Hose covers	Blister (7)	Replace	
	riose covers	Blistel (7)	Replace	
	Hose	Bend (8)	Replace	
	Hose	Collapse (9)	Replace (Use proper bend radius)	
	Hose ends and	Deformation or	Replace	
	fittings	Corrosion (10)		
NOTE: Refer to the illustrations in Fig.1 for each check point location or for a description of the abnormality. Use genuine Hitachi parts.				

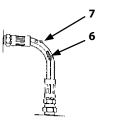




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M115-07-147



M115-07-148

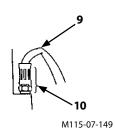
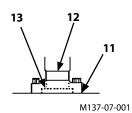
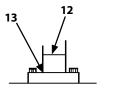


Fig.1

Table 2. Lines

Interval (hours)	Check Points	Abnormalities	Remedies		
Daily	Contact surfaces of flange joints	Leak (11)	Replace O-ring and/or retighten bolts		
	Welded surfaces on joints	Leak (12)	Replace		
Every 250 hours	Joint neck	Crack (13)	Replace		
	Welded surfaces on joints	Crack (12)	Replace		
	Clamps	Missing	Replace		
		Deformation	Replace		
		Loose	Retighten		
NOTE: Refer to the illustrations in Fig.2 for each check point location or for a description of the abnormality. Use genuine Hitachi parts.					



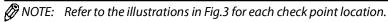


M137-07-007

Fig.2

Table 3. Oil cooler

Interval (hours)	Check Points	Abnormalities	Remedies
Every 250 hours	Coupling and rubber hose Oil cooler	Leak (14) Leak (15)	Replace Retighten or
_			replace



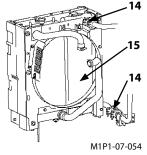


Fig.3

SERVICE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR HYDRAULIC FITTINGS

Two hydraulic fitting designs are used on this machine.

Flat Face O-ring Seal Fitting (ORS Fitting)

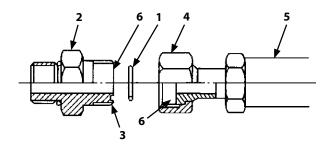
An O-ring is used on the sealing surfaces to prevent oil leakage.

- 1. Inspect fitting sealing surfaces (6). They must be free of dirt or defects.
- 2. Replace O-ring (1) with a new one when assembling fittings.
- 3. Lubricate O-ring (1) and install it into groove (3) using petroleum jelly to hold it in place.
- 4. Tighten fitting (2) by hand, pressing the fitting joint together to ensure O-ring (1) remains in place and is not damaged.
- 5. Tighten fitting (2) or nut (4) to the torque values shown. Do not allow hose (5) to twist when tightening fittings.
- 6. Check for leaks. If oil leaks from a loose connection, do not tighten fitting (2). Open the connection, replace O-ring (1) and check for correct O-ring position before tightening the connection.

Torque specifications

±10%

- 1					
Width across flat	27	32	36	41,46	
Fastening torque	N⋅m	95	140	180	210
	(kgf·m)	(9.5)	(14)	(18)	(21)
	(lbf·ft)	(69)	(101)	(130)	(152)



M104-07-033

Metal Face Seal Fittings

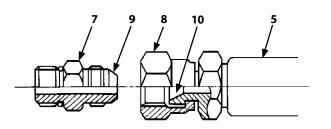
Fittings are used on smaller hoses and consist of a metal flare (10) and a metal flare seat (9).

1. Inspect flare (10) and flare seat (9). They must be free of dirt or obvious defects.

IMPORTANT: Defects in the tube flare cannot be repaired. Overtightening a defective flare fitting will not stop a leak.

- 2. Tighten fitting (7) by hand.
- 3. Tighten fitting (7) or nut (8) to the torque values shown. Do not allow hose (5) to twist when tightening fittings.

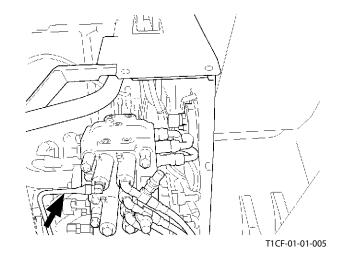
Width across flats (mm)		17	19	22	27
Factoriae	N⋅m	25	30	40	95
Fastening torque	(kgf·m)	(2.5)	(3)	(4)	(9.5)
	(lbf·ft)	(18)	(22)	(29)	(69)



M202-07-051

Pilot Piping Fittings (For shuttle valve)

Width across fla	19	
Fastening torque	N⋅m	35
	(kgf·m)	(3.5)
	(lbf·ft)	(25)



E. FUEL SYSTEM

Recommended Fuel

Use high quality DIESEL FUEL only (JIS K-2204) (ASTM 2-D). Kerosene must NOT be used.

Refueling

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface.
- 2. Lower the bucket to the ground.
- 3. Turn the auto-idle switch off.

IMPORTANT: The turbocharger may be damaged if the engine is not properly shut down.

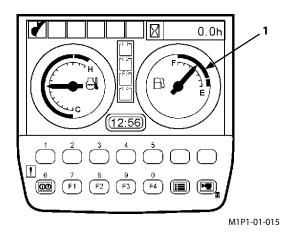
- 4. Run the engine at slow idle speed without load for five minutes.
- 5. Stop the engine. Remove the key from the key switch.
- 6. Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position.

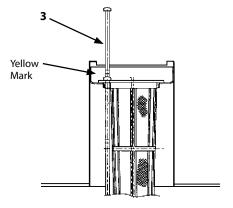


CAUTION: Handle fuel carefully. Shut the engine off before fueling. Do not smoke while you fill the fuel tank or work on fuel system.

7. Check fuel level gauge (3) or fuel gauge (1) of the monitor panel. Add fuel if necessary.

IMPORTANT: Keep all dirt, dust, water and other foreign materials out of the fuel system.



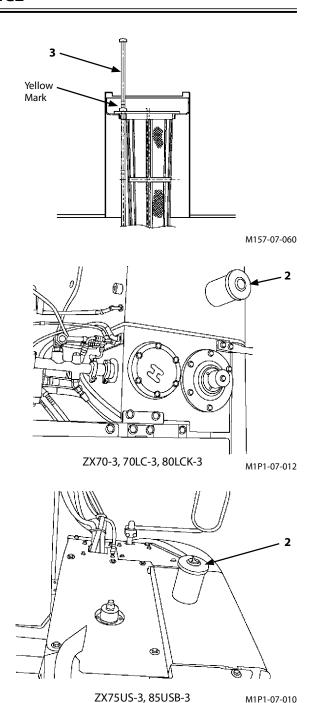


M157-07-060

- 8. To avoid condensation, fill the tank at the end of each day's operation. Take care not to spill fuel on the machine or ground. Fuel tank capacity is 135 liters (35.7 US gal). Do not fill the tank more than specified. Stop filling when a yellow mark on fuel level gauge (3) becomes visible. Be sure to position the fuel service nozzle so that any part of the nozzle does not obstruct rising of float-type fuel level gauge (3).
- 9. Reinstall filler cap (2) on the filler tube. Be sure to lock filler cap (2) with the key to prevent cap (2) from being lost as well as to prevent vandalism.

IMPORTANT: Take precautions for Fueling with Automatic Fueling Device (Optional).

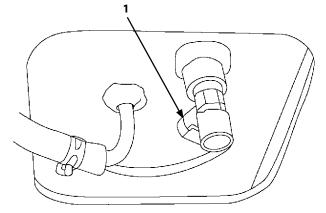
> Avoid overfilling. Never fail to remove filler cap (2) when refueling with the automatic fueling device and be sure to stop fueling when the yellow mark on the float becomes visible.



M1P1-07-010

1 Drain Fuel Tank Sump --- daily

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface with the upperstructure rotated 90 ° for easier access.
- 2. Lower the bucket to the ground.
- 3. Turn the auto-idle switch off.
- 4. Run the engine at slow idle speed without load for five minutes.
- 5. Turn the key switch OFF. Remove the key from the key switch.
- 6. Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position.
- 7. Open drain cock (1) for several seconds to drain water and sediment. Close drain cock (1).



M1P1-07-016

2 Check Water Separator --- every 50 hours

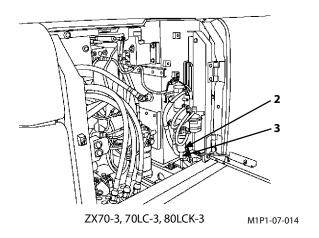
Water separator (2) is a device to separate water from the fuel. The float inside the case will be raised when water is present. After the float is raised up to the water drain level marked on the outer diameter of the case, be sure to drain the water.

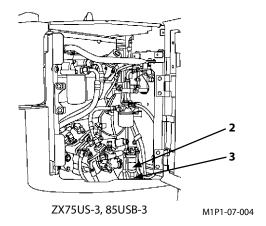
Draining Procedures

- 1. Loosen cock (3) on the bottom of water separator (2) to drain the water deposited from the inside.
- 2. After drainage is complete, be sure to tighten cock (3).

IMPORTANT: After draining water mixed in the fuel, bleed air from the fuel system. (Refer to the descriptions on the Bleed Air from Fuel System.)

In case the fuel containing more water than usual is used, drain water by checking water separator (2) at shorter intervals.





Air Bleeding Procedures

IMPORTANT: Air in the fuel system may make the engine hard to start or make it run irregularly. After draining water and sediment from the water separator, replacing fuel filter (5), cleaning the feed pump strainer or running the fuel tank dry, be sure to bleed the air from the fuel system.

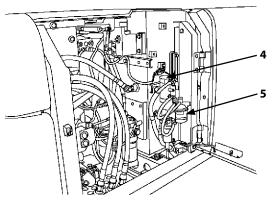
This machine is equipped with fuel solenoid pump (4).

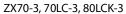


CAUTION: Fuel leaks may lead to fires.

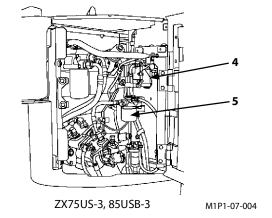
- 1. Turn the key switch to the ON position and wait for approximately 1 minute.
- 2. Start the engine. Check the fuel system for oil leaks.

IMPORTANT: Even if air is not thoroughly bled, do not hold the key switch in the ON position for more than 5 minutes. In case air is not thoroughly bled, first return the key switch to the OFF position. Then, after waiting for more than 30 seconds, turn the key switch ON again. Failure to do so may cause damage to the electrical pump and/or discharging the batteries.





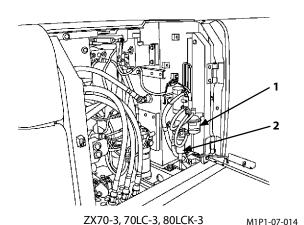
M1P1-07-014

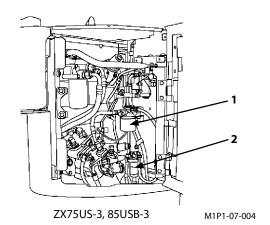


Replace Fuel Filter Element --- every 500 hours

IMPORTANT: Be sure to use only genuine Hitachi elements for fuel filter element (1). Failure to do so may deteriorate the engine performance and/or shorten the engine service life. Please be noted that all engine failures caused by using other manufacturers' elements are excluded from Hitachi Warranty Policy.

- 1. Rotate the lever on the top of water separator (2) counterclockwise.
- For safety and to protect the environment, always use proper containers when draining fuel. Do not pour fuel onto the ground, down a drain or into a stream, pond or lake. Dispose of waste fuel properly.
- 3. Remove fuel filter (1) using the filter wrench.
- 4. Apply a thin film of clean fuel to the gasket of new fuel filter (1).
- 5. Tighten fuel filter (1) by hand until the gasket makes contact with the sealing surface.
- 6. Using the filter wrench, tighten fuel filter (1) about 2/3 turn more. Do not overtighten fuel filter (1).
- 7. After replacing fuel filter (1), bleed air from the fuel system





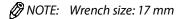
4 Clean Fuel Solenoid Pump Strainer --- every 500 hours

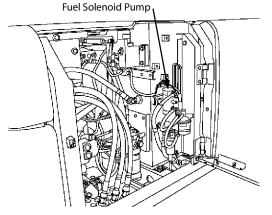
Cleaning

When the strainer is disassembled, be sure to replace the gasket. Install the cover and the magnet only after sufficiently cleaning them. After being assembled, closely check the air-tightness of the strainer.

Disassembling/Assembling

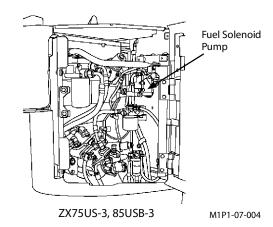
To remove cover (1), loosen with a spanner. After cover (1) is removed, gasket (2), strainer (3), and gasket (4) are easily removed in order. Wash removed strainer (3) with light oil. Install strainer (3) in the reverse order of disassembling. At that time, install gasket (2) into cover (1) first. Then, securely tighten cover (1) to pump (5) using a spanner.

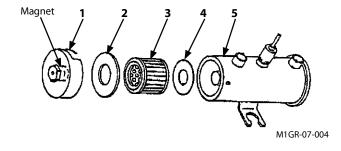


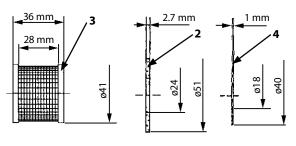




M1P1-07-014







M1U1-07-006

- 5 Check Fuel Hoses
 - --- daily
 - --- every 250 hours



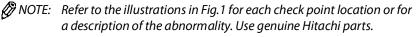
CAUTION: Fuel leaks can lead to fires that may result in serious injury.

To avoid this hazard:

- 1. Park the machine on a firm, level surface. Lower the bucket to the ground. Stop the engine. Remove the key from the key switch. Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position.
- Check for kinked hoses, and hoses that rub against each other parts for leaks.
 Check hoses at the check points indicated below for leaks and other damage that may result in future leaks. If any abnormalities are found, replace or retighten them, as shown in Table 4.
- 3. Repair or replace any loose or damaged hoses. Never install bent or damaged hoses.

Table 4. Hoses

Interval (hours)	Check Points	Abnormalities	Remedies
Daily	Hose ends	Leak (1)	Retighten or
			replace
	Soutache braid	Friction (2)	Replace
	hose	Crack (2)	Replace
Every 250 hours	Soutache braid hose	Crack (3)	Replace
	Hose ends	Crack (4)	Replace
	Hose	Bend (5)	Replace
	Hose	Collapse (6)	Replace (Use proper bend radius)
	Hose ends and fittings	Deformation or Corrosion (7)	Replace



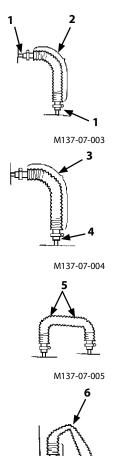


Fig. 1

M137-07-006

F. AIR CLEANER

- 1 Clean the Air Cleaner Outer Element
 --- every 250 hours or when the restriction indicator comes ON
- Replace the Air Cleaner Outer and Inner Elements
 - --- after cleaning 6 times or after one year
 - 1. Park the machine on a level surface.
 - 2. Lower the bucket to the ground.
 - 3. Turn the auto-idle switch off.

IMPORTANT: The turbocharger may be damaged if the engine is not properly shut down.

- 4. Run the engine at slow idle speed without load for five minutes.
- 5. Stop the engine. Remove the key from the key switch.
- 6. Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position.
- 7. Loosen clamps (2) to remove the cover.

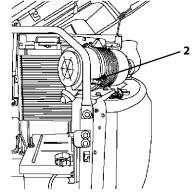
IMPORTANT: Do not install element (1) and/or the cover forcibly when installing clamps (2). Failure to do so may result in deformation of clamps (2), element (1), and/or cover.

- 8. Remove outer element (1).
- 9. Tap outer element (1) with the palm of your hand, NOT ON A HARD SURFACE.



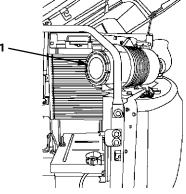
CAUTION: Use reduced compressed air pressure. (Less than 0.2 MPa, 2 kgf/cm²). Clear area of bystanders, guard against flying chips, and wear personal protection equipment including goggles or safety glasses.

- 10. Clean outer element (1) using compressed air. Direct the air to the inside of the filter element, blowing out.
- 11. Clean the filter interior before installing outer element (1).
- 12. Install outer element (1).
- 13. Install cover and tighten clamps (2).
- 14. Start the engine and run at slow idle.
- 15. Check the air filter restriction indicator on the monitor panel. If the air filter restriction indicator comes ON, stop the engine and replace outer element (1).



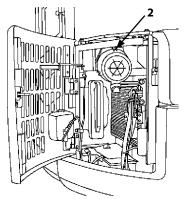
ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 80LCK-3

M1P1-07-034



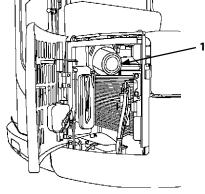
ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 80LCK-3

M1P1-07-033



ZX75US-3, 85USB-3

M1P1-07-001

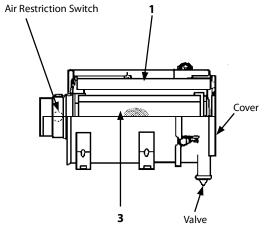


ZX75US-3, 85USB-3

M1P1-07-002

16. When replacing the air cleaner filter element, replace both outer (1) and inner (3) elements together. Remove outer element (1). Clean the filter interior before removing inner element (3). Remove inner element (3). First install inner element (3) and then install outer element (1).

IMPORTANT: Do not reuse inner element (3). Always replace the new one.



M157-07-061

G. COOLING SYSTEM

Coolant

Fill the radiator with soft, pure tap or bottled water.

Anti-rust agent

Add approximately 0.20 L (0.21 US qt) of anti-rust agent to the new coolant when the coolant is changed. It is not necessary to add anti-rust agent when antifreeze is used.

Antifreeze

If the air temperature is expected to fall below $0 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ (32 $^{\circ}\text{F}$), fill the cooling system with an antifreeze and soft water mix. As a general rule, the ratio of antifreeze should range between 30% and 60% as shown in the table below. If the ratio is below 30%, the system may develop rust, and if it is above 60%, the engine may overheat.

Antifreeze Mixing Table

Air temperature Mixir		Missing ratio	Refill capacities				
		Mixing ratio	Antifreezes		Soft Water		
°C	۰F	%	liters	US qt	liters	US qt	
-1	30	30	3.0	3.2	7.0	7.4	
-4	25	30	3.0	3.2	7.0	7.4	
-7	19	30	3.0	3.2	7.0	7.4	
-11	12	30	3.0	3.2	7.0	7.4	
-15	5	35	3.5	3.7	6.5	6.9	
-20	-4	40	4.0	4.2	6.0	6.3	
-25	-13	45	4.5	4.8	5.5	5.8	
-30	-22	50	5.0	5.3	5.0	5.3	



CAUTION:

- Antifreeze is poisonous; if ingested, it can cause serious injury or death. Induce vomiting and get emergency medical attention immediately.
- When storing antifreeze, be sure to keep it in a clearly marked container with a tight lid. Always keep antifreeze out of the reach of children.
- If antifreeze is accidentally splashed into eyes, flush with water for 10 to 15 minutes and get emergency medical attention.
- When storing or disposing of antifreeze, be sure to comply with all local regulations.

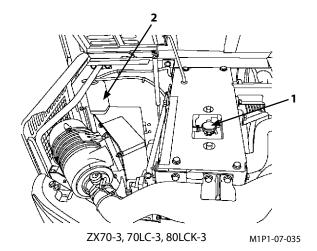
1

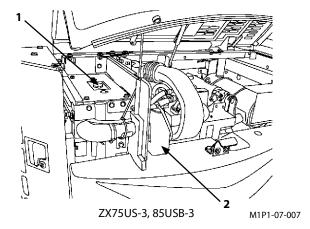
Check Coolant Level --- daily



CAUTION: Do not loosen radiator filler cap (1) unless the system is cool. Loosen cap (1) slowly to the stop. Release all pressure before removing cap. (1)

With the engine cold, the coolant level must be between the FULL and LOW marks on coolant reservoir (2). If the coolant level is below the low mark, add coolant to coolant reservoir (2). If coolant reservoir (2) is empty, add coolant to the radiator and then to coolant reservoir (2).





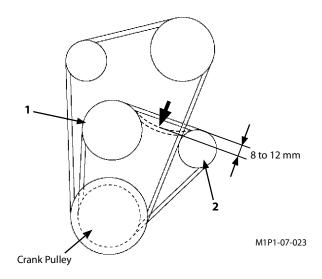
2 Check and Adjust Fan Belt Tension
--- every 100 hours (first time after 50 hours)

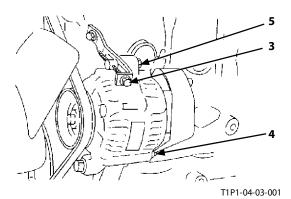
IMPORTANT: Loose fan belt may result in insufficient battery charging, engine overheating as well as a rapid, abnormal belt wear. Belts that are too tight, however, can damage both bearings and belts.

Visually check the belt for wear. Replace if necessary. Check fan belt tension by depressing the midpoint between fan pulley (1) and alternator pulley (2) with the thumb. Deflection must be 8 to 12 mm (0.32 to 0.47 in) with a depressing force of approximately 98 N (10 kgf, 22 lbf).

If tension is not within specifications, loosen nuts (4) and (5) for the adjusting plate and alternator bracket. Move the alternator by adjusting bolt (3) until tension is correct. Tighten nuts (4) and (5).

IMPORTANT: When a new belt is installed, be sure to readjust the tension after operating the engine for 3 to 5 minutes at slow idle speed to be sure that the new belt is seated correctly.





Change Coolant

--- twice a year (in spring and autumn)

Clean Radiator Interior --- when changing coolant

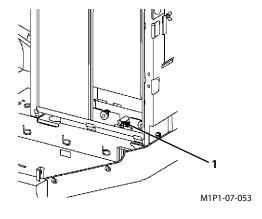
NOTE: Before leaving the Hitachi Factory, the cooling system is filled with a mixture of water and Genuine Hitachi Long-Life Coolant.

> As long as Genuine Hitachi Long-Life Coolant is used, the service intervals between changing the coolant is once every two years, or every 4000 hours, whichever comes first.

CAUTION: Do not loosen the radiator cap until the system is cool. Loosen the cap slowly to the stop. Release all pressure before removing the cap.

IMPORTANT: Use fresh water or normal tap water as a coolant. Do not use strong acid or alkaline water. Use the coolant with genuine Hitachi Long-Life Coolant (LLC) mixed by 30 to 50 %.

- 1. Remove the radiator front screen. Remove the radiator cap. Open drain cock (1) on the radiator and engine block to allow the coolant to drain completely.
- 2. Close drain cock (1). Fill the radiator with tap water and a radiator cleaner agent. Start the engine and run at a speed slightly higher than slow idle; when the needle of the temperature gauge reaches the green zone, run the engine for about ten more minutes.
- 3. Stop the engine and open drain cock (1). Flush out the cooling system with tap water, until draining water is clear. This helps remove rust and sediment.
- 4. Close drain cock (1). Fill the radiator with tap water and an anti-rust agent or antifreeze at the specified mixing ratio. When adding coolant, do so slowly to avoid mixing air bubbles in the system.
- 5. Run the engine to sufficiently bleed the air from the cooling system.
- 6. After adding coolant, operate the engine for several minutes. Check the coolant level again, and add coolant if necessary.



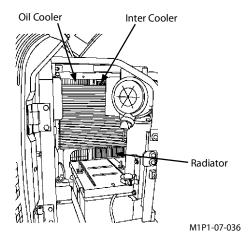
- Clean Radiator, Oil Cooler and Inter Cooler Core Outside --- every 500 hours
- 6 Clean Oil Cooler, Radiator and Inter Cooler Front Screen
 - --- every 500 hours
- 7 Clean Air Conditioner Condenser --- every 500 hours

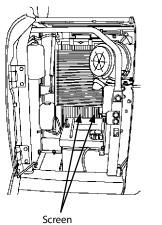
A

CAUTION: Use reduced compressed air pressure (Less than 0.2 MPa, 2 kgf/cm², 29 psi) for cleaning purposes. Clear the area of bystanders, guard against flying chips, and wear personal protection equipment including eye protection.

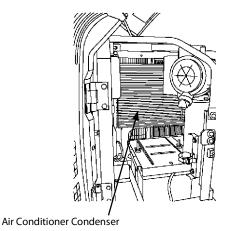
IMPORTANT: When operating the machine in a dusty environment, check the screen every day for dirt and clogging. If clogged, remove, clean and reinstall the screen.

- 1. Open the radiator access door and hood.
- 2. Clean the air conditioner condenser.
- 3. Remove the oil cooler front screen and clean it.
- 4. Clean both the radiator and oil cooler using compressed air (Less than 0.2 MPa, 2 kgf/cm², 29 psi) or water.





M1P1-07-037



M1P1-07-036

H. ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

IMPORTANT: Improper radio communication equipment and associated parts, and/or improper installation of radio communication equipment effects the machine's electronic parts, causing involuntary movement of the machine.

> Also, improper installation of electrical equipment's may cause machine failure and/ or a fire on the machine.

Be sure to consult your authorized dealer when installing a radio communication equipment or additional electrical parts, or when replacing electrical parts.

Never attempt to disassemble or modify the electrical/electronic components. If replacement or modification of such components is required, contact your authorized dealer.

BATTERIES



WARNING: Battery gas can explode. Keep sparks and flames away from batteries. Use a flashlight to check the battery electrolyte level.

Do not continue to use or charge the battery when electrolyte level is lower than specified. Explosion of the battery may result.

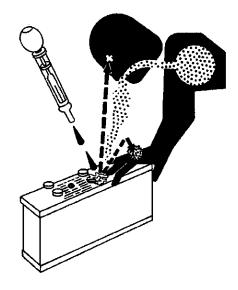
Sulfuric acid in battery electrolyte is poisonous. It is strong enough to burn skin, eat holes in clothing, and cause blindness if splashed into the eyes.

Avoid hazard by:

- 1. Filling batteries in a well-ventilated area.
- 2. Wearing eye protection and rubber gloves.
- 3. Avoiding breathing fumes when electrolyte is added.
- 4. Avoiding spilling or dripping electrolyte.
- 5. Using proper booster battery starting procedures.

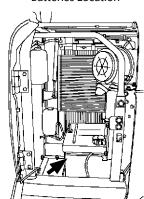
If you spill acid on yourself:

- 1. Flush your skin with water.
- 2. Apply baking soda or lime to help neutralize the acid.
- 3. If splashed in eyes, flush with water for 10 to 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.



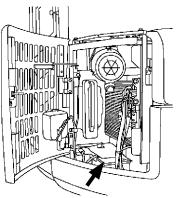
SA-036

Batteries Location



ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 80LCK-3

M1P1-07-037



ZX75US-3, 85USB-3

M1P1-07-001

If acid is swallowed:

- 1. Drink large amounts of water or milk.
- 2. Then drink milk of magnesia, beaten eggs, or vegetable oil.
- 3. Get medical attention immediately.

IMPORTANT: Add water to batteries in freezing weather before you begin operating your machine for the day, or else charge the batteries.

IMPORTANT: If the battery is used with the electrolyte level lower than the specified lower level, the battery may deteriorate quickly.

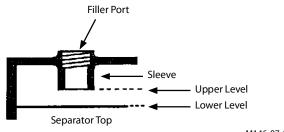
IMPORTANT: Do not refill electrolyte more than the specified upper level. Electrolyte may spill, damaging the painted surfaces and/or corroding other machine parts.

NOTE: In case electrolyte is refilled more than the specified upper level line or beyond the bottom end of the sleeve, remove the excess electrolyte until the electrolyte level is down to the bottom end of the sleeve using a pipette. After neutralizing the removed electrolyte with sodium bicarbonate, flush it with plenty of water, otherwise, consult the battery manufacturer.

Electrolyte Level Check --- every one month

- 1. Check the electrolyte level at least once a month.
- 2. Park the machine on level ground and stop the engine.
- 3. Check the electrolyte level.
- 3.1 When checking the level from the battery side:
 Clean around the level check lines with a wet towel.
 Do not use a dry towel. Static electricity may be developed, causing the battery gas to explode. Check if the electrolyte level is between U.L (Upper Level) and L.L (Lower Level). In case the electrolyte level is lower than the middle level between the U.L and L.L, immediately refill distilled water or commercial battery fluid. Be sure to refill with distilled water before recharging (operating the machine). After refilling, securely tighten the filler plug.
- 3.2 When impossible to check the level from the battery side or no level check mark is indicated on the side: After removing the filler plug from the top of the battery. Check the electrolyte level by viewing through the filler port. It is difficult to judge the accurate electrolyte level in this case. Therefore, when the electrolyte level is flush with the U.L, the level is judged to be proper. Then, referring to the right illustrations, check the level. When the electrolyte level is lower than the bottom end of the sleeve, refill with distilled water or commercial battery fluid up to the bottom end of the sleeve. Be sure to refill with distilled water before recharging (operating the machine). After refilling, securely tighten the filler plug.
- 3.3 When an indicator is available to check the level, follow its check result.
- Always keep around the battery terminals clean to prevent battery discharge. Check terminals for loose and/or rust. Coat terminals with grease or petroleum jelly to prevent corrosion build up.





M146-07-110

Proper

Since the electrolyte surface touches the bottom end of the sleeve, the electrolyte surface is raised due to surface tension so that the electrode ends are seen curved.

M146-07-111

Lower

When the electrolyte surface is lower than the bottom end of the sleeve, the electrode ends are seen straight.

M146-07-112



M409-07-072

Check electrolyte specific gravity --- every one month



WARNING: Battery gas can explode. Keep sparks and flames away from batteries. Use a flashlight to check the battery electrolyte level.

Sulfuric acid in battery electrolyte is poisonous. It is strong enough to burn skin, eat holes in clothing, and cause blindness if splashed into the eyes.

Never check the battery charge by placing a metal object across the posts. Use a voltmeter or hydrometer.

Always remove the grounded (–) battery clamp first and replace it last.

Avoid hazard by:

- 1. Filling batteries in a well-ventilated area.
- 2. Wearing eye protection and rubber gloves.
- Avoiding breathing fumes when electrolyte is added.
- 4. Avoiding spilling or dripping electrolyte.
- 5. Using proper booster battery starting procedures.

If you spill acid on yourself:

- 1. Flush your skin with water.
- 2. Apply baking soda or lime to help neutralize the acid.
- 3. If splashed in eyes, flush with water for 10 to 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

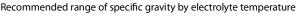
If acid is swallowed:

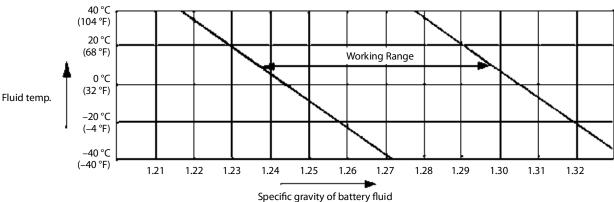
- 1. Drink large amounts of water or milk.
- 2. Then drink milk of magnesia, beaten eggs, or vegetable oil.
- 3. Get medical attention immediately.

IMPORTANT: Check the specific gravity of the electrolyte after it is cooled, not immediately after operation.

Check the electrolyte specific gravity in each battery cell.

The lowest limit of the specific gravity for the electrolyte varies depending on electrolyte temperature. The specific gravity should be kept within the range shown below. Charge the battery if the specific gravity is below the limit.





M104-07-054

REPLACE BATTERIES

Your machine has two 12-volt batteries with negative (–) ground.

If one battery in a 24-volt system has failed but the other is still good, replace the failed battery with one of the same type. For example, replace a failed maintenance-free battery with a new maintenance-free battery. Different types of batteries may have different rates of charge. This difference could overload one of the batteries and cause it to fail.

Remove and Installing Battery



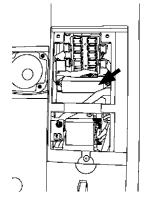
CAUTION: When removing the battery disconnect the negative (–) terminal (ground) first, while taking care not to cause a short circuit. When installing the battery, connect the positive (+) terminal before connecting the negative (–) terminal.

REPLACING FUSES

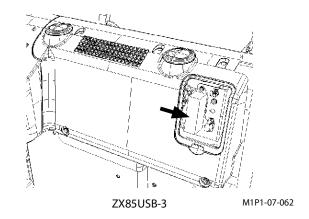
If any electrical equipment fails to operate, first check the fuses. Fuse box is located behind the operator's seat. A fuse location/specification decal is attached to the fuse box cover. Remove the fuse box cover by lifting it upward. Spare fuses are located on the underside of the cover.

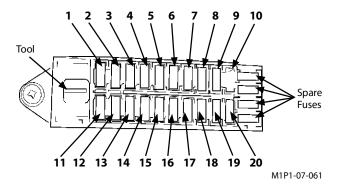
IMPORTANT: Be sure to install fuses with correct amperage ratings to prevent electrical system damage due to overload.

10-	CONTROLLER 5A	20-	OPTION3 (BATT) 5A
9-	BACKUP 10A	19-	SW. BOX 5A
8-	ECF 5A	18-	POWER ON 5A
7-	EC MOTOR 10A	17-	AIRCON. 5A
6-	OPTION2 (ALT) 10A	16-	GLOW EGR 5A
5-	OPTION1 (ALT) 5A	15-	AUX. 10A
4-	SOLENOID 10A	14-	FUEL PUMP 5A
3-	HEATER 20A	13-	LIGHTER 10A
2-	WIPER 10A	12-	ROOM LAMP/RADIO 5A
1-	LAMP 20A	11-	HORN 10A



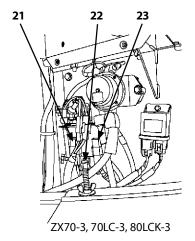
ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3 M1P1-07-025



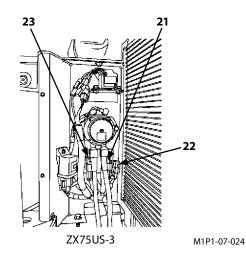


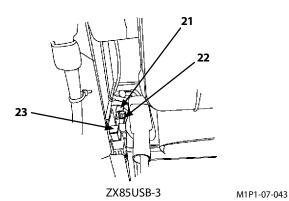
Fusible Link (Main Fuse)
 In case the starter would not rotate even if the key switch is turned to the START position, fusible link may be the cause of the trouble. Remove the cover next to the engine coolant reservoir to check the fuse. Replace it if blown.

21- Red 45A22- Brown 25A22- Black 65A



M1P1-07-038





ADDITIONAL FUSE BOX (Optional)

30- SPARE	40- SPARE

29- SPARE 39- SPARE

28- SPARE 38- SPARE

27- AUX. 3 37- SPARE 5A

26- QUICK HITCH 36- SPARE 5A

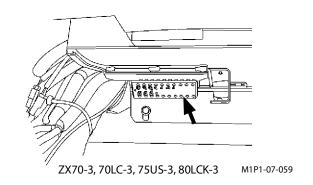
25- IMOBI. 35- SPARE 5A

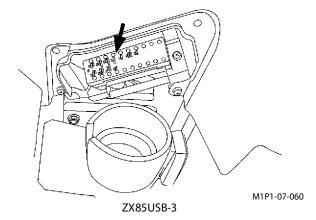
24- 12V UNIT 34- AUX. 2 10A 10A

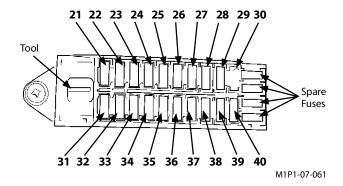
23- CAB LAMP REAR 33- WARNING LAMP 10A 10A

22- CAB LAMP FRONT 32- CAB LAMP FRONT +2 10A 10A

21- SEAT HEATER 31- SEAT COMPR 10A 10A







I. MISCELLANEOUS

1

Check Bucket Teeth --- daily

Check the bucket teeth for wear and looseness

Replace teeth (1) if tooth wear exceeds the designated service limit shown below.

Dimension A in mm (in)

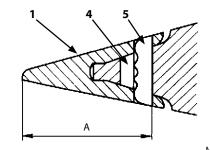
New	Limit of Use
156 (6.1)	80 (3.1)

Replacing procedure

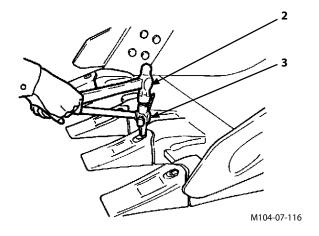


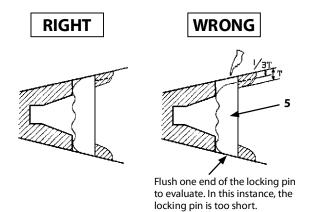
CAUTION: Guard against injury from flying pieces of metal. Wear goggles or safety glasses, and safety equipment appropriate to the job.

- 1. Use hammer (2) and drift (3) to drive out locking pin (5). Be careful not to damage rubber pin lock (4) while removing locking pin (5).
- 2. Remove tooth (1). Inspect locking pin (5) and rubber pin lock (4) for damage, replace if necessary. Short locking pins (5) and damaged rubber pin locks (4) must be replaced with new ones.

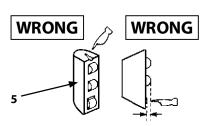


M104-07-056



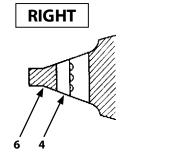


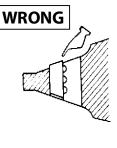
M104-07-118 M104-07-058

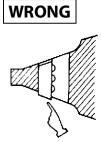


M104-07-059

- 3. Clean shank (6) surface.
- 4. Install rubber pin lock (4) into shank (6) hole as shown.

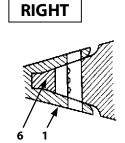


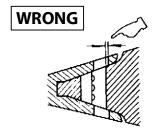




M104-07-060

5. Position new tooth (1) over shank (6).

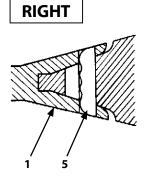


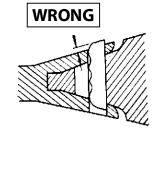




M104-07-061

6. Drive locking pin (5) fully into the hole as shown.





M104-07-062

IMPORTANT: Check the bucket teeth periodically to ensure that wear does not exceed the designed service limit.

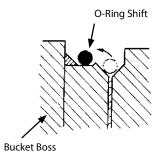
2

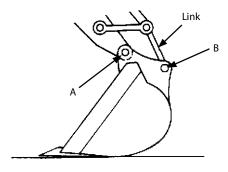
Change Bucket



CAUTION: When driving the connecting pins in or out, guard against injury from flying pieces of metal or debris; wear goggles or safety glasses, and safety equipment appropriate to the job.

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface. Lower the bucket to the ground and position it with the flat surface resting on the ground. Be sure the bucket will not roll when the pins are removed.
- 2. Slide the O-rings out of the way, as shown.
- 3. Remove bucket pins A and B to separate the arm and bucket. Clean the pins and pin bores. Apply sufficient grease to the pins and pin bores.
- 4. Align the arm and alternate bucket. Be sure the bucket will not roll.
- 5. Install bucket pins A and B.
- 6. Install the locking pins and snap rings on pins A and B.
- 7. Adjust bucket linkage clearance for pin A. See adjusting bucket linkage clearance procedure.
- 8. Apply grease to pin joints A and B.
- Start the engine and run at slow idle. Slowly operate the bucket in both directions to check for any interference in bucket movement. Do not operate a machine that has any movement interference. Correct interference problem.





M104-07-063

3

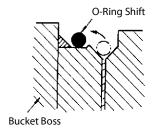
Convert Bucket Connection Into Face Shovel

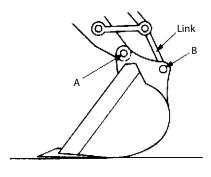


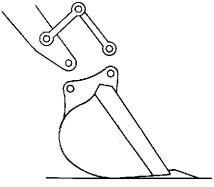
CAUTION: When driving the connecting pins in or out, guard against injury from flying pieces of metal or debris; wear goggles or safety glasses, and safety equipment appropriate to the job.

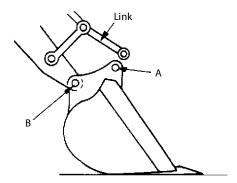
IMPORTANT: Provide ample space for turning the bucket 180°. Before starting converting work, keep bystanders clear of the machine. When using a signal person, coordinate hand signals before starting.

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface. Lower the bucket to the ground and position it with the flat surface resting on the ground. Be sure the bucket will not roll when the pins are removed.
- 2. Slide the O-rings out of the way, as shown.
- 3. Remove bucket pins A and B to separate the arm and bucket. Clean the pins and pin bores. Apply sufficient grease to the pins and pin bores.
- 4. Turn the bucket 180°. Be sure the bucket will not roll.
- Align the arm and bucket. Install bucket pins A and B, then install the locking pins and snap rings on pins A and R
- 6. Apply grease to pin joints A and B.
- Start the engine and run at slow idle. Slowly operate the bucket in both directions and check for any interference in bucket movement. Do not operate a machine that has any movement interference. Correct interference problem.







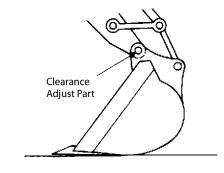


M104-07-064

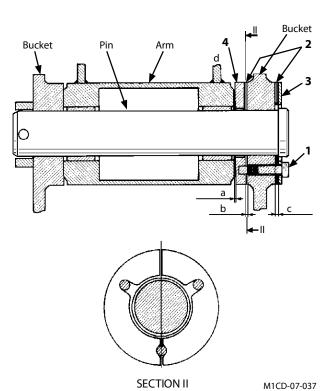
4 Adjust the Bucket Linkage

The machine is provided with a bucket adjustment system to take up play in the linkage. When play in the linkage increases, remove and install shims as follows:

- Park the machine on a level surface. Lower the bucket to the ground with the flat side down so that the bucket will not roll.
- 2. Run the engine at slow idle. With the bucket on the ground, slowly swing counterclockwise slightly until the top of the left bucket boss contacts the arm.
- 3. Stop the engine. Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position.
- NOTE: Bolt (1) does not need to be removed to remove shims (2). Shims (2) are of a split type that can be easily pushed off with a screwdriver after bolts (1) have been loosened.
 - 4. Slightly loosen three (M10) bolts (1) using a 8 mm wrench. Remove all shims (2) from clearance (c) between plate (3) and bucket.
 - 5. Push and hold bolts (1) to remove all clearance (a) between arm and boss (4). Holding boss (4) against arm increases clearance (b). Measure distance (b) using a feeler gauge. This distance should not be adjusted below 0.5 mm (0.02 in).
 - 6. Install as many shims (2) into clearance (b) as possible.
- NOTE: Remaining shims (2) must be installed in clearance (c) to prevent arm end face or bolt damage.
 - 7. Install remaining shims (2) into clearance (c) and tighten bolts (1) to 50 N·m (5 kgf·m, 37 lbf·ft).
- NOTE: The total number of shims (2) used is A. A: 12 (6 pairs)
 - 8. Replace boss (4) if measurement (d) is 5 mm (0.2 in) or less.



M503-07-056



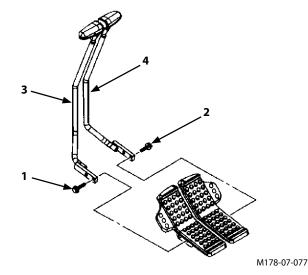
5 Remove the Travel Levers

The travel levers may be removed if desired.

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface.
- 2. Lower the bucket to the ground.
- 3. Turn the auto-idle switch off.
- 4. Turn the key switch OFF. Remove the key from the key switch.
- 5. Pull the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position.
- 6. Remove bolts (1) and (2) to remove levers (3) and (4) from brackets.

NOTE: Wrench size 17 mm

Tightening torque 50 N·m (5 kgf •m, 37 lbf·ft)

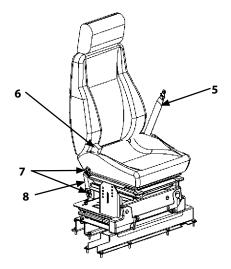


Check and Replace Seat Belt Check --- daily Replace --- every 3 years

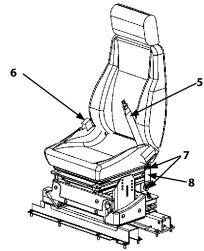
Always maintain seat belt (5) in a functional condition and replace when necessary to ensure proper performance.

Prior to operating the machine, thoroughly examine belt (5), buckle (6) and attaching hardware (7) and tether belt (8). If any item is damaged or materially worn, replace seat belt (5) or component before operating the machine.

We recommend that seat belt (5) be replaced every three years regardless of its apparent condition.



M1U1-07-008



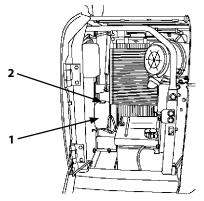
M1U1-07-009

7

Check Windshield Washer Fluid Level --- as required.

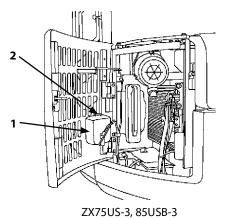
Check fluid in windshield washer tank (1). If the fluid level is low, remove cap (2) and add fluid via the

During winter season, use all season windshield washer which will not freeze.



ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 80LCK-3

M1P1-07-037



M1P1-07-001

Check Track Sag --- every 50 hours

Swing the upperstructure 90° and lower the bucket to raise the track off the ground as shown.

Keep the angle between the boom and arm 90 to 110 $^{\circ}$ and position the bucket's round side on the ground. Place blocks under the machine frame to support the machine. Rotate the raised track in reverse two full rotations and then forward two full rotations.

Measure distance (A) at the middle of the track frame from the bottom of the track frame to the back face of the track shoe.

Track sag specifications --- 210 to 235 mm (8.3 to 9.3 in)

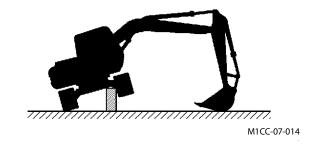


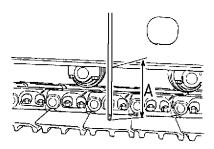
MOTE: Check track sag after thoroughly removing soil stuck on the track area by washing.

Adjust Track Sag

Precautions for Adjusting Track Sag

- 1. If track sag is not within specifications, loosen or tighten the track following the procedures shown on the next page.
- 2. When adjusting track sag, lower the bucket to the ground to raise one track off the ground. Repeat this procedure to raise the other track. Each time, be sure to place blocks under the ma-chine frame to support the machine.
- 3. After adjusting track sag of both tracks, move the machine back and forth several times.
- 4. Check track sag again. If track sag is not within specifications, repeat adjustment until correct sag is obtained.





M102-07-045

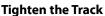
Loosen the Track



CAUTION: Do not loosen valve (1) quickly or loosen it too much as high-pressure grease in the adjusting cylinder may spout out. Loosen carefully, keeping body parts and face away from valve (1). Never loosen grease fitting (2).

IMPORTANT: When gravel or mud is packed between sprockets and track links, remove it before loosening.

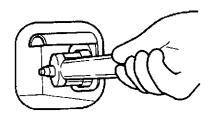
- 1. To loosen the track, slowly turn valve (1) counterclockwise using long socket 19; grease will escape from the grease outlet.
- 2. Between 1 to 1.5 turns of valve (1) is sufficient to loosen the track.
- 3. If grease does not drain smoothly, slowly rotate the raised track.
- 4. When proper track sag is obtained, turn valve (1) clockwise and tighten to 150 N·m (15 kgf·m, 108 lbf·ft).



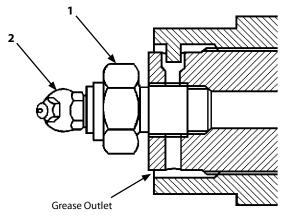


A CAUTION: It is abnormal if the track remains tight after turning valve (1) counterclockwise or if the track is still loose after charging grease to fitting (2). In such cases, NEVER ATTEMPT TO DISASSEMBLE the track or track adjuster, because of dangerous high-pressure grease inside the track adjuster. See your authorized dealer immediately.

To tighten the track, connect a grease gun to grease fitting (2) and add grease until the sag is within specifications.



M107-07-075



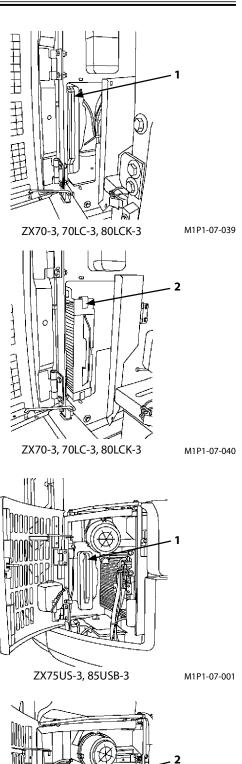
M104-07-119

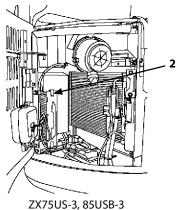
9 Clean and Replace Air Conditioner Filter
Clean Filter
Circulating Air Filter --- every 500 hours
Fresh Air Filter --- every 500 hours

Replace Filter
Circulating Air Filter --- After cleaning 6
times or so
Fresh Air Filter --- After cleaning 6 times or so

Removing Fresh Air Filter

- 1. From the cab outside, pull the upper section of filter cover (1) located at the rear of the cab to remove the cover.
- 2. Pull the grip on fresh air filter (2) through the opening for filter cover (1) to remove fresh air filter (2).





M1P1-07-026

Removing Circulating Air Filter (Outside) (ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3)

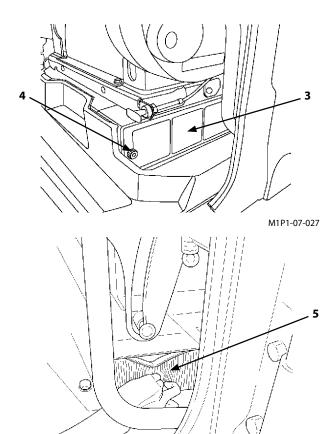
- 1. Circulating air filter (outside) (5) is located beside the seat stand.
- 2. Remove screw (6). While pulling toward the cab front, unlatch air filter (outside) (5) from the seat stand to remove air filter (outside) (5).

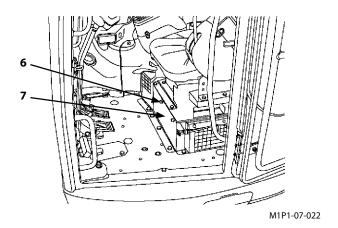
Removing Circulating Air Filter (Inside) (ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3)

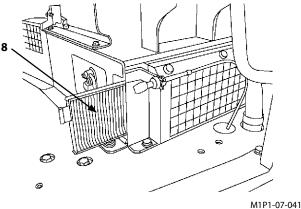
- 1. Hold the center of circulating air filter (inside) (7) (front half section in two pieces) to remove it through opening for circulating air filter (outside) (5).
- 2. Slide circulating air filter (inside) (7) (rear half section in two pieces) toward the cab front. Remove it in the same method as the front section.

Removing Circulating Air Filter (ZX85USB-3)

- 1. Remove cover (7) after removing screw (6).
- 2. Pull circulating air filter (8) out. Hold the center of air filter (8) to remove air filter (8).







M1CC-07-012



CAUTION: Use reduced compressed air pressure (less than 0.2 MPa, 2 kgf/cm²) for cleaning purposes. Clear the area of bystanders, guard against flying chips, and wear personal protection equipment including eye protection.

Cleaning

Clean both the external and internal filters by blowing compressed air or washing with water.

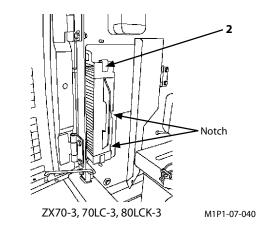
When washing the filters with water, follow the procedures below:

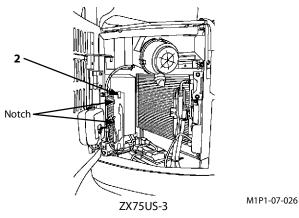
- 1. Wash with tap water.
- 2. Soak the filters in neutral detergent-mixed water for approx. 5 minutes.
- 3. Wash the filters with water again.
- 4. Dry the filters.

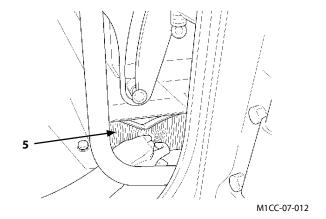
Installation (ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3)

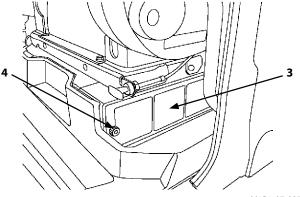
When installing the cleaned circulating and/or fresh air filter or new filters, follow the reverse order of the Removing Filter procedures described on the front page.

- Fresh Air Filter (2) Set fresh air filter (2) so that the notched side faces toward the cab right side (ZX75US-3: left side). After setting, install the filter cover so that it aligns with the duct.
- Circulating Air Filter (Inside) (5) Install filter (rear section in two pieces) (5) into the groove and slide it toward the cab rear side. Then, install filter (front section in two pieces) (5) into the groove.
- Latch circulating air filter (outside) (3) into the seat stand. Slide it toward the cab rear side and secure it with screw (4).







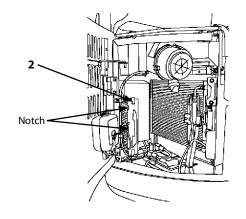


M1P1-07-027

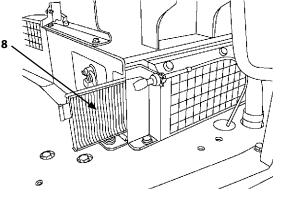
Installation (ZX85USB-3)

When installing the cleaned circulating and/or fresh air filter or new filters, follow the reverse order of the Removing Filter procedures described on the front page.

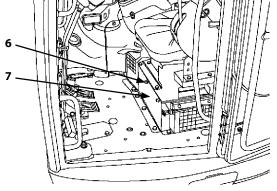
- Fresh Air Filter (2)
 Set fresh air filter (2) so that the notched side faces toward the cab left side. After setting, install the filter cover so that it aligns with the duct.
- Circulating Air Filter (8)
 Install filter (rear section in two pieces) (8) into the groove and slide it toward the cab rear side. Then, install filter (front section in two pieces) (8) into the groove.
- Latch circulating air filter (8) into the seat stand. Slide cover (7) toward the cab rear side and secure cover (7) with screw (6).



M1P1-07-026



M1P1-07-041



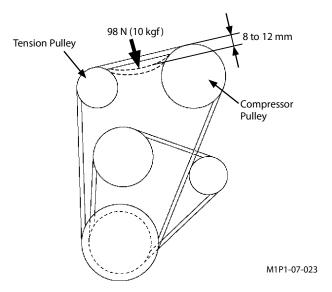
M1P1-07-022

10 Check the Air Conditioner --- daily

- 1. Check pipe connections for refrigerant gas leakage. If oil seepage is found around pipe connections, it indicates possible gas leakage.
- Check the condenser.
 If the condenser fins become clogged with dirt or insects, the cooling effect will be decreased. Be sure to keep it clean at all times. (Refer to "Clean Radiator Core" in Maintenance Section.)
- 3. Check the compressor
 After operating the air conditioner for 5 to 10 minutes,
 touch the high-pressure side and low-pressure side pipes
 with your hand. If normal, the high-pressure side pipe will
 be hot, and the low-pressure side cold.
- 4. Check mounting bolts for looseness.

 Confirm that the compressor mounting bolts and other mounting/fastening bolts are securely tightened.
- Inspect belt, check and adjust tension.
 Visually check the compressor and fan belts for wear.
 Check and adjust belt tension, referring to the illustration (right).

If cool air does not come out, or any other abnormalities are found in air conditioner system, see your authorized dealer for inspection.

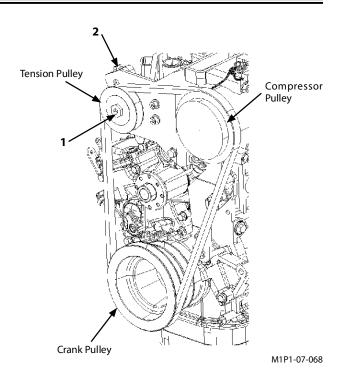


Adjust Compressor Belt Tension

Visually check the belt for wear. Replace if necessary. Check compressor belt tension by depressing the midpoint between compressor pulley and crank pulley with the thumb. Deflection must be 8 to 12 mm (0.32 to 0.47 in) with a depressing force of approximately 98 N (10 kgf, 22 lbf).

If tension is not within specifications, loosen bolt (1). Move the tension pulley by adjusting bolt (2) until tension is correct. Tighten bolt (1).

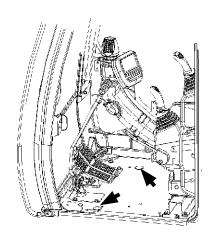
IMPORTANT: When a new belt is installed, be sure to readjust the tension after operating the engine for 3 to 5 minutes at slow idle speed to be sure that the new belt is seated correctly.



11 Clean Cab Floor --- as required

IMPORTANT: When cleaning the cab floor with tap water, spray the floor only. Take care not to splash the surrounding area. Do not increase water spray speed by restricting the hose end, and do not use high pressure steam for cleaning. Be sure to completely remove any moisture from the surrounding area.

- 1. Park the machine on solid and level surface. Lower the bucket to the ground. Before cleaning, stop the engine.
- 2. Sweep the cab floor clean using a brush, and brush dust from the cab floor while spraying water.
- 3. When cleaning the floor mat, sweep dust (water) along the grooves on the floor mat.
- 4. When cleaning after removing the floor mat, sweep dust (water) through two cleaning holes.



M1U1-07-052

12 Check Injection Nozzle --- every 500 hours

See your authorized dealer.

Retighten Cylinder Head Bolt
--- as required

See your authorized dealer.

Inspect and Adjust Valve Clearance --- every 1000 hours

See your authorized dealer.

15 Check Fuel Injection Timing
--- as required

See your authorized dealer.

Check Starter and Alternator
--- every 1000 hours

See your authorized dealer.

17 Check and Replace EGR Device --- as required

See your authorized dealer.

Measure Engine Compression Pressure
--- every 1000 hours

See your authorized dealer.

Check Tightening Torque of Bolts and Nuts --- every 250 hours (first time after 50 hours)

Check tightness after the first 50 hours then every 250 hours. Tighten to torque shown if any are loose. Bolts and nuts should be replaced with those of the same or higher grade. For tightening nuts and bolts other than specified in the table below, refer to the Tightening Torque Chart at the end of this section.

IMPORTANT: Check and tighten bolts and nuts using a torque wrench.

No	Doscripti	Bolt Dia	O'ty	Wrench	Torque			
No. Descriptions	N⋅m	(kaf·m)	(lhf·ft)					
			+	2			-	
1	Engine cushion rubber mount	1	Nia O'ty Size Torque mm N-m (kgf·m) (lbf·ft) 2 22 180 (18) (133) 2 24 270 (27) (200) 8 17 50 (5) (37) 8 19 90 (9) (66) 4 24 270 (27) (200) 4 24 210 (21) (155) 17 20 (2 (15) 19 30 (3) (22) 22 40 (4) (29) 27 95 (9.5) (69) 32 140 (14) (101) 41 210 (21) (151) 2 27 300 (30) (220) 3 22 180 (18) (133) 4 19 90 (9) (66) 4 19 90 (9) <t< td=""></t<>					
2	Engine bracket mounting bol							
3	Hydraulic oil tank mounting b	olt	16			270		
4	-		16	4	24	210		
				17	20	(2)	(15)	
					19	30	(3)	(22)
					22	40	(4)	(29)
5	ORS fittings for hydraulic hose	es and piping			27	95	(9.5)	(69)
	- '				32	140	(14)	(101)
				36	180	(18)	(129)	
					41	210	(21)	(151)
6	Pump mounting bolt		18	2	27	300	(30)	(220)
7	Control valve mounting bolt		14	3	22	180	(18)	(133)
	Control valve bracket	ZX70-3, 70LC-3	12	4	19	90	(9)	(66)
8	mounting bolt	ZX75US-3, 85USB-3	14	4	22	140	(14)	(103)
9	Swing device mounting bolt		16	10	24	210	(21)	(155)
10	Swing motor mounting bolt		14	8	12	180	(18)	(129)
11	Battery mounting nut			4	17	20	(2.0)	(15.0)
12				24	210	(21)	(155)	
12			16	24	24	210	(21)	(155)
	Swing bearing mounting bolt	to undercarriage	16	24	24	270	(27)	(200)
14	14			20	24	300	(30)	(220)
	Travel reduction device cover	mounting bolt	14	8	22	140	(14)	(103)
15			16	24	24	270	(27)	(200)
16			14		22	140		(103)
17								
18								
	ZX70LC-3, 75USB-3, 85USB-3	SB-3, 85USB-3						
		1 *		' '		:		
19	Cover mounting holt	1		I -				
.,	cover mounting son	10		17	50	(5)		
_20		<u> </u>	8					
	Coupling of low pressure pipi							
21	T-bolt clamp of low pressure							
21	i i							
			1	9.5	7.4	(0.74)	(5.4)	
22	Side-cutter mounting bolt	20	6	30	550	(55)	(400)	

Tightening Torque Chart

Bolt Dia.	Wrench	Hexagon	10.9	(Î)	\bigcirc	8.8	$\widehat{\mathbb{B}}$	(H)		7	M
	Size	Wrench Size			M552-07-091		Socket Bolt	M552-07-090			M157-07-225
			N⋅m	(kgf·m)	(lbf·ft)	N⋅m	(kgf·m)	(lbf·ft)	N⋅m	(kgf⋅m)	(lbf·ft)
M8	13	6	30	(3.0)	(22)	20	(2.0)	(15)	10	(1.0)	(7.4)
M10	17	8	65	(6.5)	(48)	50	(5.0)	(37)	20	(2.0)	(15)
M12	19	10	110	(11)	(81)	90	(9)	(66)	35	(3.5)	(26)
M14	22	12	180	(18)	(135)	140	(14)	(103)	55	(5.5)	(41)
M16	24	14	270	(27)	(200)	210	(21)	(155)	80	(8.0)	(59)
M18	27	14	400	(40)	(295)	300	(30)	(220)	120	(12)	(89)
M20	30	17	550	(55)	(410)	400	(40)	(295)	170	(17)	(125)
M22	32	17	750	(75)	(550)	550	(55)	(410)	220	(22)	(160)
M24	36	19	950	(95)	(700)	700	(70)	(520)	280	(28)	(205)
M27	41	19	1400	(140)	(1030)	1050	(105)	(770)	400	(40)	(295)
M30	46	22	1950	(195)	(1440)	1450	(145)	(1070)	550	(55)	(410)
M33	50	24	2600	(260)	(1920)	1950	(195)	(1440)	750	(75)	(550)
M36	55	27	3200	(320)	(2360)	2450	(245)	(1810)	950	(95)	(700)



CAUTION: If fixing bolts for counterweight are loosened, consult your nearest authorized dealer.

IMPORTANT: Make sure bolt and nut threads are clean

before installing.

Apply lubricant (e. g. white zinc B solved into spindle oil) to bolts and nuts to stabilize

their friction coefficient.

 \emptyset NOTE: Tightening torque required is shown in N·m. For example, when tightening a bolt or nut with a wrench of 1 m length, turning the end of it with a force of 120 N, the torque produced will be:

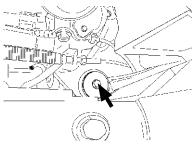
 $1 \text{ m} \times 120 \text{ N} = 120 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$

To produce the same torque with a wrench of 0.25 m:

 $0.25 \,\mathrm{m} \times$ $N = 120 \,\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$

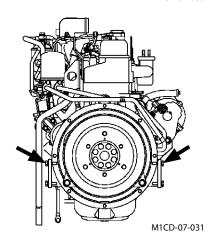
Necessary force will be: $120 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} \div 0.25 \text{ m} = 480 \text{ N}$

1. Retighten the engine insulation rubber mounting bolts.

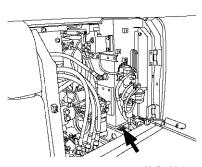


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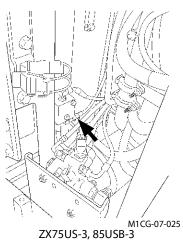
2. Retighten the engine bracket mounting bolts.



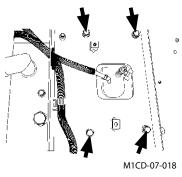
3. Retighten the hydraulic oil tank mounting bolts.



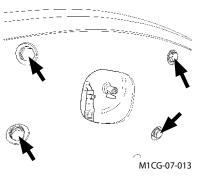
XX70-3, 70LC-3, 80LCK-3



4. Retighten the fuel tank mounting bolts.

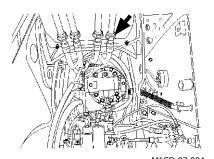


ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 80LCK-3



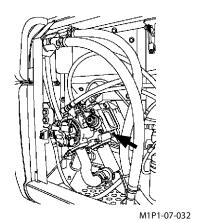
ZX75US-3, 85USB-3

5. Retighten the ORS fittings for hydraulic hoses and pipings.

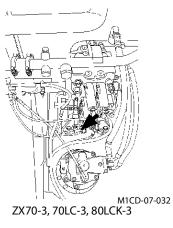


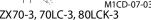
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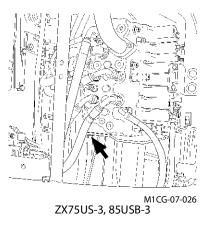
6. Retighten the pump mounting bolts.



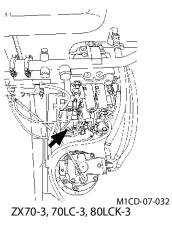
7. Retighten the control valve mounting bolts.

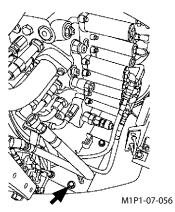






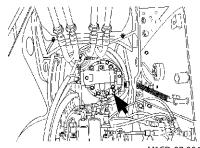
8. Retighten the control valve bracket mounting bolts.

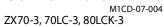


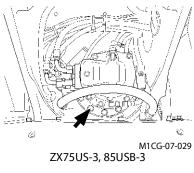


ZX75US-3, 85USB-3

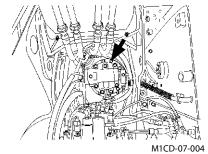
9. Retighten the swing device mounting bolts.



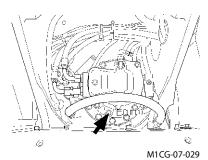




10. Retighten the swing motor mounting bolts.

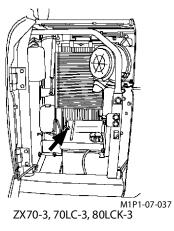


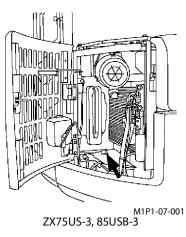
ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 80LCK-3



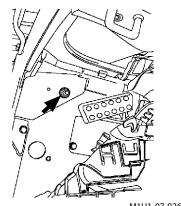
ZX75US-3, 85USB-3

11. Retighten the battery mounting nuts.

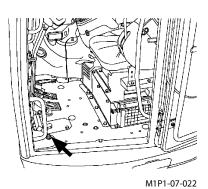




Retighten the cab mounting nuts. 12.

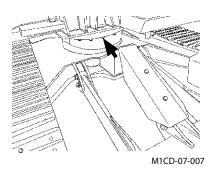


M1U1-07-026 ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3, 80LCK-3

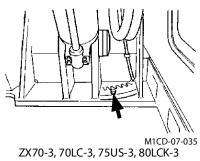


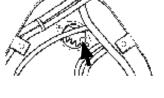
ZX85USB-3

13. Retighten the swing bearing mounting bolts to the upperstructure.



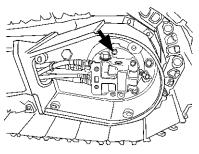
Retighten the swing bearing mounting bolts to the undercarriage.





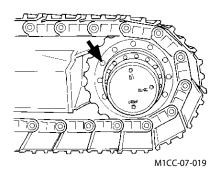
M1CD-07-043 ZX85USB-3

14. Retighten the travel device mounting bolts.

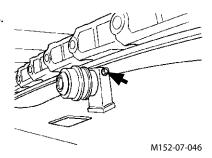


M1CD-01-005

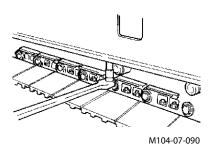
15. Retighten the sprocket mounting bolts.



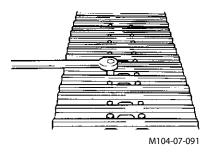
16. Retighten the upper roller mounting bolts.



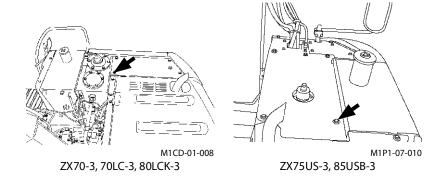
17. Retighten the lower roller mounting bolts.



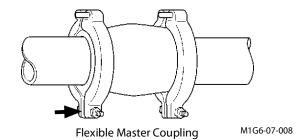
18. Retighten the shoe mounting bolts.

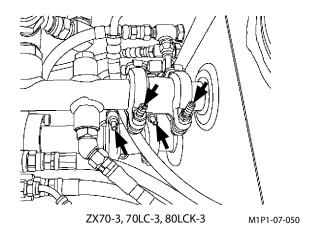


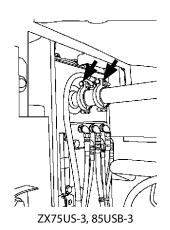
19. Retighten the cover mounting bolts.



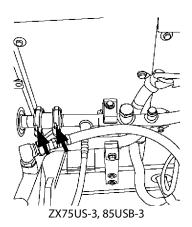
20. Retighten flexible master couplings





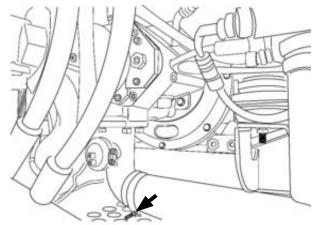


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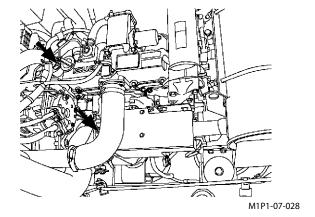


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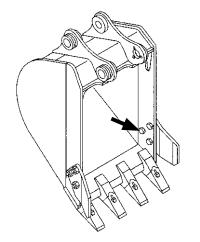
21. Retighten coupling and T-bolt clamps



M1CD-07-033



22. Retighten side-cutter mounting bolts



M196-09-024

МЕМО	

MAINTENANCE UNDER SPECIAL ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

MAINTENANCE UNDER SPECIAL ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

Operating Conditions		Precautions for Maintenance
Muddy Soil, Rainy or	Before Operation:	Check the tightness of plugs and all drain cocks.
Snowy Weather	After Operation:	Clean the machine and check for cracks, damaged, loose or missing bolts and nuts. Lubricate all necessary parts without delay.
Near the Ocean	Before Operation:	Check tightness of plugs and all drain cocks.
	After Operation:	Thoroughly clean the machine with fresh water to wash off salt. Service electrical equipment often to prevent corrosion.
Dusty	Air Cleaner:	Clean the element regularly at shorter service intervals.
Atmosphere	Radiator:	Clean the oil cooler screen to prevent clogging of the radiator core.
	Fuel System:	Clean the filter element and strainer regularly at shorter service intervals.
	Electrical Equipment	: Clean them regularly, in particular, the commutator surface of the alternator and starter.
Rocky Ground	Tracks:	Carefully operate while checking for cracks, damage and loose bolts and nuts. Loosen the tracks a little more than usual.
	Front Attachment:	Standard attachment may be damaged when digging rocky ground. Reinforce the bucket before using it, or use a heavy duty bucket.
Freezing Weather	Fuel:	Use high quality fuel suitable for low temperature.
	Lubricant:	Use high quality low viscosity hydraulic oil and engine oil.
	Engine Coolant:	Be sure to use antifreeze.
	Battery:	Fully charge the batteries regularly at shorter service intervals. If not fully charged, electrolyte may freeze.
	Tracks:	Keep the track clean. Park the machine on a hard surface to prevent the tracks from freezing to the ground.
Falling Stones	Cab:	Provide a cab guard to protect the machine from falling stones when necessary.

MAINTENANCE UNDER SPECIAL ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

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STORAGE

STORING THE MACHINE

- 1. Inspect the machine. Repair worn or damaged parts. Install new parts if necessary.
- 2. Clean the primary air cleaner element.
- 3. Retract all hydraulic cylinders, if possible. If not, coat exposed cylinder rods with grease.
- 4. Lubricate all grease points.
- 5. Park the tracks on long stable blocks.
- 6. Wash the machine.
- 7. Remove the batteries and store them in a dry protected place after charging fully. If not removed, disconnect the negative battery cable from the (–) terminal.
- 8. Add an antirust agent to the coolant. In cold weather, add an antifreeze, or drain the coolant completely. Be sure to attach a "No Water in Radiator" tag on a clearly visible location if the system is drained.
- 9. Loosen the alternator belt and fan belt.
- 10. Paint necessary areas to prevent rust.
- 11. Store the machine in a dry, protected place. If stored outside, cover with a waterproof cover.
- 12. If the machine is stored for a long time, operate hydraulic functions for travel, swing and digging two to three times for lubrication, at least once a month. Be sure to check the coolant level and lubrication conditions before operating.

Precautions for Disconnecting or Connecting Batteries

In case the batteries are kept disconnected for more than one month or when the batteries are reconnected, contact your nearest Hitachi dealer. Resetting of the ICF (Information Controller) may be required.

REMOVING THE MACHINE FROM STORAGE



CAUTION: Start the engine ONLY in a well-ventilated place.

- 1. Remove grease from the cylinder rods if coated.
- 2. Adjust alternator and fan belt tension.
- 3. Fill the fuel tank. Bleed air from the fuel system. Check all fluid levels.
- 4. Start the engine. Run the engine at half speed for several minutes before full load operation.
- 5. Cycle all hydraulic functions several times.
- 6. Carefully check all systems before operating the machine at full load.
- MOTE: When the machine has been stored for a long time, be sure to perform the following steps as well:
 - (a) Check condition of all hoses and connections.
 - (b) Warm up the engine.
 - (c) Stop the engine.
 - (d) Install new fuel filters. Replace the engine oil filter and fill the engine with oil.

IMPORTANT: If the machine has not been used for a long time, oil films on sliding surfaces may have broken down. Cycling hydraulic functions for travel, swing and digging two to three times is necessary to lubricate the sliding surfaces.

IMPOSSIBLE TO START THE ENGINE

	Problem	Cause	Solution
	Starter does not rotate or is	Discharged battery	Charge or replace battery.
	not powerful	Disconnected, loose, or corroded battery terminals	After repairing the corroded area, securely tighten the connectors.
		Lowered pilot control shut-off lever.	Pull pilot control shut-off lever up.
		Disconnected, loose, or corroded starter ground line terminals.	After repairing the corroded area, securely tighten the connectors.
		Faulty pilot control shut-off lever electrical system	See your authorized dealer.
ť		Too high engine oil viscosity	Change engine oil with appropriate viscosity.
tsta		Faulty starter and/or electrical system	See your authorized dealer.
Engine will not start	Starter rotates	No fuel	After checking that no fuel is leaking, refill fuel.
ne		Air in the fuel system	Bleed air.
Eng		Clogged fuel filter	After draining water, replace the element.
		Frozen fuel	Warm the fuel pump with hot water or wait until the atmospheric temperature rises.
		Injection pump linkage adjustment	See your authorized dealer.
		Faulty injection pump	See your authorized dealer.
		Faulty engine control system	See your authorized dealer.
		The engine stop knob is pulled.	Push the engine stop knob to start the engine.
		Faulty EC motor	See your authorized dealer.
		Faulty preheat system	See your authorized dealer.
Ever	though the engine is started,	Too slow idle speed	See your authorized dealer.
the engine stalls soon		Clogged fuel filter	After draining water, replace the element.
		Faulty engine control system	See your authorized dealer.
		Clogged air cleaner	Clean or replace the element.
		Faulty injection pump	See your authorized dealer.
Engi	ne runs irregularly	Faulty fuel system	See your authorized dealer.
		Water or air in the fuel system	Drain water or bleed air.
		Faulty engine control system	See your authorized dealer.

Problem	Cause	Solution
Engine Not Developing Full	Air filters plugged	Replace filter elements.
Power	Fuel line restricted	Repair or replace fuel line.
	Contaminated fuel	Drain fuel tank and clean outlet screen. Refill.
	Fuel filters plugged	Change filters.
	Plugged vent in fuel tank cap	Clean or install new cap.
	Injection nozzles dirty or malfunctioning	See your authorized dealer.
	Injection pump linkage adjustment	See your authorized dealer.
	Wrong fuel	Use correct fuel.
	Wrong oil	Use correct oil.
	Turbocharger failure	See your authorized dealer.
	Injection pump out of timing	See your authorized dealer.
	Exhaust restriction	Remove muffler and run engine.
	Engine is too hot or cold	See below.
	Engine failure	See your authorized dealer.
	Valve clearance	Check and adjust valves.
	Intake or exhaust system leakage	See your authorized dealer.
Engine Overheats	Low coolant level	Add coolant.
	Thermostat	See your authorized dealer.
	Engine overloaded	Check hydraulic relief valves.
	Radiator cap faulty	Install new cap.
	Radiator core or oil cooler core plugged	Clean radiator and oil cooler core.
	Radiator screen plugged	Clean screen.
	Injection pump out of timing	See your authorized dealer.
	Fan damaged	Replace fan.
	Air cleaner plugged	Clean air cleaner.
	Alternator and fan belt loose	Tighten or install new belt.
	Pulley grooves worn	Replace pulleys.
	Cooling system passages dirty	Flush cooling system.
	Temperature gauge or sending unit	See your authorized dealer.

Problem	Cause	Solution
Coolant Temperature Too Low	Thermostat	See your authorized dealer.
	Temperature gauge or sending unit	See your authorized dealer.
Low Engine Oil Pressure	Engine oil pump or pump drive	See your authorized dealer.
	Low oil level	Add oil.
	Engine oil pressure regulation valve	See your authorized dealer.
	Plugged oil pump intake screen	See your authorized dealer.
	Plugged oil filter	Install a new oil filter.
	Oil leaks	Check for leaks.
	Oil diluted with fuel or coolant	See your authorized dealer.
	Engine oil temperature too high	Check cooling system.
	Wrong oil	Drain oil. Use correct oil.
Engine Uses Too Much Oil	Wrong oil	Drain oil. Use correct oil.
	Oil leaks	Check engine oil drain plug.
	Engine oil temperature too high	Check cooling system.
	Plugged air cleaner	Clean element or install new element.
	Internal engine component wear	See your authorized dealer.
Engine Uses Too Much Fuel	Plugged or dirty air intake system	Clean air intake system.
	Wrong fuel	Use correct fuel.
	Fuel injection nozzles	See your authorized dealer.
	Injection pump out of timing	See your authorized dealer.
Excessive Black or Gray	Wrong fuel	Drain tank. Use correct fuel.
Exhaust Smoke	Plugged or dirty air intake or exhaust system	Clean air intake and exhaust system.
	Injection pump out of timing	See your authorized dealer.
	Injection nozzles dirty or faulty	See your authorized dealer.
	Basic engine failures	See your authorized dealer.

Problem	Cause	Solution
Nothing Works	Battery	Recharge or replace.
Nothing Works (Except clock)	Battery relay	Replace relay.
Batteries Undercharged	Loose or corroded connections	Clean and tighten or replace batteries.
	Alternator belt loose	Tighten or install new belt.
	Alternator not charging	See your authorized dealer.
	Fuse	Replace fuse.
	Key switch failure	Replace key switch.
Starting Motor Will Not Turn	Battery undercharged or dead	Recharge or replace battery.
	Battery cables making poor connections	Clean connections.
	Fusible link	Replace fusible link.
	Key switch	See your authorized dealer.
	Start relay	See your authorized dealer.
	Starter solenoid	See your authorized dealer.
	Starter	Repair or replace start motor.
	Starter pinion jammed in flywheel gear	Repair or replace starter.
	Major engine failure	See your authorized dealer.
Starter Solenoid Chatters	Poor connections at batteries or starter	Clean connections.
	Low battery charge	Recharge or replace batteries.
	Starter solenoid "hold-in" windings open	See your authorized dealer.
Starter Motor Turns but Will Not Crank Engine	Starter pinion gear not engaging flywheel ring gear	See your authorized dealer.
	Pinion shift mechanism jammed or malfunctioning	See your authorized dealer.
	Pinion gear teeth broken	See your authorized dealer.
	Flywheel gear teeth broken	See your authorized dealer.
Engine Cranks Slowly	Battery cables damaged or broken internally	Inspect and replace cables.
	Battery or starter cable connections loose or corroded	Clean and tighten connections.

Problem	Cause	Solution
Exhaust Gas is White	Wrong fuel	Drain tank. Use correct fuel.
	Cold engine	Run engine until warm.
	Thermostat faulty or too "cool"	See your authorized dealer.
	Injection pump out of time	See your authorized dealer.
	Coolant leakage into engine cylinder	See your authorized dealer.
Turbocharger Excessively Noisy or Vibrates	Bearings not lubricated	Insufficient oil pressure. Check for restricted turbocharger oil line.
	Worn bearings	See your authorized dealer.
	Air leak in engine, intake or exhaust manifold	Inspect, repair.
	Improper clearance between turbine wheel and turbine housing	See your authorized dealer.
	Broken blades on turbine	Remove exhaust elbow and air inlet hose and inspect.
Oil Dripping from Turbocharger Adapter	Damaged or worn bearings and/or worn seals	See your authorized dealer. Inspect and clean air cleaner. Check for proper engine service intervals or dirt enter into engine.
	Excessive crankcase pressure	Check vent tube to ensure tube is not plugged. Clean.
	Turbocharger oil return line carbon build up where line passes exhaust manifold	Remove line. Inspect, clean.
Excessive Drag in Turbocharger Rotating	Carbon build-up behind turbine wheel caused by combustion deposits	Inspect, clean.
Members	Dirt build-up behind compressor wheel caused by air intake leaks	Inspect, clean.
	Bearing seizure or dirty or worn bearings, caused by excessive temperature, unbalanced wheel, dirty oil, oil starvation, or insufficient lubrication	See your authorized dealer.

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

Problem	Cause	Solution
Engine Cranks Slowly	Battery discharged or will not hold a charge	Replace battery.
	Starter "dragging"	See your authorized dealer.
	Low battery voltage	Recharge or replace battery.
Starter Motor Continues to	Start relay stuck	See your authorized dealer.
Run After Engine Starts	Starter solenoid stuck	See your authorized dealer.
	Starter not disengaging	See your authorized dealer.
	Key switch	See your authorized dealer.
Alternator Indicator Light On-Engine Running	Loose or glazed alternator belt	Check belt. Replace if glazed, tighten if loose.
	Engine speed slow	Adjust speed to specification.
	Excessive electrical load from added accessories	Remove accessories or install higher output alternator.
	Loose or corroded electrical connections on battery, ground strap, starter, or alternator	Inspect, clean, or tighten electrical connections.
	Battery voltage low	Change or replace battery.
	Alternator or regulator	See your authorized dealer.
	Indicator circuit	See your authorized dealer.
Noisy Alternator	Worn drive belt	Replace belt.
	Worn pulleys	Replace pulleys and belt.
	Pulley misaligned	Adjust alternator mount.
	Alternator bearing	Loosen alternator belts. Turn pulley by hand. If any roughness is felt, repair alternator.
No Monitor Panel Indicators	Fuse	Replace fuse.
Work	Wiring harness	See your authorized dealer.
Individual Light in Monitor	Bulb	Replace bulb.
Panel is Not Working	Fuse	Replace fuse.
	Wiring harness	See your authorized dealer.

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

Problem	Cause	Solution
No Indicators in Gauge Panel	Circuit board	See your authorized dealer.
Operate	Wiring harness	See your authorized dealer.
	Fuse	Replace fuse.
Indicator Light in Gauge Panel is	Fuse	Replace fuse.
Inoperative	Sender	Do sender check.
	Wiring harness failure	See your authorized dealer.
Coolant Temperature Gauge	Fuse	Replace fuse.
Does Not Work	Gauge	See your authorized dealer.
	Gauge sender	Do coolant temperature gauge sender check.
	Wiring harness	See your authorized dealer.
Indicator Lights Do Not Operate	Fuse	Replace fuse.
Auto-idle	Auto-idle switch	See your authorized dealer.
Fuel Gauge Does Not Work	Fuse	Replace fuse.
	Gauge	See your authorized dealer.
	Wiring harness	See your authorized dealer.

MODE SELECTION

Problem	Cause	Solution
Fast/Slow Travel Speed	Travel mode switch	See your authorized dealer.
Does Not Function	Main controller (MC)	See your authorized dealer.
	Solenoid valve unit	See your authorized dealer.
	Damaged travel motors	See your authorized dealer.
Auto-Idle Does Not Work	Fuse	Replace fuse.
	Auto-idle switch	See your authorized dealer.
	Electrical connector	See your authorized dealer.
	Wire harness	See your authorized dealer.
	ECF	See your authorized dealer.
	EC motor	See your authorized dealer.
	Pressure sensor (Travel, Front)	See your authorized dealer.
	Main controller (MC)	See your authorized dealer.
Front Attachment and Travel	Fuse	Replace fuse.
Speed are Not Smooth	Electrical connector	See your authorized dealer.
	Wire harness	See your authorized dealer.
	Main controller (MC)	See your authorized dealer.
	Solenoid valve unit	See your authorized dealer.
	ECF	See your authorized dealer.
	EC motor	See your authorized dealer.
	N sensor (engine speed sensor)	See your authorized dealer.

CONTROL LEVERS

Problem	Cause	Solution
Moves Hard	Corroded joint	See your authorized dealer.
	Worn out pusher	See your authorized dealer.
Does Nothing	Worn out pusher	See your authorized dealer.
	Pilot valve	See your authorized dealer.
Does Not Return to Neutral	Pilot valve	See your authorized dealer.
Too Much Play	Worn out pivot joint	See your authorized dealer.
Lever is Not Vertical In Neutral	Pilot valve	See your authorized dealer.

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

Problem	Cause	Solution
Hydraulic Functions are Slow	Low oil level	Fill reservoir to full mark.
	Cold oil	Push hydraulic warm up switch.
	Wrong oil	Drain tank. Use correct oil.
	Engine speed too slow	Increase speed or see your authorized dealer.
	Pilot circuit	See your authorized dealer.
	Worn pump	See your authorized dealer.
	Restricted pump suction line	See your authorized dealer.
Hydraulic Oil Overheats	Wrong oil	Use correct oil.
	Air leak in pump suction line	See your authorized dealer.
	Oil lines restricted	See your authorized dealer.
	Low oil level	Fill reservoir to full mark.
	Plugged filters	Install new filters.
	Worn pump	See your authorized dealer.
	Plugged radiator or oil cooler	Clean and straighten fins.
	Oil cooler bypass	See your authorized dealer.
	Relief valve	See your authorized dealer.
	Contaminated oil	Drain oil and refill.
	Travel motors	See your authorized dealer.
	Improperly adjusted hydraulic components	See your authorized dealer.
Oil Foams	Air leak in line from reservoir to pump	Repair leak or see your authorized dealer.
	Kinks or dents in oil lines	Check lines.
	Wrong oil	Use correct oil.
	Water in oil	Change oil.
	High or low oil level	Correct level.
Low or No Oil Pressure	Wrong oil	Use correct oil.
	Improperly adjusted hydraulic components	See your authorized dealer.
	No oil in system	Fill with correct oil.
	Worn cylinder packing	See your authorized dealer.
	Relief valve	See your authorized dealer.

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

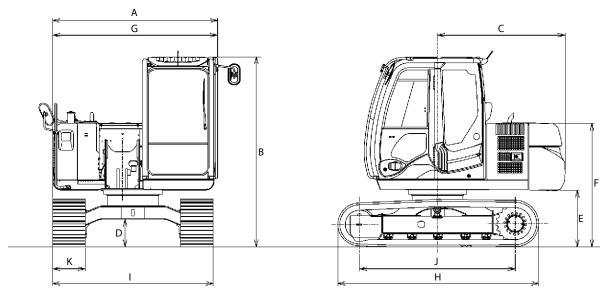
Problem	Cause	Solution
No Hydraulic Functions	Hydraulic pump	See your authorized dealer.
(Noise from pumps)	Decreased set-pressure of main relief valve in control valve	See your authorized dealer.
	Lack of hydraulic oil	Add oil.
	Damaged suction line or hose	See your authorized dealer.
	Clogged suction filter	Clean.
	Sucked air from oil suction port	Tighten.
Hydraulic Cylinders Operate	Hydraulic pump worn	See your authorized dealer.
but Cannot Lift Load	Main relief valve pressure low	See your authorized dealer.
	Hydraulic oil level low	Add oil.
	Suction screen plugged	Clean strainer and system.
	Pump suction line leaking	Inspect suction line.
	Pressure sensors	See your authorized dealer.
	Solenoid valve	See your authorized dealer.
One Control Lever Does Not	Relief valve pressure low	See your authorized dealer.
Work	Tube or hose damaged	Repair or replace.
	Hydraulic fittings loose	Tighten.
	Damaged O-rings in fittings	Install new O-ring.
	Hydraulic Pump	See your authorized dealer.
	Pilot valve	See your authorized dealer.
	Pilot lines	Repair or replace.
One Cylinder Does Not Work	Control valve spool damaged or contaminated with dirt	See your authorized dealer.
	Hydraulic lines damaged	Repair or replace.
	Fittings loose	Tighten.
	O-ring in fitting damaged	Install new O-ring.
	Pilot valve	See your authorized dealer.
	Pilot lines	Repair or replace.

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

Problem	Cause	Solution
One Cylinder Does Not Work or	Piston seals leaking	See your authorized dealer.
Has Little Power	Cylinder rod damaged	See your authorized dealer.
	Pilot lines	Repair or replace.
	Pilot valve	See your authorized dealer.
	Failed wiring harness	See your authorized dealer.
Both Travel Motors Do Not Work	Center joint failure	See your authorized dealer.
One Travel Motor Does Not	Travel motor	See your authorized dealer.
Work	Parking brake not releasing	See your authorized dealer.
	Pilot valve	See your authorized dealer.
	Pilot lines	Repair or replace.
Travel is Not Smooth	Track adjustment	Adjust tension.
	Front idler or rollers damaged	See your authorized dealer.
	Track frame bent	See your authorized dealer.
	Rocks or mud "jammed" in track frame	Remove and repair.
	Travel brake not releasing	See your authorized dealer.
Swing Does Not Work	Swing brake release valve	See your authorized dealer.
	Swing motor	See your authorized dealer.
	Pilot valve	See your authorized dealer.
Swing is Not Smooth	Swing gear	See your authorized dealer.
	Swing bearing	See your authorized dealer.
	Lack of grease	Apply grease.
	Combination valve	See your authorized dealer.
Engine Stops When Travel or/	Failure of connector contact	Repair or replace.
and Control Lever Moved	Failed wiring harness	See your authorized dealer.
	Failed Main controller	See your authorized dealer.

SPECIFICATIONS

ZX70-3, 70LC-3



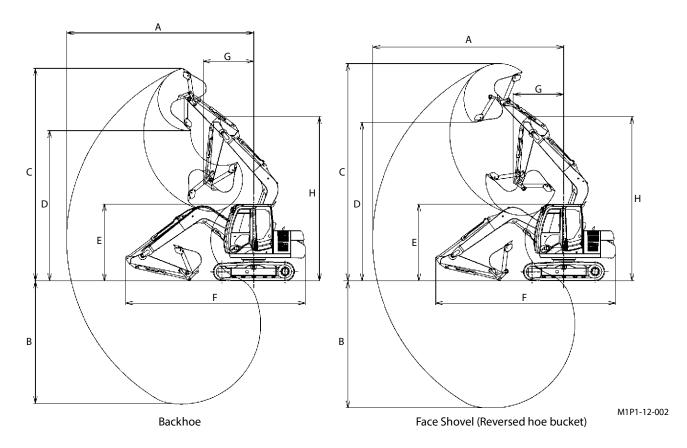
M1P1-12-001

Model	ZX70-3	ZX70LC-3				
Front-End Attachment	1.62 m (5 ft 4 in) Arm					
Standard Bucket Capacity (Heaped)	PCSA 0.28 m ³ (0.37 yd ³), CECE 0.24 m ³	PCSA 0.33 m ³ (0.43 yd ³), CECE 0.29 m ³				
Operating Weight	6470 kg (14300 lb)	6570 kg (14500 lb)				
Base Machine Weight	5080 kg (11200 lb)	5160 kg (11400 lb)				
Engine	Isuzu AU-4LE2X 40.5 kW/20	000 min ⁻¹ (55 PS/2000 rpm)				
A: Overall Width	2260 mm (7 ft 5 in)	2320 mm (7 ft 7 in)				
B: Cab Height	2600 mm	ı (8 ft 6 in)				
C: Rear End Swing Radius	1750 mm (5 ft 9 in)					
D: Minimum Ground Clearance	* 360 mm (1 ft 2 in)					
E: Counterweight Clearance	* 760 mm	n (2 ft 6 in)				
F: Engine Cover Height	* 1680 mm	n (5 ft 6 in)				
G: Overall Width of Upperstructure	2260 mm	ı (7 ft 5 in)				
H: Undercarriage Length	2765 mm (9 ft 1 in)	2920 mm (9 ft 7 in)				
I : Undercarriage Width	2200 mm (7 ft 3 in)	2320 mm (7 ft 7 in)				
J: Sprocket Center to Idle Center	2140 mm (7 ft 0 in)	2290 mm (7 ft 6 in)				
K : Track Shoe Width	450 mn	n (18 in)				
Ground Pressure	30 kPa (0.31 kgf/cm², 4.4 psi)	28 kPa (0.29 kgf/cm², 4.1 psi)				
Swing Speed	10.5 min ⁻¹ (rpm)					
Travel Speed	5.3/3.4 km/h (3.3/2.1 mph)					
Gradeability	35 degre	ee (70 %)				

NOTE: *The dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

WORKING RANGES

ZX70-3, 70LC-3



	1.62 m (5 ft 4 in) Arm				2.12 m (7 ft 0 in) Arm			
Category	Back	hoe	Shovel		Backhoe		Shovel	
item	mm	ft∙in	mm	ft∙in	mm	ft∙in	mm	ft∙in
A: Maximum Digging Reach	6320	20′9″	6460	21′2″	6810	22'4"	6950	22′10″
B: Maximum Digging Depth	4170	13′8″	4310	14'2"	4670	15'4"	4810	15′9″
C: Maximum Cutting Height	7150	23'6"	7320	24'0"	7550	24'9"	7710	25'4"
D: Maximum Dumping Height	5060	16′7″	5340	17′6″	5450	17′11″	5770	18′11″
	2600	8'6"	2600	0/6//	2700 (without Bucket)	8'10" (without Bucket)	2700 (without Bucket)	8'10" (without Bucket)
E: Overall Height			2600	8'6"	2880 (with Bucket)	9'5" (with Bucket)	2880 (with Bucket)	9'5" (with Bucket)
F: Overall Length	6080	19′11″	6080	19′11″	6120	20′1″	6120	20′1″
G: Minimum Swing Radius	1720	5′8″	1720	5′8″	2080	6′10″	2080	6′10″
H: Minimum Swing Radius Height	5530	18′2″	5530	18′2″	5550	18′3″	5550	18'3"

NOTE: "E: Overall Height" includes the height of shoe lug; Other dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

SHOE TYPES AND APPLICATIONS

ZX70-3

Shoe Width		450 mm (18") 600 mm (24") Grouser Shoe Grouser Shoe		450 mm (18") Flat Shoe	450 mm (18") Pad Crawler Shoe	450 mm (18") Rubber Pad Shoe	
Application		For Ordinary Ground (Standard)	For Weak Footing (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	
Operating Weight	kg (lb)	6470 (14300)	6630 (14600)	6630 (14600)	6520 (14400)	6790 (15000)	
Base Machine Weight	kg (lb)	5080 (11200)	5250 (11600)	5240 (11600)	5130 (11300)	5400 (11900)	
Cab Height m	m (ft∙in)	2600 (8'6")	2600 (8'6")	2610 (8'7")	2630 (8'8")	2630 (8'8")	
Minimum Ground Clearance	mm (ft∙in)	* 360 (1′2″)	* 360 (1′2″)	390 (1′3″)	410 (1'4")	410 (1'4")	
Undercarriage Length	mm (ft∙in)	2765 (9′1″)	2765 ('9"1")	2780 (9′1″)	2820 (9'3")	2825 (9′3″)	
Undercarriage Width	mm (ft∙in)	2200 (7′3″)	2350 (7′9″)	2200 (7'3")	2200 (7′3″)	2200 (7′3″)	
Ground Pressure		30 kPa (0.31 kgf/cm², 4.4 psi)	23 kPa (0.23 kgf/cm², 3.3 psi)	30 kPa (0.31 kgf/cm², 4.4 psi)	29 kPa (0.30 kgf/cm², 4.2 psi)	31 kPa (0.32 kgf/cm², 4.5 psi)	

NOTE: • The specifications for the front-end attachment is for 1.62 m (5 ft 4 in) arm with PCSA 0.28 m³ (0.37 yd³) bucket.

- 600 mm (24 in) grouser shoe, 450 mm (18 in) flat shoe, 450 mm (18 in) pad crawler shoe and 450 mm (18 in) rubber pad shoe should not be used on gravel or rocky ground.
- * The dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

ZX70LC-3

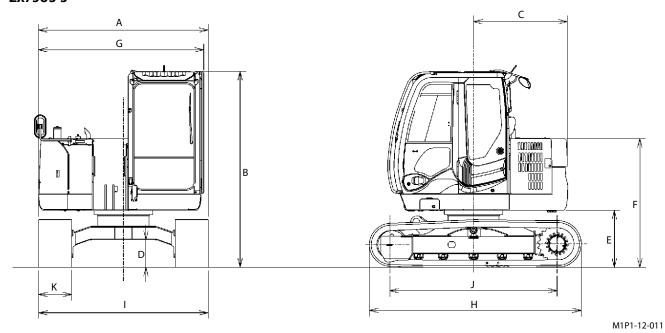
Shoe Width		450 mm (18") 600 mm (24") 450 mm (18") Grouser Shoe Flat Shoe		450 mm (18") Pad Crawler Shoe	450 mm (18") Rubber Pad Shoe	
Application		For Ordinary Ground (Standard)	For Weak Footing (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)
Operating Weight	kg (lb)	6570 (14500)	6740 (14900)	6740 (14900)	6620 (14600)	6900 (15200)
Base Machine Weight	kg (lb)	5160 (11400)	5340 (11800)	5330 (11800)	5210 (11500)	5500 (12100)
Cab Height m	m (ft·in)	2600 (8'6")	2600 (8'6")	2610 (8'7")	2630 (8'8")	2630 (8'8")
Minimum Ground Clearance	mm (ft∙in)	* 360 (1′2″)	* 360 (1′2″)	390 (1′3″)	410 (1'4")	410 (1'4")
Undercarriage Length	mm (ft∙in)	2920 (9′7″)	2920 ('9"7")	2935 (9'8")	2975 (9'9")	2980 (9′9″)
Undercarriage Width	mm (ft∙in)	2320 (7′7″)	2470 (8′1″)	2320 (7′7″)	2320 (7′7″)	2320 (7′7″)
Ground Pressure		28 kPa (0.29 kgf/cm², 4.1 psi)	22 kPa (0.22 kgf/cm², 3.2 psi)	29 kPa (0.30 kgf/cm², 4.2 psi)	28 kPa (0.29 kgf/cm², 4.1 psi)	29 kPa (0.30 kgf/cm², 4.2 psi)

NOTE: • The specifications for the front-end attachment is for 1.62 m (5 ft 4 in) arm with PCSA 0.33 m³ (0.43 yd³) bucket.

- 600 mm (24 in) grouser shoe, 450 mm (18 in) flat shoe, 450 mm (18 in) pad crawler shoe and 450 mm (18 in) rubber pad shoe should not be used on gravel or rocky ground.
- * The dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

SPECIFICATIONS

ZX75US-3

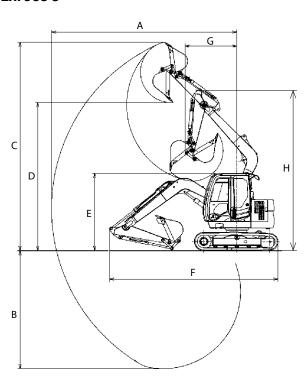


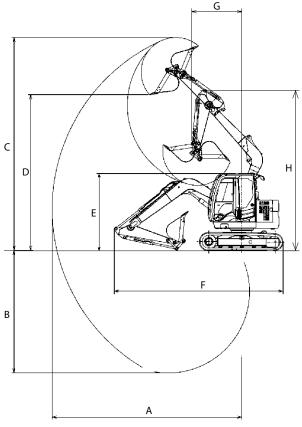
Mandal	7V7ELIC 2
Model	ZX75US-3
Front-End Attachment	1.62 m (5 ft 4 in) Arm
Standard Bucket Capacity (Heaped)	PCSA 0.28 m ³ (0.37 yd ³), CECE 0.24 m ³
Operating Weight	7200 kg (15900 lb)
Base Machine Weight	5800 kg (12800 lb)
Engine	Isuzu AU-4LE2X 40.5 kW/2000 min ⁻¹ (55 PS/2000 rpm)
A : Overall Width	2320 mm (7 ft 7 in)
B : Cab Height	2690 mm (8 ft 10 in)
C : Rear End Swing Radius	1290 mm (4 ft 3 in)
D : Minimum Ground Clearance	*360 mm (1 ft 2 in)
E : Counterweight Clearance	*760 mm (2 ft 6 in)
F : Engine Cover Height	*1750 mm (5 ft 9 in)
G : Overall Width of Upperstructure	2250 mm (7 ft 5 in)
H:Undercarriage Length	2920 mm (9 ft 7 in)
1: Undercarriage Width	2320 mm (7 ft 7 in)
J: Sprocket Center to Idle Center	2290 mm (7 ft 6 in)
K : Track Shoe Width	450 mm (18 in)
Ground Pressure	31 kPa (0.32 kgf/cm², 4.5 psi)
Swing Speed	10.5 min ⁻¹ (11.3 rpm)
Travel Speed	5.0/3.1 km/h (3.1/1.9 mph)
Gradeability	35° (tan $\theta = 0.70$)

NOTE: * The dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

WORKING RANGES

ZX75US-3





Backhoe

M1P1-12-007

Face Shovel (Reversed hoe bucket) M1P1-12-008

	1.62 m (5 ft 4 in) Arm				2.12 m (7 ft 0 in) Arm				
Category	Back	choe	Sho	Shovel		Backhoe		Shovel	
item	mm	ft∙in	mm	ft∙in	mm	ft∙in	mm	ft∙in	
A: Maximum Digging Reach	6430	21′1″	6570	21′7″	6920	22'8"	7050	23'2"	
B: Maximum Digging Depth	4110	13'6"	4250	14′0″	4610	15′2″	4750	15′7″	
C: Maximum Cutting Height	7210	23'8"	7370	24'2"	7610	25′0″	7780	25'6"	
D: Maximum Dumping Height	5120	16′10″	5390	17′8″	5510	18′1″	5830	19'2"	
5.0 million	2690	8′10″	2600	0/1.0//	2690 (without Bucket)	8'10" (without Bucket)	2690 (without Bucket)	8'10" (without Bucket)	
E: Overall Height			2690	8′10″	2830 (with Bucket)	9'3" (with Bucket)	2830 (with Bucket)	9′3″ (with Bucket)	
F: Overall Length	5870	19′3″	5870	19'3"	5950	19'6"	5950	19'6"	
G: Minimum Swing Radius	1810	5′11″	1810	5′11″	2170	7′1″	2170	7′1″	
H: Minimum Swing Radius Height	5590	18′4″	5590	18'4"	5610	18′5″	5610	18′5″	

NOTE: "E: Overall Height" includes the height of shoe lug; Other dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

SHOE TYPES AND APPLICATIONS

ZX75US-3

Shoe Width		450 mm (18") Grouser Shoe			450 mm (18") Pad Crawler Shoe	450 mm (18") Rubber Pad Shoe	
Application		For Ordinary Ground (Standard)	For Weak Footing (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	
Operating Weight	kg (lb)	7200 (15900)	7400 (16300)	7400 (16300)	7300 (16100)	7500 (16500)	
Base Machine Weight	kg (lb)	5800 (12800)	6000 (13200)	6000 (13200)	5900 (13000)	6200 (13700)	
Cab Height m	m (ft∙in)	2690 (8'10")	2690 (8'10")	2700 (8'10")	2720 (8'11")	2720 (8'11")	
Minimum Ground Clearance	mm (ft∙in)	* 360 (1′2″)	* 360 (1′2″)	390 (1′3″)	410 (1'4")	410 (1'4")	
Undercarriage Length	mm (ft∙in)	2920 (9′7″)	2920 (9′7″)	2940 (9'7")	2970 (9'9")	2980 (9'9")	
Undercarriage Width	mm (ft∙in)	2320 (7′7″)	2470 (8′1″)	2320 (7′7″)	2320 (7′7″)	2320 (7′7″)	
Ground Pressure		31 kPa (0.32 kgf/cm², 4.5 psi)	25 kPa (0.25 kgf/cm², 3.6 psi)	32 kPa (0.33 kgf/cm², 4.6 psi)	31 kPa (0.32 kgf/cm², 4.5 psi)	32 kPa (0.33 kgf/cm², 4.6 psi)	

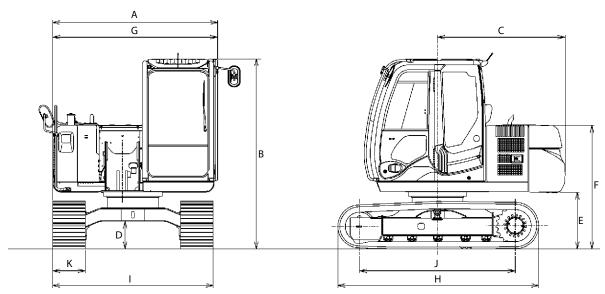
NOTE: • The specifications for the front-end attachment is for 1.62 m (5 ft 4 in) arm with PCSA 0.28 m³ (0.37 yd³) bucket.

^{• 600} mm (24 in) grouser shoe, 450 mm (18 in) flat shoe, 450 mm (18 in) pad crawler shoe and 450 mm (18 in) rubber pad shoe should not be used on gravel or rocky ground.

^{• *} The dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

SPECIFICATIONS

ZX80LCK-3



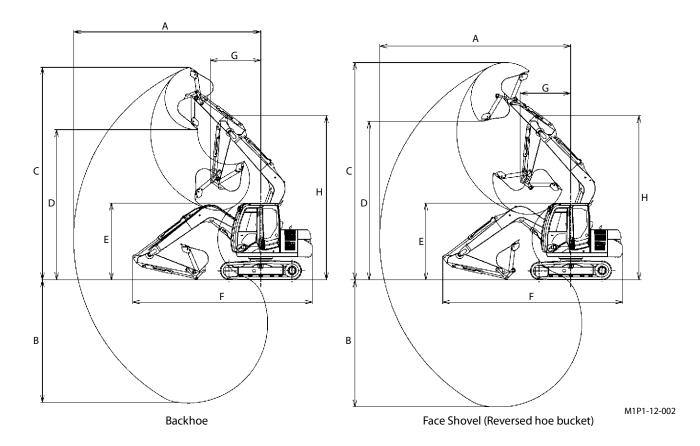
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Model	ZX80LCK-3
Front-End Attachment	4.0 m (13 ft 2 in) K Boom, 2.12 m (7 ft 0 in) Arm
Standard Bucket Capacity (Heaped)	PCSA 0.28 m ³ (0.37 yd ³), CECE 0.24 m ³
Operating Weight	7370 kg (16200 lb)
Base Machine Weight	5790 kg (12800 lb)
Engine	Isuzu AU-4LE2X 40.5 kW/2000 min ⁻¹ (55 PS/2000 rpm)
A: Overall Width	2320 mm (7 ft 7 in)
B: Cab Height	2730 mm (9 ft 0 in)
C: Rear End Swing Radius	1750 mm (5 ft 9 in)
D: Minimum Ground Clearance	* 360 mm (1 ft 2 in)
E: Counterweight Clearance	* 760 mm (2 ft 6 in)
F: Engine Cover Height	* 1680 mm (5 ft 6 in)
G: Overall Width of Upperstructure	2285 mm (7 ft 6 in)
H: Undercarriage Length	2920 mm (9 ft 7 in)
I : Undercarriage Width	2320 mm (7 ft 7 in)
J : Sprocket Center to Idle Center	2290 mm (7 ft 6 in)
K : Track Shoe Width	450 mm (18 in)
Ground Pressure	32 kPa (0.33 kgf/cm², 4.6 psi)
Swing Speed	10.5 min ⁻¹ (rpm)
Travel Speed	5.3/3.4 km/h (3.3/2.1 mph)
Gradeability	35 degree (70 %)

NOTE: *The dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

WORKING RANGES

ZX80LCK-3



	2.12 m (7 ft 0 in) Arm						
Category	Bac	khoe	Sho	ovel			
	mm	ft∙in	mm	ft∙in			
A: Maximum Digging Reach	7130	23′5″	7270	23′10″			
B: Maximum Digging Depth	4460	14'8"	4590	15′1″			
C: Maximum Cutting Height	8210	26′11″	8350	27′5″			
D: Maximum Dumping Height	6090	20'0"	6510	21′4″			
E: Overall Height	2730	9'00"	2730	9′0″			
F: Overall Length	6470	21′3″	6470	21′3″			
G: Minimum Swing Radius	1680	5′6″	1680	5′6″			
H: Minimum Swing Radius Height	6010	19'9"	6010	19'9"			

NOTE: "E: Overall Height" includes the height of shoe lug; Other dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

SHOE TYPES AND APPLICATIONS

ZX80LCK-3

Shoe Width		·		450 mm (18") Flat Shoe	450 mm (18") Pad Crawler Shoe	450 mm (18") Rubber Pad Shoe
Application		For Ordinary Ground (Standard)	For Weak Footing (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)
Operating Weight	kg (lb)	7370 (16200)	7550 (16700)	7550 (16700)	7430 (16400)	7710 (17000)
Base Machine Weight	kg (lb)	5790 (12700)	5960 (13100)	5960 (13100)	5840 (12900)	6120 (13500)
Cab Height	mm (ft∙in)	2730 (9'0")	2730 (9'0")	2740 (9'0")	2760 (9'1")	2760 (9'1")
Minimum Ground Clearance	mm (ft·in)	* 360 (1′2″)	* 360 (1′2″)	390 (1′3″)	410 (1'4")	410 (1'4")
Undercarriage Length	mm (ft·in)	2920 (9'7")	2920 ('9"7")	2935 (9'8")	2975 (9'9")	2980 (9'9")
Undercarriage Width	mm (ft·in)	2320 (7′7″)	2470 (8′1″)	2320 (7′7″)	2320 (7′7″)	2320 (7′7″)
Ground Pressure		32 kPa (0.33 kgf/cm², 4.6 psi)	25 kPa (0.25 kgf/cm², 3.6 psi)	32 kPa (0.33 kgf/cm², 4.6 psi)	32 kPa (0.33 kgf/cm², 4.6 psi)	33 kPa (0.34 kgf/cm², 4.8 psi)

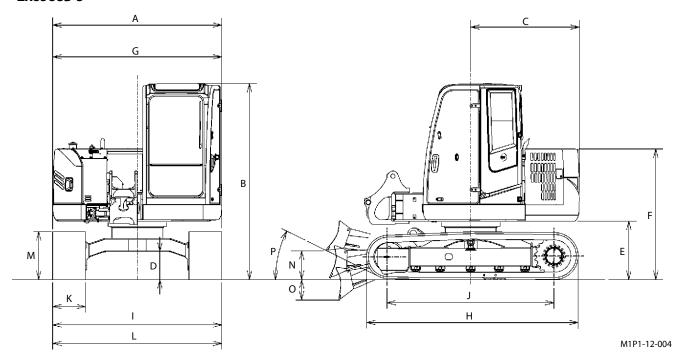
NOTE: • The specifications for the front-end attachment is for 4.0 m (13 ft 2 in) K boom and 2.12 m (7 ft 0 in) arm with PCSA 0.28 m³ (0.37 yd³) bucket.

^{• 600} mm (24 in) grouser shoe, 450 mm (18 in) flat shoe, 450 mm (18 in) pad crawler shoe and 450 mm (18 in) rubber pad shoe should not be used on gravel or rocky ground.

^{• *} The dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

SPECIFICATIONS

ZX85USB-3

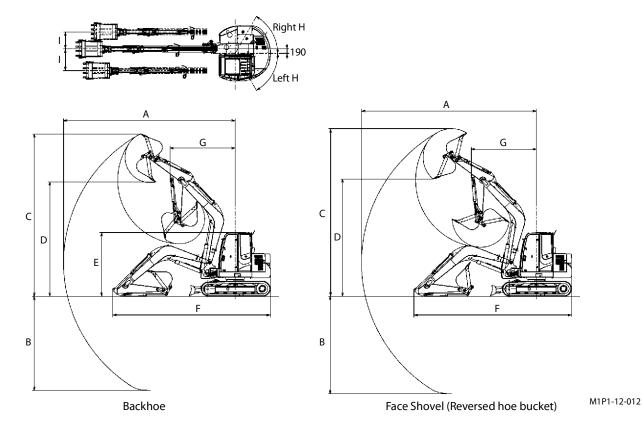


Model	ZX85USB-3
Type of Front-End Attachment	
	Boom-Swing Type 1.62 m (5 ft 4 in) Arm PCSA 0.28 m ³ (0.37 yd ³), CECE 0.24 m ³
Bucket Capacity (Heaped)	
Operating Weight	8080 kg (17900 lb)
Base Machine Weight	6700 kg (14800 lb)
Engine	Isuzu AU-4LE2X 40.5 kW/2000 min ⁻¹ (55 PS/2000 rpm)
A: Overall Width (Excluding Back Mirrors)	2320 mm (7 ft 7 in)
B: Cab Height	2690 mm (8 ft 10 in)
C: Rear End Swing Radius	1490 mm (4 ft 11 in)
D: Minimum Ground Clearance	*360 mm (1 ft 2 in)
E: Counterweight Clearance	*760 mm (2 ft 6 in)
F: Engine Cover Height	*1750 mm (5 ft 9 in)
G: Overall Width of Upperstructure	2320 mm (7 ft 7 in)
H: Undercarriage Length	2920 mm (9 ft 7 in)
I: Undercarriage Width	2320 mm (7 ft 7 in)
J: Sprocket Center to Idler Center	2290 mm (7 ft 6 in)
K: Track Shoe Width	450 mm (18 in) (Grouser shoe)
L: Blade Width	2320 mm (7 ft 7 in)
M: Blade Height	460 mm (1 ft 6 in)
N: Blade Bottom Highest Position	*2(0 ··· ··· (1 ft 2 :-)
(above ground level)	*360 mm (1 ft 2 in)
O: Blade Bottom Lowest Position	*200 /4 ft 0 ; \
(below ground level)	*300 mm (1 ft 0 in)
P: Maximum Approach Angle	26.8 degree ($\tan \theta = 0.51$)
Ground Pressure	35 kPa (0.36 kgf/cm², 5.1 psi)
Swing Speed	10.5 min ⁻¹ (rpm)
Travel Speed (fast/slow)	5.0/3.1 km/h (3.1/1.9 mph)
Gradeability	35° (tan $\theta = 0.70$)

 $\ensuremath{\cancel{\varnothing}}$ NOTE: * The dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

WORKING RANGES

ZX85USB-3



	1.62 m (5 ft 4 in) Arm				2.12 m (7 ft 0 in) Arm			
Category	Back	choe	Sho	Shovel		Backhoe		ovel
nem -	mm	ft∙in	mm	ft∙in	mm	ft∙in	mm	ft∙in
A: Maximum Digging Reach	7210	23′8″	7350	24′1″	7700	25′ 3″	7840	25′ 9″
B: Maximum Digging Depth	3970	13′0″	4110	13′6″	4470	14'8"	4610	15′ 2″
C: Maximum Cutting Height	6810	22′ 4″	7020	23′0″	7180	23′7″	7380	24′ 3″
D: Maximum Dumping Height	4790	15′ 9″	4910	16′1″	5140	16′ 10″	5300	17′5″
E: Overall Height	2690	8′10″	2690	8′ 10″	2690	8′ 10″	2690	8′ 10″
F: Overall Length	6640	21′9″	6640	21′9″	6810	22′4″	6810	22′4″
G: Minimum Swing Radius	2740	8′12″	2740	8′12″	2900	9′ 6″	2900	9′ 6″
H: Maximum Boom-Swing Angle	Left 60° / Right 60°							
I: Offset Distance	Left 910 (3'0") Right 720 (2'4")							

NOTE: "E: Overall Height" includes the height of shoe lug; Other dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

SHOE TYPES AND APPLICATIONS

ZX85USB-3

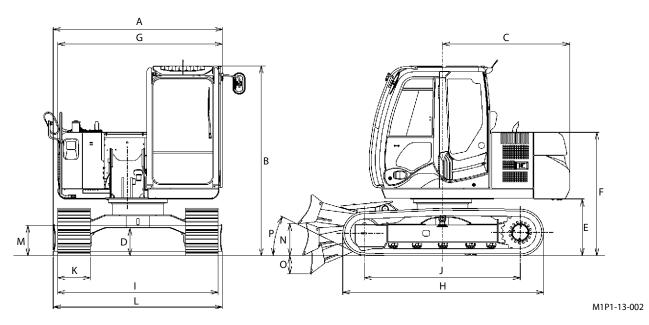
Shoe Width		450 mm (18") Grouser Shoe	600 mm (24") Grouser Shoe	450 mm (18") Flat Shoe	450 mm (18") Pad Crawler Shoe	450 mm (18") Rubber Pad Shoe
Application		For Ordinary Ground (Standard)	For Weak Footing (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)
Operating Weight	kg (lb)	8080 (17900)	8260 (18300)	8250 (18200)	8070 (17800)	8410 (18500)
Base Machine Weight	kg (lb)	6700 (14800)	6890 (15200)	6870 (15100)	7060 (15600)	7030 (15500)
Cab Height r	nm (ft·in)	2690 (8'10")	2690 (8'10")	2700 (8'10")	2720 (8′11″)	2720 (8′11″)
Minimum Ground Clearance	mm (ft·in)	* 360 (1′2″)	* 360 (1′2″)	390 (1′3″)	410 (1'4")	410 (1'4")
Undercarriage Length	mm (ft·in)	2920 (9′7″)	2920 (9′7″)	2940 (9'7")	2970 (9'9")	2980 (9'9")
Undercarriage Width	mm (ft∙in)	2320 (7′7″)	2470 (8′1″)	2320 (7′7″)	2320 (7′7″)	2320 (7′7″)
Ground Pressure		35 kPa (0.36 kgf/cm², 5.1 psi)	27 kPa (0.28 kgf/cm², 3.9 psi)	36 kPa (0.37 kgf/cm², 5.2 psi)	35 kPa (0.36 kgf/cm², 5.1 psi)	36 kPa (0.37 kgf/cm², 5.2 psi)

NOTE: • The specifications for the front-end attachment is for 1.62 m arm with PCSA 0.28 m³ bucket.
 • 600 mm (24 in) grouser shoe, 450 mm (18 in) flat shoe, 450 mm (18 in) pad crawler shoe and 450 mm (18 in) rubber pad shoe should not be used on gravel or rocky ground.

^{• *} The dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

SPECIFICATIONS

ZX70-3, 70LC-3 (with Blade)

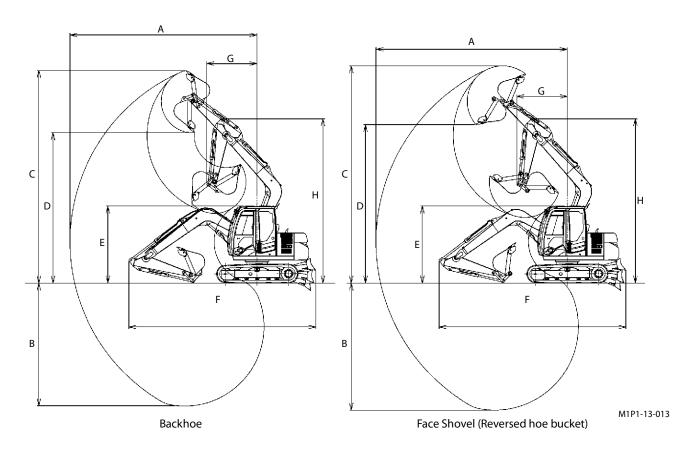


Model	ZX70-3	ZX70LC-3			
Front-End Attachment		ft 4 in) Arm			
Standard Bucket Capacity (Heaped)	PCSA 0.28 m ³ (0.37 yd ³), CECE 0.24 m ³	PCSA 0.33 m ³ (0.43 yd ³), CECE 0.29 m ³			
Operating Weight	7040 kg (15500 lb)	7150 kg (15800 lb)			
		5740 kg (12700 lb)			
Base Machine Weight	5650 kg (12500 lb)	000 min ⁻¹ (55 PS/2000 rpm)			
Engine					
A: Overall Width	2260 mm (7 ft 5 in)	2320 mm (7 ft 7 in)			
B: Cab Height		(8 ft 6 in)			
C: Rear End Swing Radius		ı (5 ft 9 in)			
D: Minimum Ground Clearance	* 360 mm	n (1 ft 2 in)			
E: Counterweight Clearance	* 760 mm	n (2 ft 6 in)			
F: Engine Cover Height	1680 mm	ı (5 ft 6 in)			
G: Overall Width of Upperstructure	2260 mm (7 ft 5 in)				
H: Undercarriage Length	2765 mm (9 ft 1 in)	2920 mm (9 ft 7 in)			
I : Undercarriage Width	2200 mm (7 ft 3 in)	2320 mm (7 ft 7 in)			
J : Sprocket Center to Idle Center	2140 mm (7 ft 0 in)	2290 mm (7 ft 6 in)			
K : Track Shoe Width	450 mn	n (18 in)			
L : Blade Width	2200 mm (7 ft 3 in)	2320 mm (7 ft 7 in)			
M: Blade Height	460 mm	(1 ft 6 in)			
N: Blade Bottom Highest Position (above ground level)	* 360 mm	n (1 ft 3 in)			
O: Blade Bottom Lowest Position (below ground level)	* 300 mm (11 in)				
P: Maximum Approach Angle	26.8 degree	$(\tan\theta = 0.51)$			
Ground Pressure	32 kPa (0.33 kgf/cm², 4.6 psi)	30 kPa (0.31 kgf/cm², 4.4 psi)			
Swing Speed	10.5 mir	n ⁻¹ (rpm)			
Travel Speed	5.3/3.4 km/h (3.3/2.1 mph)				
Gradeability	35 degre	35 degree (70 %)			

 $\ensuremath{\cancel{\varnothing}}$ NOTE: * The dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

WORKING RANGES

ZX70-3, 70LC-3 (with Blade)



	1.62 m (5 ft 4 in) Arm				2.12 m (7 ft 0 in) Arm			
Category	Back	hoe	Shovel		Backhoe		Shovel	
item	mm	ft∙in	mm	ft∙in	mm	ft∙in	mm	ft∙in
A: Maximum Digging Reach	6320	20′9″	6460	21′2″	6810	22′4″	6950	22′10″
B: Maximum Digging Depth	4170	13′8″	4310	14'2"	4670	15′4″	4810	15′9″
C: Maximum Cutting Height	7150	23'6"	7320	24'0"	7550	24'9"	7710	25'4"
D: Maximum Dumping Height	5060	16′7″	5340	17'6"	5450	17′11″	5770	18′11″
5 O	2600	8'6"	3600	0/6//	2700 (without Bucket)	8'10" (without Bucket)	2700 (without Bucket)	8'10" (without Bucket)
E: Overall Height	2600		2600	8'6"	2880 (with Bucket)	9'5" (with Bucket)	2880 (with Bucket)	9'5" (with Bucket)
F: Overall Length	6270	20′7″	6270	20′7″	6320	20′9″	6320	20′9″
G: Minimum Swing Radius	1720	5′8″	1720	5′8″	2080	6′10″	2080	6′10″
H: Minimum Swing Radius Height	5530	18′2″	5530	18'2"	5550	18′3″	5550	18′3″

NOTE: "E: Overall Height" includes the height of shoe lug; Other dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

SHOE TYPES AND APPLICATIONS

ZX70-3 (with Blade)

Shoe Width		450 mm (18") Grouser Shoe	600 mm (24") Grouser Shoe	450 mm (18") Flat Shoe	450 mm (18") Pad Crawler Shoe	450 mm (18") Rubber Pad Shoe
Application		For Ordinary Ground (Standard)	For Weak Footing (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)
Operating Weight	kg (lb)	7040 (15500)	7230 (15900)	7200 (15900)	7090 (15600)	7360 (16200)
Base Machine Weight	kg (lb)	5650 (12500)	5840 (12900)	5820 (12800)	5700 (12600)	5970 (13200)
Cab Height m	m (ft•in)	2600 (8'6")	2600 (8'6")	2610 (8'7")	2630 (8'8")	2630 (8'8")
Minimum Ground Clearance	mm (ft•in)	* 360 (1′2″)	* 360 (1′2″)	390 (1′3″)	410 (1'4")	410 (1'4")
Undercarriage Length	mm (ft•in)	2765 (9′1″)	2765 ('9"1")	2780 (9'1")	2820 (9'3")	2825 (9'3")
Undercarriage Width	mm (ft•in)	2200 (7′3″)	2350 (7′9″)	2200 (7'3")	2200 (7′3″)	2200 (7′3″)
Ground Pressure		32 kPa (0.33 kgf/cm², 4.6 psi)	25 kPa (0.25 kgf/cm², 3.6 psi)	33 kPa (0.34 kgf/cm², 4.8 psi)	32 kPa (0.33 kgf/cm², 4.6 psi)	34 kPa (0.35 kgf/cm², 4.9 psi)

NOTE: • The specifications for the front-end attachment is for 1.62 m (5 ft 4 in) arm with PCSA 0.28 m³ (0.37 yd³) bucket.

- 600 mm (24 in) grouser shoe, 450 mm (18 in) flat shoe, 450 mm (18 in) pad crawler shoe and 450 mm (18 in) rubber pad shoe should not be used on gravel or rocky ground.
- * The dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

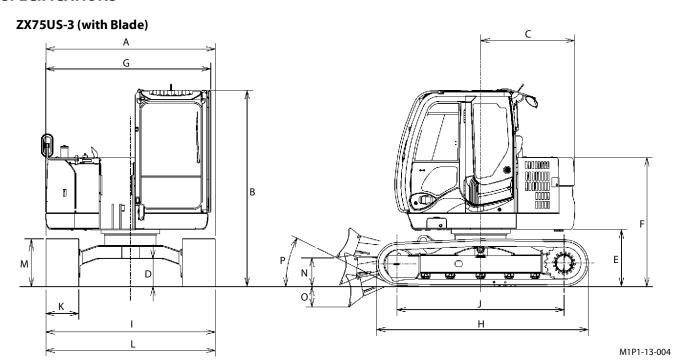
ZX70LC-3 (with Blade)

Shoe Width		450 mm (18") Grouser Shoe	600 mm (24") Grouser Shoe	450 mm (18") Flat Shoe	450 mm (18") Pad Crawler Shoe	450 mm (18") Rubber Pad Shoe
Application		For Ordinary Ground (Standard)	For Weak Footing (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)
Operating Weight	kg (lb)	7150 (15800)	7340 (16200)	7320 (16100)	7200 (15900)	7480 (16500)
Base Machine Weight	kg (lb)	5740 (12700)	5930 (13100)	5920 (13100)	5800 (12800)	6080 (13400)
Cab Height m	ım (ft•in)	2600 (8'6")	2600 (8'6")	2610 (8'7")	2630 (8'8")	2630 (8'8")
Minimum Ground Clearance	mm (ft•in)	* 360 (1′2″)	* 360 (1′2″)	390 (1′3″)	410 (1'4")	410 (1'4")
Undercarriage Length	mm (ft•in)	2920 (9′7″)	2920 ('9"7")	2935 (9'8")	2975 (9′9″)	2980 (9′9″)
Undercarriage Width	mm (ft•in)	2320 (7′7″)	2470 (8′1″)	2320 (7′7″)	2320 (7′7″)	2320 (7′7″)
Ground Pressure		30 kPa (0.31 kgf/cm², 4.4 psi)	24 kPa (0.24 kgf/cm², 3.5 psi)	31 kPa (0.32 kgf/cm², 4.5 psi)	31 kPa (0.32 kgf/cm², 4.5 psi)	32 kPa (0.33 kgf/cm², 4.6 psi)

NOTE: • The specifications for the front-end attachment is for 1.62 m (5 ft 4 in) arm with PCSA 0.33 m³ (0.43 yd³) bucket.

- 600 mm (24 in) grouser shoe, 450 mm (18 in) flat shoe, 450 mm (18 in) pad crawler shoe and 450 mm (18 in) rubber pad shoe should not be used on gravel or rocky ground.
- * The dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

SPECIFICATIONS

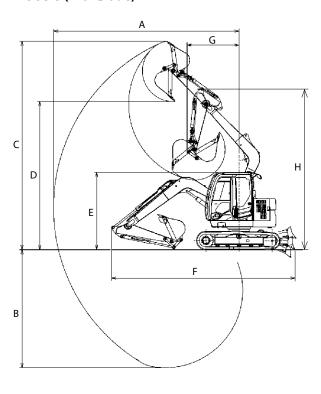


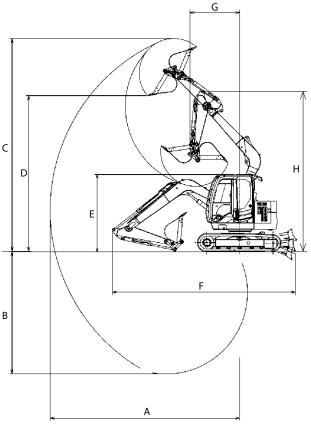
Model	ZX75US-3
Front-End Attachment	1.62 m (5 ft 4 in) Arm
Standard Bucket Capacity (Heaped)	PCSA 0.28 m ³ (0.37 yd ³), CECE 0.24 m ³
Operating Weight	7800 kg (17200 lb)
Base Machine Weight	6400 kg (14200 lb)
Engine	Isuzu AU-4LE2X 40.5 kW/2000 min ⁻¹ (55 PS/2000 rpm)
A : Overall Width	2320 mm (7 ft 7 in)
B : Cab Height	2690 mm (8 ft 10 in)
C : Rear End Swing Radius	1290 mm (4 ft 3 in)
D : Minimum Ground Clearance	*360 mm (1 ft 2 in)
E : Counterweight Clearance	*760 mm (2 ft 6 in)
F : Engine Cover Height	*1750 mm (5 ft 9 in)
G:Overall Width of Upperstructure	2250 mm (7 ft 5 in)
H:Undercarriage Length	2920 mm (9 ft 7 in)
1: Undercarriage Width	2320 mm (7 ft 7 in)
J: Sprocket Center to Idle Center	2290 mm (7 ft 6 in)
K : Track Shoe Width	450 mm (18 in)
L: Blade Width	2320 mm (7 ft 7 in)
M: Blade Height	460 mm (1 ft 6 in)
N: Blade Bottom Highest Position (above ground level)	* 360 mm (1 ft 2 in)
O: Blade Bottom Lowest Position (below ground level)	* 300 mm (1 ft 0 in)
P: Maximum Approach Angle	26.8 degree ($\tan \theta = 0.51$)
Ground Pressure	34 kPa (0.35 kgf/cm², 4.9 psi)
Swing Speed	10.5 min ⁻¹ (11.3 rpm)
Travel Speed	5.0/3.1 km/h (3.1/1.9 mph)
Gradeability	35° (tan θ = 0.70)

NOTE: *The dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

WORKING RANGES

ZX75US-3 (with Blade)





Backhoe

M1P1-13-005

Face Shovel (Reversed hoe bucket) M1

1/1	D1.	.12_	വെ

	1.62 m (5 ft 4 in) Arm				2.12 m (7 ft 0 in) Arm				
Category	Bacl	khoe	Shovel		Back	Backhoe		Shovel	
item	mm	ft∙in	mm	ft∙in	mm	ft∙in	mm	ft∙in	
A: Maximum Digging Reach	6430	21′1″	6570	21′7″	6920	22'8"	7050	23'2"	
B: Maximum Digging Depth	4110	13'6"	4250	14′0″	4610	15′2″	4750	15′7″	
C: Maximum Cutting Height	7210	23'8"	7370	24'2"	7610	25′0″	7780	25'6"	
D: Maximum Dumping Height	5120	16′10″	5390	17′8″	5510	18′1″	5830	19'2"	
5 O	2600	8′10″	2600	0/1.0//	2690 (without Bucket)	8'10" (without Bucket)	2690 (without Bucket)	8'10" (without Bucket)	
E: Overall Height	2690		2690	8′10″	2830 (with Bucket)	9'3" (with Bucket)	2830 (with Bucket)	9'3" (with Bucket)	
F: Overall Length	6300	20'8"	6300	20'8"	6370	20′11″	6370	20′11″	
G: Minimum Swing Radius	1810	5′11″	1810	5′11″	2170	7′1″	2170	7′1″	
H: Minimum Swing Radius Height	5590	18′4″	5590	18′4″	5610	18′5″	5610	18′5″	

NOTE: "E: Overall Height" includes the height of shoe lug; Other dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

SHOE TYPES AND APPLICATIONS

ZX75US-3 (with Blade)

Shoe Width		450 mm (18") Grouser Shoe	600 mm (24") Grouser Shoe	450 mm (18") Flat Shoe	450 mm (18") Pad Crawler Shoe	450 mm (18") Rubber Pad Shoe
Application		For Ordinary Ground (Standard)	For Weak Footing (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)
Operating Weight	kg (lb)	7800 (17200)	8000 (17700)	8000 (17700)	7800 (17200)	8100 (17900)
Base Machine Weight	kg (lb)	6400 (14200)	6600 (14600)	6600 (14600)	6500 (14400)	6700 (14800)
Cab Height m	m (ft•in)	2690 (8'10")	2690 (8'10")	2700 (8'10")	2720 (8'11")	2720 (8'11")
Minimum Ground Clearance	mm (ft•in)	* 360 (1′2″)	* 360 (1′2″)	390 (1′3″)	410 (1'4")	410 (1'4")
Undercarriage Length	mm (ft•in)	2920 (9′7″)	2920 (9′7″)	2940 (9'7")	2970 (9'9")	2980 (9'9")
Undercarriage Width	mm (ft•in)	2320 (7′7″)	2470 (8′1″)	2320 (7′7″)	2320 (7′7″)	2320 (7′7″)
Ground Pressure		34 kPa (0.35 kgf/cm², 4.9 psi)	26 kPa (0.27 kgf/cm², 3.8 psi)	34 kPa (0.35 kgf/cm², 4.9 psi)	33 kPa (0.34 kgf/cm², 4.8 psi)	35 kPa (0.36 kgf/cm², 5.1 psi)

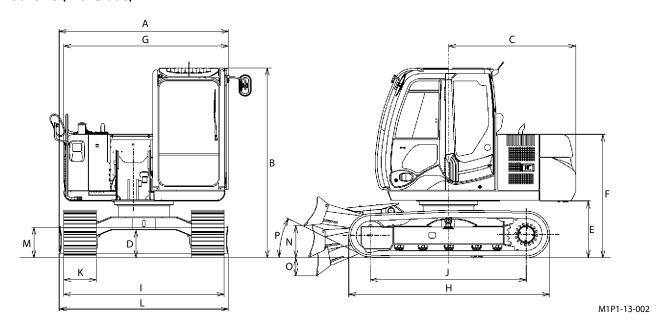
NOTE: • The specifications for the front-end attachment is for 1.62 m arm with PCSA 0.28 m³ bucket.

^{• 600} mm (24 in) grouser shoe, 450 mm (18 in) flat shoe, 450 mm (18 in) pad crawler shoe and 450 mm (18 in) rubber pad shoe should not be used on gravel or rocky ground.

^{• *} The dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

SPECIFICATIONS

ZX80LCK-3 (with Blade)

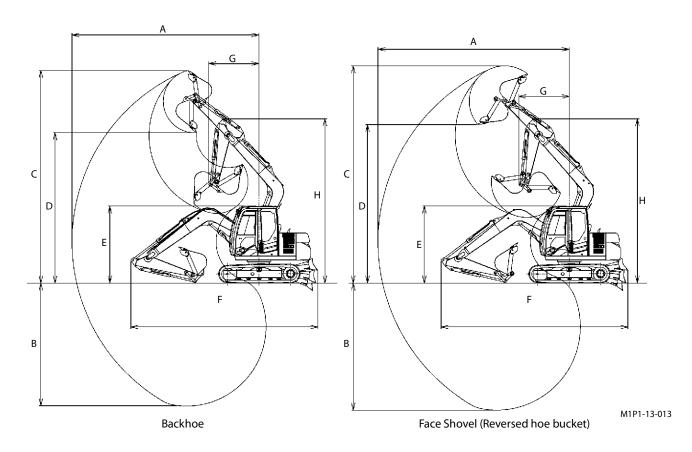


Model	ZX80LCK-3
Front-End Attachment	4.0 m (13 ft 2 in) K boom, 2.12 m (7 ft 0 in) Arm
Standard Bucket Capacity (Heaped)	PCSA 0.28 m ³ (0.37 yd ³), CECE 0.24 m ³
Operating Weight	7860 kg (17300 lb)
Base Machine Weight	6270 kg (13400 lb)
Engine	Isuzu AU-4LE2X 40.5 kW/2000 min ⁻¹ (55 PS/2000 rpm)
A: Overall Width	2320 mm (7 ft 7 in)
B: Cab Height	2730 mm (9 ft 0 in)
C: Rear End Swing Radius	1750 mm (5 ft 9 in)
D: Minimum Ground Clearance	* 360 mm (1 ft 2 in)
E: Counterweight Clearance	* 760 mm (2 ft 6 in)
F: Engine Cover Height	1680 mm (5 ft 6 in)
G: Overall Width of Upperstructure	2285 mm (7 ft 6 in)
H: Undercarriage Length	2920 mm (9 ft 7 in)
I : Undercarriage Width	2320 mm (7 ft 7 in)
J : Sprocket Center to Idle Center	2290 mm (7 ft 6 in)
K : Track Shoe Width	450 mm (18 in)
L : Blade Width	2300 mm (7 ft 7 in)
M: Blade Height	460 mm (1 ft 6 in)
N: Blade Bottom Highest Position (above ground level)	* 360 mm (1 ft 3 in)
O: Blade Bottom Lowest Position (below ground level)	* 300 mm (11 in)
P: Maximum Approach Angle	26.8 degree ($\tan \theta = 0.51$)
Ground Pressure	34 kPa (0.35 kgf/cm², 4.9 psi)
Swing Speed	10.5 min ⁻¹ (rpm)
Travel Speed	5.3/3.4 km/h (3.3/2.1 mph)
Gradeability	35 degree (70 %)

NOTE: * The dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

WORKING RANGES

ZX80LCK-3 (with Blade)



	2.12 m (7 ft 0 in) Arm						
Category	Bacl	khoe	Shovel				
ilem -	mm	ft∙in	mm	ft∙in			
A: Maximum Digging Reach	7130	23′5″	7270	23′10″			
B: Maximum Digging Depth	4460	14'8"	4590	15′1″			
C: Maximum Cutting Height	8210	26′11″	8350	27′5″			
D: Maximum Dumping Height	6090	20′0″	6510	21′4″			
E: Overall Height	2730	9′0″	2730	9′0″			
F: Overall Length	6650	22′0″	6650	22′0″			
G: Minimum Swing Radius	1680	5′6″	1680	5′6″			
H: Minimum Swing Radius Height	6010	19'9"	6010	19'9"			

NOTE: "E: Overall Height" includes the height of shoe lug; Other dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

SHOE TYPES AND APPLICATIONS

ZX80LCK-3 (with Blade)

Shoe Width		450 mm (18") Grouser Shoe	600 mm (24") Grouser Shoe	450 mm (18") Flat Shoe	450 mm (18") Pad Crawler Shoe	450 mm (18") Rubber Pad Shoe
Application		For Ordinary Ground (Standard)	For Weak Footing (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)
Operating Weight	kg (lb)	7860 (17300)	8050 (17800)	8030 (17800)	7910 (17400)	8190 (18000)
Base Machine Weight	kg (lb)	6270 (13800)	6460 (14200)	6450 (14200)	6330 (14000)	6610 (14600)
Cab Height m	m (ft•in)	2730 (9'0")	2730 (9'0")	2740 (9'0")	2760 (9'1")	2760 (9'1")
Minimum Ground Clearance	mm (ft•in)	* 360 (1′2″)	* 360 (1′2″)	390 (1′3″)	410 (1'4")	410 (1'4")
Undercarriage Length	mm (ft•in)	2920 (9′7″)	2920 ('9"7")	2935 (9'8")	2975 (9'9")	2980 (9'9")
Undercarriage Width	mm (ft•in)	2320 (7′7″)	2470 (8′1″)	2320 (7′7″)	2320 (7′7″)	2320 (7′7″)
Ground Pressure		34 kPa (0.35 kgf/cm², 4.9 psi)	26 kPa (0.27 kgf/cm², 3.8 psi)	34 kPa (0.35 kgf/cm², 4.9 psi)	34 kPa (0.35 kgf/cm², 4.9 psi)	35 kPa (0.36 kgf/cm², 5.1 psi)

NOTE: • The specifications for the front-end attachment is for 4.0 m (13 ft 2 in) K boom and 2.12 m (7 ft 0 in) arm with PCSA 0.28 m³ (0.37 yd³) bucket.

^{• 600} mm (24 in) grouser shoe, 450 mm (18 in) flat shoe, 450 mm (18 in) pad crawler shoe and 450 mm (18 in) rubber pad shoe should not be used on gravel or rocky ground.

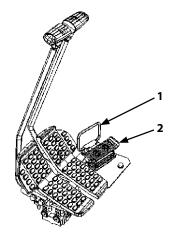
^{• *} The dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

OFFSET ARM FRONT

ZX70-3, 70LC-3, 75US-3

Offset Control Pedal

Pedal (2) is located at the operator's right foot.

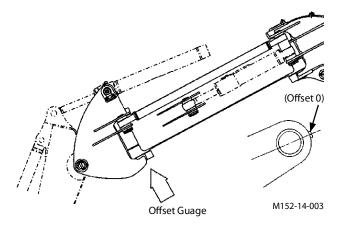


M1P1-13-007

Offset Operation

- 1. Turn cover (1) forward to unlock pedal (2).
- 2. Push down on the left side of pedal (2) to move the arm to the left offset position.
- 3. Push down on the right side of pedal (2) to move the arm to the right offset position.
- 4. Turn cover (1) backward to lock pedal (2) when the arm offset operation is no longer required.

The center position of the arm (offset 0) can be confirmed by consulting the gauge at the top end of the boom.



Offset Direction and Working Range

Right and left offset directions are taken from the point of view of the operator. Accordingly, "left" offset means that the front attachment is moved towards the cab.

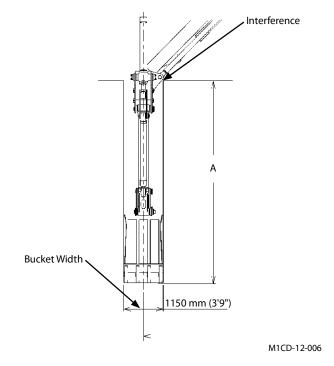
Maximum digging depth with maximum offset distance of 1150 (3'9") mm is A due to interference of the boom with the ground surface, as illustrated.

A:3160 mm (10'4")

Working Range:

Offset distance can be selected up to a maximum distance of 1150 (3'9") mm for both right and left directions.

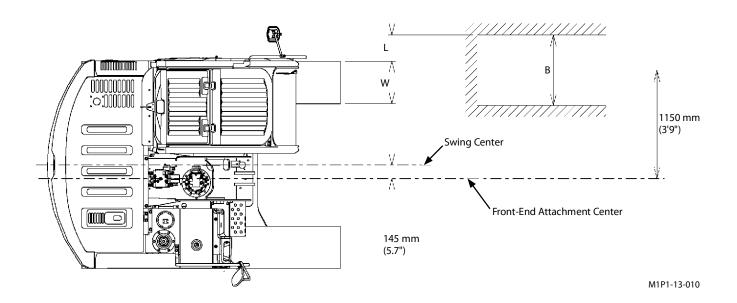
- 1. Maximum digging depth with maximum offset distance using 0.28 m³ and 0.24 m³ bucket is as shown in the illustration
- 2. Distance L from the end surface of the crawler to the farthest end of the bucket will differ with the width of the bucket and track shoes as shown below.



Dimension L by width of Bucket and Shoe

Bucket		W: Shoe Width 450 mm (18")	W: Shoe Width 600 mm (20")
Capacity * m³ (yd³)	B: Width mm (in)	L: mm (in)	L: (mm)
0.11 (0.14)	450 (18")	35 (1.4")	-40 (-1.6")
0.24 (0.31)	650 (26")	135 (5.3")	60 (2.4")
0.28 (0.37)	750 (30")	185 (7.3")	110 (4.3")

^{*} PCSA Heaped



PRECAUTIONS FOR OPERATING WITH THE OFF-SET FUNCTION

Λ

WARNING: In case this machine is equipped with an unspecified attachment such as an oversized bucket or hydraulic breaker, the attachment may come in contact with the cab if the machine is operated with the front attachment offset, possibly causing injury or death as well as damaging the machine



WARNING: Never jack up the machine with the front in the offset position. This is extremely dangerous, as the machine is unstable.

IMPORTANT: Do not perform heavy duty work, or dig gravel with the front in the offset position.

Do not perform tamping work with a slope-finishing bucket attached. These operation will damage the lower and upper booms.

1. When using unspecified attachments such as oversized buckets or hydraulic breaker, be sure the front attachment dimension does not exceed the specified dimension shown rightward.

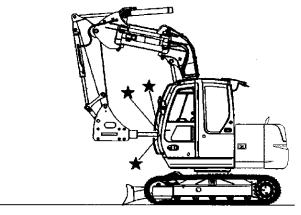
Use an attachment with the dimension between the arm top pin center to the tip end of the attachment 1060 mm or less.

2. When digging with the front in the offset position, the bucket will come in contact with the track link if the arm is crowded.

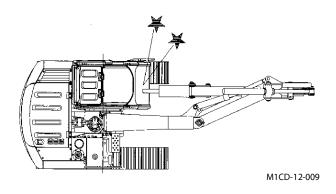
Even if bucket does not touch the track link, watch for the bucket digging under the track, as this will cause instability.

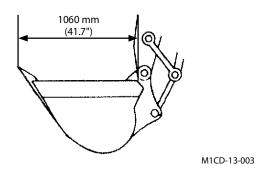
- 3. Be sure to follow the precautions shown below.
 - (1) Do not use the 2.12 m arm as it will interfere with the cab when in the offset position.
 - (2) Do not use the bucket as a pile driver with the boom in the offset position.
 - (3) When digging with the boom in offset position, be careful not to damage the cylinder stay.

In order to prevent the offset pins from getting rusty, operate the offset function regularly. Check offset function operation every time before starting work.



M1CD-12-008





MAINTENANCE

Refer to the Greasing Front Joint Pins pages in the MAINTE-NANCE section.

Boom Foot, Boom Cylinder Bottom Side, Arm Cylinder Rod Side, and Bucket Cylinder Bottom Side Pins:

Refer to the Greasing Front Joint Pins pages in the MAINTE-NANCE section.

Offset Front Attachment Joint Pins --- every 50 hours

Add greasing to all illustrated grease fittings.

Retightening EX Pin.

The EX pin is tightened with a screw. The pin will unavoidably become loose due to permanent set of the parts fastened with the screw during initial operation. Be sure to retighten the pin one time within the first 5 to 20 hours after starting operation to the same tightening torque as specified.

Cylinder Stay and Upper Boom Joint Pin (1)

Tool: 55 mm

Torque: 1050 N•m (105 kgf•m, 770 lbf•ft) Upper Boom and Lower Boom Joint Pin (2)

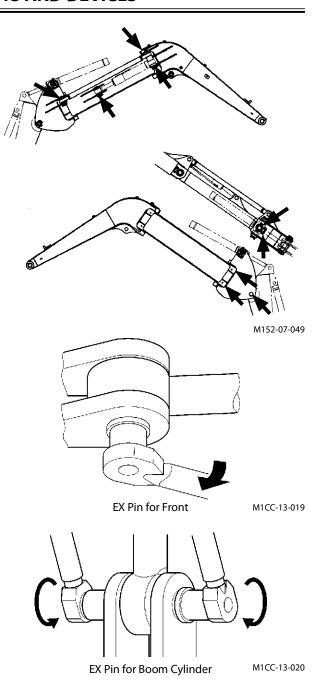
Tool: 55 mm

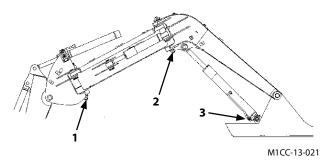
Torque: 1050 N·m (105 kgf·m, 770 lbf·ft)

Boom Cylinder Bottom Side and Frame Joint Pin (3)

Tool: 36 mm

Torque: 450 N•m (45 kgf•m, 330 lbf•ft)

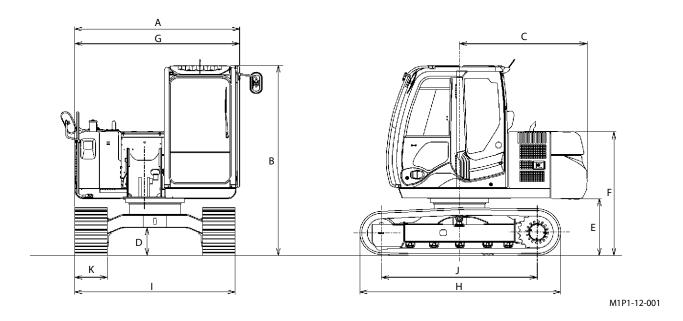




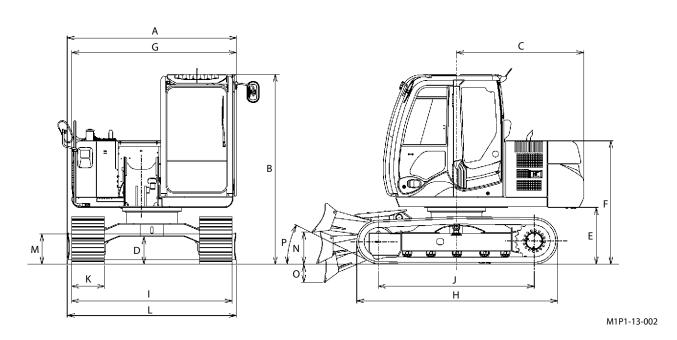
SPECIFICATIONS

ZX70-3, 70LC-3 (with Offset Arm Front)

ZX70-3, 70LC-3 (without Blade)



ZX70-3, 70LC-3 (with Blade)



Specifications

NA I - I	ZX70-3			
Model	Without Blade	With Blade		
Type of Front-End Attachment	Offset Boom 1.62	m (5 ft 4 in) Arm		
Bucket Capacity (Heaped)	PCSA 0.28 m ³ (0.37	yd³), CECE 0.24 m³		
Operating Weight	7020 kg (15500 lb)	7590 kg (16700 lb)		
Base Machine Weight	5180 kg (11400 lb)	5750 kg (12700 lb)		
Engine	lsuzu AU-4LE2X 40.5 kW/20	00 min ⁻¹ (55 PS/2000 rpm)		
A : Overall Width (Excluding Rearview Mirrors)	2200 mm (7 ft 2 in)	2320 mm (7 ft 7 in)		
B: Cab Height	2600 mm	(8 ft 6 in)		
C: Rear End Swing Radius	1750 mm	(5 ft 9 in)		
D: Minimum Ground Clearance	* 360 mm	(1 ft 2 in)		
E: Counterweight Clearance	* 760 mm	(2 ft 6 in)		
F: Engine Cover Height	* 1680 mm (5 ft 6 in)			
G: Overall Width of Upperstructure	2260 mm	(7 ft 5 in)		
H: Undercarriage Length	2765 mm (9 ft 1 in)			
1: Undercarriage Width	2200 mm	(7 ft 2 in)		
J: Sprocket Center to Idle Center	2140 mm	(7 ft 0 in)		
K: Track Shoe Width	450 mm ((1 ft 5 in)		
L: Blade Width	_	2320 mm (7 ft 7 in)		
M: Blade Height	-	460 mm (1 ft 6 in)		
N: Blade Bottom Highest Position (above ground level)	-	* 360 mm (1 ft 2 in)		
O: Blade Bottom Lowest Position (below ground level)	-	* 300 mm (1 ft 0 in)		
P: Maximum Approach Angle	-	26.8 degree (tan θ = 0.51)		
Ground Pressure	32 kPa (0.33 kgf/cm ² , 4.6 psi)	35 kPa (0.36 kgf/cm ² , 5.1 psi)		
Offset Distance	0 to 1150 mm	(0 to 3 ft 9 in)		
Swing Speed	10.5 min	⁻¹ (rpm)		
Travel Speed	5.3/3.4 km/h ((3.3/2.1 mph)		
Gradeability	35 degre	ee (70%)		

NOTE: * The dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

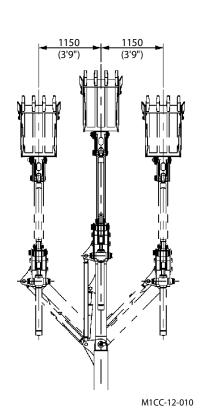
Specifications

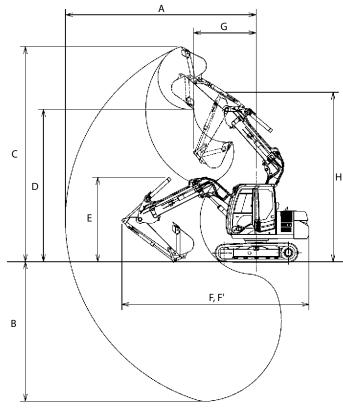
Mardal	ZX70LC-3			
Model	Without Blade	With Blade		
Type of Front-End Attachment	Offset Boom 1.62	m (5 ft 4 in) Arm		
Bucket Capacity (Heaped)	PCSA 0.28 m ³ (0.37	yd³), CECE 0.24 m³		
Operating Weight	7100 kg (15700 lb)	7680 kg (17000 lb)		
Base Machine Weight	5260 kg (11600 lb)	5840 kg (12900 lb)		
Engine	lsuzu AU-4LE2X 40.5 kW/20	000 min ⁻¹ (55 PS/2000 rpm)		
A : Overall Width (Excluding Rearview Mirrors)	2320 mm	(7 ft 7 in)		
B: Cab Height	2600 mm	(8 ft 6 in)		
C: Rear End Swing Radius	1750 mm	(5 ft 9 in)		
D: Minimum Ground Clearance	* 360 mm	(1 ft 2 in)		
E: Counterweight Clearance	* 760 mm (2 ft 6 in)			
F: Engine Cover Height	* 1680 mm (5 ft 6 in)			
G: Overall Width of Upperstructure	2260 mm	(7 ft 5 in)		
H: Undercarriage Length	2920 mm (9 ft 7 in)			
1: Undercarriage Width	2320 mm	(7 ft 7 in)		
J: Sprocket Center to Idle Center	2290 mm	(7 ft 6 in)		
K: Track Shoe Width	450 mm	(1 ft 5 in)		
L: Blade Width	_	2320 mm (7 ft 7 in)		
M: Blade Height	_	460 mm (1 ft 6 in)		
N: Blade Bottom Highest Position (above ground level)	-	* 360 mm (1 ft 2 in)		
O: Blade Bottom Lowest Position (below ground level)	-	* 300 mm (1 ft 0 in)		
P: Maximum Approach Angle	-	26.8 degree (tan θ = 0.51)		
Ground Pressure	30 kPa (0.31 kgf/cm ² , 4.4 psi)	33 kPa (0.34 kgf/cm ² , 4.8 psi)		
Offset Distance	0 to 1150 mm	(0 to 3 ft 9 in)		
Swing Speed	10.5 min	⁻¹ (rpm)		
Travel Speed	5.3/3.4 km/h (3.3/2.1 mph)			
Gradeability	35 degre	ee (70%)		

NOTE: * The dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

WORKING RANGES

ZX70-3, 70LC-3 (with Offset Arm Front)





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	Working Ranges					
Category	Off-Set Dist	ance (0 mm)	Max. Off-Set Distan	ice (1150 mm (3′9″))		
item	mm	ft∙in	mm	ft∙in		
A: Maximum Digging Reach	6320	20′9″	5875	19′3″		
B: Maximum Digging Depth	4160	13′8″	3710	12′2″		
C: Maximum Cutting Height	7130	23′5″	6775	22′3″		
D: Maximum Dumping Height	5050	16′7″	4700	15′5″		
E: Overall Height	2870	9′5″	2850	9′4″		
F: Overall Length	6210	20′5″	5790	19′0″		
F': Overall Length (with Blade)	6340	20′10″	5920	19′5″		
G: Minimum Swing Radius	2150	7′1″	L: 2160 R: 2310	7′1″ 7′7″		
H: Front-End Attachment Height at Min. Swing Radius	5620	18′5″	5270	17'4"		

NOTE: "E: Overall Height" includes the height of shoe lug; Other dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

SHOE TYPES AND APPLICATIONS

ZX70-3 (with Offset Arm Front) 0.28 m³ (0.37 yd³) Bucket Without Blade

Shoe Width		450 mm (18") Grouser Shoe	600 mm (24") Grouser Shoe	450 mm (18") Flat Shoe	450 mm (18") Pad Crawler Shoe	450 mm (18") Rubber Pad Shoe
Application		For Ordinary Ground (Standard)	For Weak Footing (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)
Operating Weight	kg (lb)	7020 (15500)	7190 (15900)	7180 (15800)	7070 (15600)	7340 (16200)
Base Machine Weight	kg (lb)	5180 (11400)	5350 (11800)	5340 (11800)	5230 (11500)	5500 (12100)
Cab Height m	m (ft∙in)	2600 (8'6")	2600 (8'6")	2610 (8'7")	2630 (8'8")	2630 (8'8")
Minimum Ground Clearance	mm (ft∙in)	* 360 (1′2″)	* 360 (1′2″)	390 (1′3″)	410 (1'4")	410 (1'4")
Undercarriage Length	mm (ft∙in)	2765 (9′1″)	2765 (9′1″)	2780 (9′1″)	2820 (9′3″)	2825 (9'3")
Undercarriage Width	mm (ft∙in)	2200 (7′3″)	2350 (7′9″)	2200 (7′3″)	2200 (7′3″)	2200 (7′3″)
Ground Pressure		32 kPa (0.33 kgf/cm², 4.6 psi)	25 kPa (0.25 kgf/ cm², 3.6 psi)	33 kPa (0.34 kgf/ cm², 4.8 psi)	32 kPa (0.33 kgf/ cm², 4.6 psi)	33 kPa (0.34 kgf/ cm², 4.8 psi)

NOTE: • 600 mm (24 in) grouser shoe, 450 mm (18 in) flat shoe, 450 mm (18 in) pad crawler shoe and 450 mm (18 in) rubber pad shoe should not be used on gravel or rocky ground.

0.28 m³ (0.37 yd³) Bucket With Blade

Shoe Width		450 mm (18") Grouser Shoe	600 mm (24") Grouser Shoe	450 mm (18") Flat Shoe	450 mm (18") Pad Crawler Shoe	450 mm (18") Rubber Pad Shoe
Application		For Ordinary Ground (Standard)	For Weak Footing (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)
Operating Weight	kg (lb)	7590 (167000)	7780 (17200)	7760 (17100)	7640 (16800)	7910 (17400)
Base Machine Weight	kg (lb)	5750 (12700)	5940 (13100)	5920 (13100)	5800 (12800)	6070 (13400)
Cab Height m	m (ft∙in)	2600 (8'6")	2600 (8'6")	2610 (8'7")	2630 (8'8")	2630 (8'8")
Minimum Ground Clearance	mm (ft∙in)	* 360 (1′2″)	* 360 (1′2″)	390 (1′3″)	410 (1'4")	410 (1'4")
Undercarriage Length	mm (ft∙in)	2765 (9′1″)	2765 (9′1″)	2780 (9'1")	2820 (9'3")	2825 (9'3")
Undercarriage Width	mm (ft∙in)	2200 (7′3″)	2350 (7′9″)	2200 (7'3")	2200 (7′3″)	2200 (7′3″)
Ground Pressure		35 kPa (0.36 kgf/cm², 5.1 psi)	27 kPa (0.28 kgf/cm ² , 3.9 psi)	36 kPa (0.37 kgf/cm², 5.2 psi)	35 kPa (0.36 kgf/cm², 5.1 psi)	36 kPa (0.37 kgf/cm², 5.2 psi)

NOTE: • 600 mm (24 in) grouser shoe, 450 mm (18 in) flat shoe, 450 mm (18 in) pad crawler shoe and 450 mm (18 in) rubber pad shoe should not be used on gravel or rocky ground.

^{• *} The dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

^{• *} The dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

SHOE TYPES AND APPLICATIONS

ZX70LC-3 (with Offset Arm Front) 0.28 m³ (0.37 yd³) Bucket Without Blade

Shoe Width		450 mm (18") Grouser Shoe	600 mm (24") Grouser Shoe	450 mm (18") Flat Shoe	450 mm (18") Pad Crawler Shoe	450 mm (18") Rubber Pad Shoe
Application		For Ordinary Ground (Standard)	For Weak Footing (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)
Operating Weight	kg (lb)	7100 (15700)	7280 (16100)	7270 (16000)	7150 (15800)	7440 (16500)
Base Machine Weight	kg (lb)	5260 (11600)	5440 (12000)	5430 (12000)	5310 (11700)	5600 (12400)
Cab Height m	m (ft∙in)	2600 (8'6")	2600 (8'6")	2610 (8'7")	2630 (8'8")	2630 (8'8")
Minimum Ground Clearance	mm (ft∙in)	* 360 (1′2″)	* 360 (1′2″)	390 (1′3″)	410 (1'4")	410 (1'4")
Undercarriage Length	mm (ft∙in)	2920 (9′7″)	2920 (9'7")	2935 (9'8")	2975 (9'9")	2980 (9'9")
Undercarriage Width	mm (ft∙in)	2320 (7′7″)	2470 (8′1″)	2320 (7′7″)	2320 (7′7″)	2320 (7′7″)
Ground Pressure		30 kPa (0.31 kgf/cm², 4.4 psi)	24 kPa (0.24 kgf/ cm², 3.5 psi)	31 kPa (0.32 kgf/ cm², 4.5 psi)	31 kPa (0.32 kgf/ cm², 4.5 psi)	31 kPa (0.32 kgf/ cm², 4.5 psi)

NOTE: • 600 mm (24 in) grouser shoe, 450 mm (18 in) flat shoe, 450 mm (18 in) pad crawler shoe and 450 mm (18 in) rubber pad shoe should not be used on gravel or rocky ground.

0.28 m³ (0.37 yd³) Bucket With Blade

Shoe Width		450 mm (18") Grouser Shoe	600 mm (24") Grouser Shoe	450 mm (18") Flat Shoe	450 mm (18") Pad Crawler Shoe	450 mm (18") Rubber Pad Shoe
Application		For Ordinary Ground (Standard)	For Weak Footing (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)
Operating Weight	kg (lb)	7680 (17000)	7870 (17400)	7860 (17400)	7740 (17100)	8020 (17700)
Base Machine Weight	kg (lb)	5840 (12900)	6030 (13300)	6020 (13300)	5900 (13100)	6180 (13700)
Cab Height m	m (ft·in)	2600 (8'6")	2600 (8'6")	2610 (8'7")	2630 (8'8")	2630 (8'8")
Minimum Ground Clearance	mm (ft∙in)	* 360 (1′2″)	* 360 (1′2″)	390 (1′3″)	410 (1'4")	410 (1'4")
Undercarriage Length	mm (ft∙in)	2920 (9′7″)	2920 (9′7″)	2935 (9'8")	2975 (9′9″)	2980 (9'9")
Undercarriage Width	mm (ft∙in)	2320 (7′7″)	2470 (8′1″)	2320 (7′7″)	2320 (7′7″)	2320 (7′7″)
Ground Pressure		33 kPa (0.34 kgf/cm², 4.8 psi)	25 kPa (0.25 kgf/cm², 3.6 psi)	34 kPa (0.35 kgf/cm², 4.9 psi)	33 kPa (0.34 kgf/cm², 4.8 psi)	34 kPa (0.35 kgf/cm², 4.9 psi)

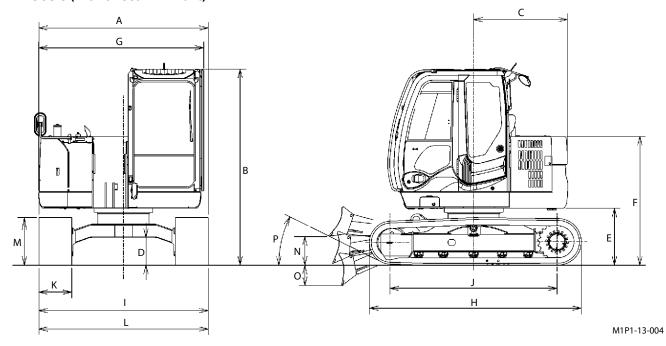
NOTE: • 600 mm (24 in) grouser shoe, 450 mm (18 in) flat shoe, 450 mm (18 in) pad crawler shoe and 450 mm (18 in) rubber pad shoe should not be used on gravel or rocky ground.

^{• *} The dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

^{• *} The dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

SPECIFICATIONS

ZX75US-3 (with Offset Arm Front)

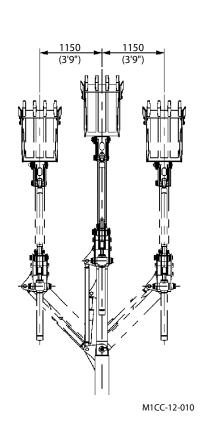


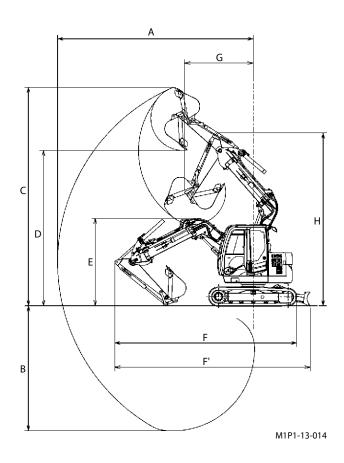
	ZX75	5US-3	
Model	Without Blade	With Blade	
Front-End Attachment	Offset Boom 1.62 m (5 ft 4 in) Arm		
Bucket Capacity (Heaped)	PCSA 0.28 m ³ , CECE 0.24 m ³		
Operating Weight	7700 kg (17000 lb)	8300 kg (18300 lb)	
Base Machine Weight	5800 kg (12800 lb)	6400 kg (14100 lb)	
Engine	lsuzu AU-4LE2XYSA-01 40.5 kV	V/2000 min ⁻¹ (55 PS/2000 rpm)	
A: Overall Width (Excluding Rearview Mirrors)	2320 mm	n (7 ft 7 in)	
B : Cab Height	2690 mm	(8 ft 10 in)	
C: Rear End Swing Radius		(4 ft 3 in)	
D:Minimum Ground Clearance	*360 mm	(1 ft 2 in)	
E : Counterweight Clearance		(2 ft 6 in)	
F: Engine Cover Height		n (5 ft 9 in)	
G:Overall Width of Upperstructure		(7 ft 5 in)	
H:Undercarriage Length	2920 mm	ı (9 ft 7 in)	
I: Undercarriage Width		(7 ft 7 in)	
J: Sprocket Center to Idle Center	2290 mm	(7 ft 6 in)	
K : Track Shoe Width	450 mm	(1 ft 6 in)	
L: Blade Width	_	2320 mm (7 ft 7 in)	
M: Blade Height	_	460 mm (1 ft 6 in)	
N: Blade Bottom Highest Position	_	* 360 mm (1 ft 2 in)	
(above ground level)	_	300 111111 (1 11 2 111)	
O: Blade Bottom Lowest Position	_	* 300 mm (1 ft 0 in)	
(below ground level)	_	300 11111 (1 10 111)	
P: Maximum Approach Angle	1	26.8 degree	
Ground Pressure	33 kPa (0.33 kgf/cm², 4.8 psi)	36 kPa (0.37 kgf/cm ² , 5.2 psi)	
Offset Distance	0 to 1150 mm (0 to 3 ft 9 in)		
Swing Speed		n ⁻¹ (rpm)	
Travel Speed (fast/slow)	5.0/3.1 km/h	(3.1/1.9 mph)	
Gradeability	35 degre	ee (70 %)	

NOTE: * The dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

WORKING RANGES

ZX75US-3 (with Offset Arm Front)





	Working Ranges					
Category	Off-set Dist	ance (0 mm)	Max. Off-set Distan	Max. Off-set Distance (1150 mm (3'9"))		
item	mm	ft∙in	mm	ft∙in		
A: Maximum Digging Reach	6430	21′1″	5980	19′7″		
B: Maximum Digging Depth	4110	13'6"	3650	12′0″		
C: Maximum Cutting Height	7190	23′7″	6830	22′5″		
D: Maximum Dumping Height	5110	16′9″	4750	15′7″		
E: Overall Height	2870	9′5″	2820	9′3″		
F: Overall Length (Without Blade)	6040	19′10″	5620	18′5″		
F': Overall Length (With Blade)	6440	21′2″	6020	19′9″		
G: Minimum Swing Radius	2260	7′5″	L: 2230 R: 2430	L: 7'4" R: 8'0"		
H: Front-End Attachment Height at Min. Swing Radius.	5680	18'8"	5330	17′6″		

NOTE: "E: Overall Height" includes the height of shoe lug; Other dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

SHOE TYPES AND APPLICATIONS

ZX75US-3 (with Offset Arm Front) 0.28 m³ (0.37 yd³) Bucket Without Blade

Shoe Width		450 mm (18") Grouser Shoe	600 mm (24") Grouser Shoe	450 mm (18") Flat Shoe	450 mm (18") Pad Crawler Shoe	450 mm (18") Rubber Pad Shoe
Application		For Ordinary Ground (Standard)	For Weak Footing (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)
Operating Weight	kg (lb)	7700 (17000)	7900 (17400)	7900 (17400)	7700 (17000)	8000 (17600)
Base Machine Weight	kg (lb)	5800 (12800)	6000 (13200)	6000 (13200)	5900 (13000)	6200 (13700)
Cab Height m	m (ft∙in)	2690 (8'10")	2690 (8'10")	2700 (8'10")	2720 (8'11")	2720 (8'11")
Minimum Ground Clearance	mm (ft∙in)	* 360 (1'2")	* 360 (1'2")	390 (1'3")	410 (1'4")	410 (1'4")
Undercarriage Length	mm (ft∙in)	2920 (9'7")	2920 (9'7")	2940 (9'7")	2970 (9'9")	2980 (9'9")
Undercarriage Width	mm (ft∙in)	2320 (7'7")	2470 (8'1")	2320 (7'7")	2320 (7'7")	2320 (7'7")
Ground Pressure		33 kPa (0.34 kgf/cm², 4.8 psi)	25 kPa (0.25 kgf/cm², 3.6 psi)	34 kPa (0.35 kgf/cm², 4.9 psi)	33 kPa (0.34 kgf/cm², 4.8 psi)	34 kPa (0.35 kgf/cm², 4.9 psi)

NOTE: • 600 mm (24 in) grouser shoe, 450 mm (18 in) flat shoe, 450 mm (18 in) pad crawler shoe and 450 mm (18 in) rubber pad shoe should not be used on gravel or rocky ground.

0.28 m³ (0.37 yd³) Bucket With Blade

Shoe Width		450 mm (18") Grouser Shoe	600 mm (24") Grouser Shoe	450 mm (18") Flat Shoe	450 mm (18") Pad Crawler Shoe	450 mm (18") Rubber Pad Shoe
Application		For Ordinary Ground (Standard)	For Weak Footing (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)	For Paved Road (Option)
Operating Weight	kg (lb)	8300 (18300)	8400 (18500)	8400 (18500)	8300 (18300)	8600 (19000)
Base Machine Weight	kg (lb)	6400 (14100)	6600 (14600)	6600 (14600)	6500 (14300)	6700 (14800)
Cab Height m	nm (ft∙in)	2690 (8'10")	2690 (8'10")	2700 (8'10")	2720 (8'11")	2720 (8'11")
Minimum Ground Clearance	mm (ft·in)	* 360 (1'2")	* 360 (1'2")	390 (1'3")	410 (1'4")	410 (1'4")
Undercarriage Length	mm (ft·in)	2920 (9'7")	2920 (9'7")	2940 (9'7")	2970 (9'9")	2980 (9'9")
Undercarriage Width	mm (ft·in)	2320 (7'7")	2470 (8'1")	2320 (7'7")	2320 (7'7")	2320 (7'7")
Ground Pressure		36 kPa (0.37 kgf/cm², 5.2 psi)	27 kPa (0.28 kgf/cm², 3.9 psi)	36 kPa (0.37 kgf/cm², 5.2 psi)	35 kPa (0.36 kgf/cm², 5.1 psi)	37 kPa (0.38 kgf/cm², 5.4 psi)

NOTE: • 600 mm (24 in) grouser shoe, 450 mm (18 in) flat shoe, 450 mm (18 in) pad crawler shoe and 450 mm (18 in) rubber pad shoe should not be used on gravel or rocky ground.

^{• *} The dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

^{• *} The dimensions do not include the height of the shoe lug.

REGISTRATION/REGISTRATION CANCELLATION OF ORDINARY OPERATION KEY

Be sure to read the following description beforehand.

Registration: Makes the machine controller acknowledge the new ordinary operation keys (black) are correctly

set to the corresponding registration key.

Registration Cancellation:

Makes the registration of the ordinary operation key unavailable in case an ordinary operation key is lost, preventing the lost key from being misused. The remaining ordinary operation keys are re-registered so that the lost key registration becomes null.

Preparation for Registration

Check that the engine can be started using the registration key (gray). If not, the key used to start the engine might be the one for another machine. Check whether it is correct one

NOTE: Registration cannot be performed if the registration key arranged for the machine is not used.

Check that the engine can be started with the ordinary operation key having been used. In case the engine does not start, the key used to start the engine might be the one for another machine. Check whether it is correct one.

NOTE: Do not attempt to re-register the ordinary operation key having been registered for another machine.

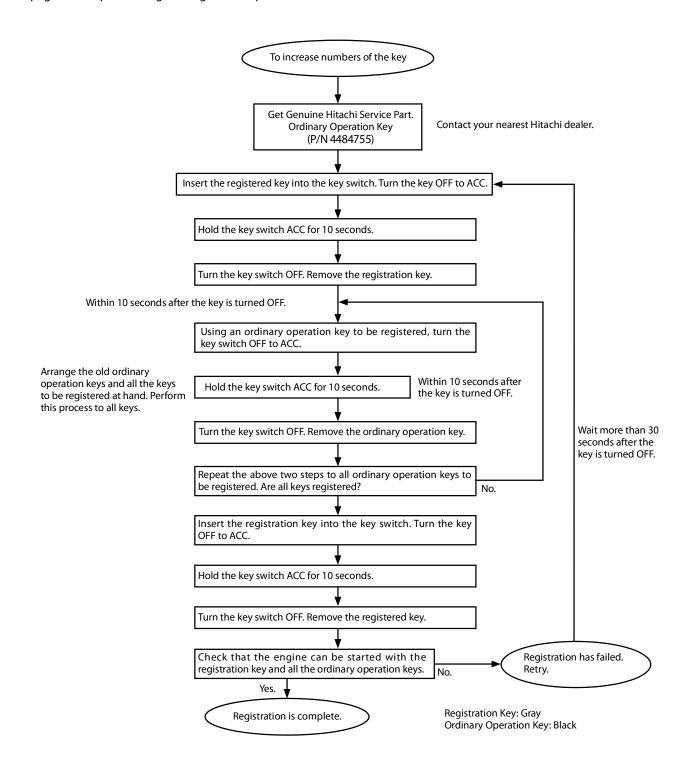
∅ NOTE:

- The engine cannot be started with an ordinary operation key newly obtained as a service part unless it is registered.
- If the engine is attempted to start more than 5 times per 3 minutes with an incorrect key, the security system is activated, causing the horn to sound.
- Turn either the registration key (gray) or the ordinary operation key (black) ON to stop the horn.

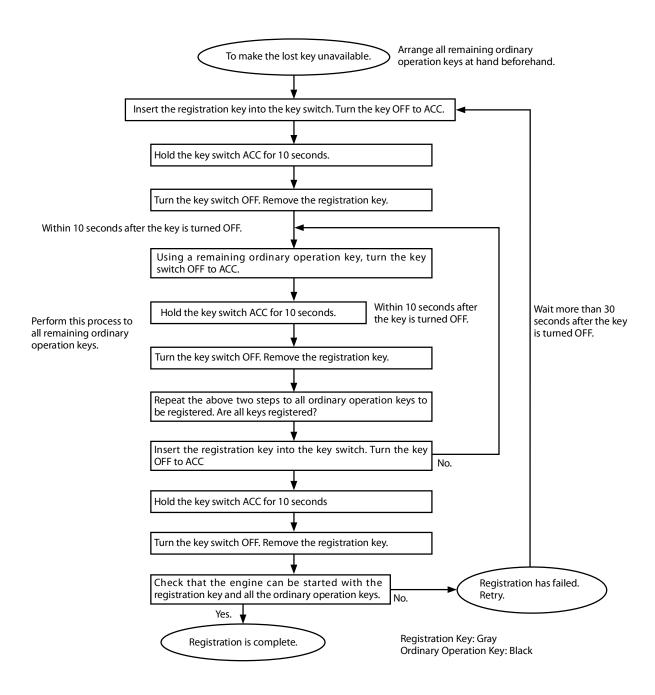
ADDITIONAL REGISTRATION PROCEDURE

[To increase the numbers of the ordinary operation keys (black):]

In case an ordinary operation key was lost, make the lost key unavailable by following the procedure described on next page before performing this registration procedure.



REGISTRATION DEACTIVATION PROCEDURE (To make the lost key unavailable)



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	•••••
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	•••••
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A	Change Hydraulic Oil7-3
Additional Fuse Box (Optional)7-64	Check and Adjust Fan Belt Tension7-55
Additional Registration Procedure13-24	Check and Replace EGR Device7-80
Adjust the Bucket Linkage7-69	Check and Replace Seat Belt Check7-70
Adjust the Operator's SeatS-5	Check Bucket Teeth7-6
Adjusting Console Height1-79	Check Coolant Level7-54
Adjusting the Seat1-76	Check Fuel Hoses7-50
Adjusting the Seat (Optional)1-77	Check Fuel Injection Timing
After the First 100 Hours	Check Hoses and Lines
	Check Hydraulic Oil Level
After the First 50 Hours	Check Injection Nozzle7-80
Air Cleaner7-51	
Alarm List1-19	Check Instruments After Starting
Alarm Occurrence Screen1-18	Check Starter and Alternator
AM/FM Radio Operation1-64	Check the Air Conditioner7-78
Attachment5-23	Check the Hour Meter Regularly
Attachment Connection Parts5-26	Check Tightening Torque of Bolts and Nuts7-8
Attachment Pedal (Hydraulic Breaker) 5-2	Check Track Sag7-72
Attachment Pedal (Hydraulic Crusher)5-3	Check Water Separator7-40
Auto Air Conditioner1-53	Check Windshield Washer Fluid Level7-7
Auto-idle5-8	Cigar Lighter1-48
Auto-idle Switch1-40	Clean Air Conditioner Condenser7-52
Avoid Abusive Operation5-11	Clean and Replace Air Conditioner Filter
Avoid Applying Heat to Lines Containing	Clean Filter
Flammable FluidsS-29	Replace Filter7-7-4
Avoid Heating Near Pressurized Fluid Lines	Clean Cab Floor7-79
Avoid High-pressure FluidsS-25	Clean Fuel Solenoid Pump Strainer7-49
Avoid Hitting Blade With Bucket5-13	Clean Oil Cooler, Radiator and Inter
Avoid Hitting Blade With Front-end Attachment5-13	Cooler Front Screen7-5
Avoid Injury From Back-over and Swing Accidents	Clean Radiator Interior7-50
Avoid Injury From Rollaway Accidents	Clean Radiator, Oil Cooler and Inter Cooler Core
	Clean the Air Cleaner Outer Element
Avoid Power Lines	Clock (13)1-i
Avoid Striking The Blade Into A Rock5-13	
Avoid TippingS-16	Clock Setting1-20 Closing Upper Front Window1-70
Avoid UndercuttingS-15	•
_	Components Name
В	Confirm Direction of Machine to Be DrivenS-10
Back Monitor Screen Selector (14) (Optional)1-10	Control Levers
Back Monitor Setting (Optional)1-32	Control Lever (ISO Pattern)5-
Basic Screen1-6	Convert Bucket Connection Into Face Shovel
Batteries	Coolant Temperature Gauge (21) 1-6
Before Starting Engine 3-2	Cooling Operation1-5
Beware of Asbestos DustS-30	Cooling System7-55
Beware of Exhaust FumesS-28	Correct Maintenance and Inspection Procedures 7-
Blade Lever 5-4	
Breaker Maintenance 5-20, 7-28	D
	Defroster Operation 1-58, 1-6
С	Dig with CautionS-1
Cab Door Release Lever1-67	Displaying Basic Screen 1-:
	Dispose of Waste ProperlyS-3
Cab Heater (Optional)	Drain Fuel Tank Sump7-4!
Cab Heater (Optional)	Drain Hydraulic Oil Tank Sump
Cab Heater Operation1-56, 1-62	Drive Machine SafelyS-1
Cab Light	Drive the Machine Carefully4-
Change Bucket	Drive the Machine Carefully4-
Change Coolant	
Change Engine Oil7-22	

E	Keep Riders Off Machine	S-7
Electrical System7-58, 11-6	Key Switch	1-47
Emergency Boom Lowering Procedure		
(Without Hose-rupture Safety Valve)5-29	L	
Emergency Exit1-74	Language Setting	1-35
Engine7-21, 11-2	Layout	
Engine Control Dial1-40	Loading/Unloading on a Trailer	6-1
Engine Oil Level7-21		
Engine Speed Control 5-7	M	
Engine Stop Knob1-51	Machine Lifting Procedure	6-5
Ensure Safety Before Rising From or	Mail (Optional)	1-27
Leaving Operator's SeatS-5	Maintenance	13-13
Equipment of Head Guard, Rops, FopsS-10	Maintenance Blade Joint Pins	7-20
Evacuating in Case of FireS-28	Maintenance Guide	7-11
Every 8 Hours or Daily2-1	Maintenance Guide Table	7-4
	Maintenance Setting	
F	Maintenance Under Special Environmental Condition	
Face Shovel Operation5-11	Measure Engine Compression Pressure	
Fasten Your Seat BeltS-6	Menu Key (15)	
Follow Safety InstructionsS-2	Menu Screen	1-13
Front Joint Pins7-16	Miscellaneous	7-65
Fuel Gauge (10) 1-8	Mode Selection	
Fuel System7-43	Monitor Operation	
Fuse Box1-52	Monitoring	
	Move and Operate Machine Safely	
G	Multi Function Monitor	1-5
Getting ON/OFF the Machine1-2		
General Precautions for CabS-4	N	
Grading Operation5-10	Never Position Bucket Over Anyone	
Greasing7-16	Never Undercut a High Bank	S-16
н	0	
Handle Chemical Products SafelyS-31	Object Handling	S-18
Handle Fluids Safely–avoid FiresS-19	Object Handling If Equipped	
Handle Starting Aids SafelyS-6	Observe Engine Operation Closely	2-1
Hood and Access Covers7-7	Offset Arm Front	13-10
Horn Switch 1-47	Opening Side Windows	1-72
Hour Meter (8) 1-8	Opening Upper Front Window	1-68
Hydraulic Breaker and Hydraulic Crusher5-14	Opening/Closing Overhead Window	1-73
Hydraulic System7-26, 11-10	Operate Only From Operator's Seat	S-7
	Operate with Caution	S-17
I	Operating Backhoe	5-10
Impossible to Start the Engine11-1	Operating in Water or Mud	4-8
Inspect and Adjust Valve Clearance7-80	Operating on Soft Ground	4-6
Inspect MachineS-4	Operating Tips	5-12
Inspect Machine Daily Before Starting 3-1	Optional Function Keys (16, 17, 18 and 19)	1-10
Inspection and Maintenance of Hydraulic Equipment 7-26	Overnight Storage Instructions	5-28
Installing Fire Extinguisher (Optional)1-49		
Investigate Job Site BeforehandS-9	P	
	Park Machine Safely	
J	Parking the Machine	
Jump StartingS-7	Parking the Machine on Slopes	4-9
- 	Password Revising (Optional)	
K	Periodic Replacement of Parts	
Keep Person Clear From Working AreaS-15	Pilot Control Shut-off Lever1-	50, 5-5

Pipings for Breaker and Crusher	5-15	Service Air Conditioning System Safely	S-30
Power Mode		Service Recommendations for Hydraulic Fittings	
Power Mode Switch		Shackle Hole Usage	
Practice Safe Maintenance		Shoe Types and Applications (with Blade)	5 20
Precaution for Arm Roll-in/bucket Roll-in	5 2 1	(ZX75US-3)	12-6
Combined Operation If Headguard-integrated		Shoe Types and Applications	12 0
Cab or Rainguard is Equipped	5-27	(ZX70-3, 70LC-3)	12-3
Precautions For Blade Operation		Shoe Types and Applications	12 3
Precautions for Breaker Operation		(ZX70-3, 70LC-3) (with Blade)	12_2
Precaution for Communication Teaminal Equipment .		Shoe Types and Applications	13 3
Precautions for Crusher Operation		(ZX70-3,70LC-3) (with Offset Arm Front)	13_18
Precautions for Lightning		Shoe Types and Applications	15 10
Precautions For Operating With The Offset Function		(ZX75US-3) (with Blade)	13_6
Precautions for Operating with the onset runction		Shoe Types and Applications	13-0
Precautions for Welding and Grinding		(ZX75US-3) (with Offset Arm Front)	12 22
Prepare for Emergencies		Shoe Types and Applications	13 22
Prepare Machine for Maintenance		(ZX80LCK-3)	12.0
Prevent Battery Explosions		Shoe Types and Applications	12)
Prevent Burns		(ZX80LCK-3) (with Blade)	12.0
Prevent Fires		Shoe Types and Applications	13-9
Prevent Parts From Flying		(ZX85USB-3)	12 12
Protect Against Flying Debris		Specifications	12-12
		(ZX70-3, 70LC-3)	12 1
Protect Against NoiseProvide Signals for Jobs Involving Multiple	3-3	Specifications	12-1
Numbers of Machines	S 10	(ZX70-3,70LC-3) (with Offset Arm Front)	10 14
Nullibers of Machines	3-10	Specifications	13-14
R		(ZX75US-3)	12 /
	16	Specifications	12-4
Raise One Track Using Boom and Arm		(ZX75US-3) (with Offset Arm Front)	13_20
Recognize Safety Information	5-1	Specifications	13-20
Registration Deactivation Procedure	12.25	(ZX80LCK-3)	12_7
(To Make The Lost Key Unavailable)	.13-25	Specifications	12-7
Registration/Registration	12.22	(ZX70-3, 70LC-3) (with Blade)	12 1
Cancellation Of Ordinary Operation Key		Specifications	13-1
Remove Paint Before Welding or Heating		(ZX75US-3) (with Blade)	13_/
Remove the Travel Levers		Specifications	13-4
Removing and Storing Lower Front Window		(ZX80LCK-3) (with Blade)	13_7
Removing the Machine from Storage		Specifications	13 /
Replace Batteries		(ZX85USB-3)	12-10
Replace Engine Oil Filter		Starting in Cold Weather	
Replace Fuel Filter Element		Starting the Engine in Ordinary Temperature	
Replace Hydraulic Oil Tank Filter		Stay Clear of Moving Parts	
Replace Pilot Oil Filter		Steering the Machine Using Levers	
Replace Rubber Hoses Periodically		Steering the Machine Using Pedals	
Replace Swing Drain Filter Element		Stopping the Engine	
Replace Air Breather Element		Store Attachments Safely	
Replace the Air Cleaner Outer and Inner Elements		Storing the Machine	
Replacing Fuses		Suction Filter Cleaning	
Retighten Cylinder Head Bolt		Support Machine Properly	
Return to basic Screen Key (20)	1-10	Swing Bearing	
c		Swing Internal Gear	
S. Carlo Circus	C 22	Switch Panel	
Safety Signs		Switch Panel (Optional)	
Seat Belt		Switch i and (Optional)	1 -4 3
Secondary Relief Pressure Adjustment			
NOIGHT LATRACT LYSCL NAGG	L 10		

Т
Tips for Optimal Air Conditioner Usage1-58
Towing Machine a Short Distance4-7
Transmission
Transport SafelyS-20
Transporting by Road 6-1
Travel Alarm (Optional) 4-5
Travel Mode Switch1-41, 4-4
Travel Reduction Gear7-24
U
Understand Signal WordsS-1
Use Correct Fuels and Lubricants
Use Electrical Outlet7-10
Use Handholds and StepsS-5
Using Booster Batteries 3-7
w
Warming-up Operation5-6
Warn Others of Service WorkS-22
Wear Protective ClothingS-3
When Installing an Attachment Longer
Than Standard Bucket5-27
Wiper/Washer Switch1-43
Work Light Switch1-42
Working Ranges
(ZX70-3, 70LC-3)12-2
Working Ranges
(ZX70-3,70LC-3) (with Offset Arm Front)13-17
Working Ranges
(ZX75US-3) (with Offset Arm Front)13-21
Working Ranges
(ZX80LCK-3)12-8
Working Ranges
(ZX70-3, 70LC-3) (with Blade)13-2
Working Ranges
(ZX75US-3) (with Blade)13-5
Working Ranges
(ZX75US-3)12-5
Working Ranges
(ZX80LCK-3) (with Blade)13-8
Working Ranges
(ZX85USB-3)12-11

